TINE
MFG CO. 245-249 N. WATER

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her if you will COME here

Child's Suits

We [illegible] the special attention [illegible] to our children's [illegible] we are showing [illegible] the new styles [illegible] to

$2.50

[illegible] reasonable, and [illegible] from

$3

[illegible] nobby [illegible] and wish them [illegible] little expense [illegible] buy until [illegible] have to show

Men's Underwear

Men [illegible] medium weight, [illegible] good [illegible] worth 12 cents, sale price, [illegible] from the nails there [illegible] the pedlers' price, 50c [illegible] wool underwear, both in [illegible] and union suits, also [illegible] that you may want from 85 [illegible] $1

an Bros Co.
IR, ILL.

epartments this week.
we are offering

Skirts.

[illegible] Skirt, [illegible] 20 rows [illegible] $4.98

[illegible] 15 rows of stitching [illegible] $3.00 skirt you [illegible] this week $1.98

[illegible] in blues, browns, [illegible] and light grays, worth $5 this week at $3.98

A Silk Dress Skirt, flounced, satin trimmed, one of the very latest things we have, an exceptional value at $7.50 but we are going to sell them Thanksgiving week at $2.48

SPECIAL. We have one or two hundreds of a kind of $5.00 and $10 skirts that we are going to close out and have marked them down for Thanksgiving to nearly cost.

Babies' Cloaks.

Baby's short cloaks, made of eider down, in dark and light colors, not nearly so cheap looking as the price would indicate which is made to reduce stock and make room for other goods at 50c

$1.25 cloaks for 98c

$2.00 eiderdown cloak for $1.48

A trimmed cloak, trimmed in braids, well lined, some splendid bargains in the lot, at $2.98, $4.48, and $4.48

Lace Curtains.

While it may be a little out of season for lace curtains we want to interest you in some bargains that we have and we can afford to low out of season and order to make a big saving.

$1.00 Nottingham Lace Curtain 3 yards long, per pair 69c

$1.50 Nottingham Lace Curtain, 3½ yds. long, pair 98c

$2.00 Nottingham Lace Curtain, 72 inches wide, pair $1.39

$3 Nottingham Lace Curtain, 72 inches wide, Cable $1.98

$4.00 Nottingham Curtain, cable or fish net $2.98

$7.00 Curtain, fish and cable net, something fine $4.48

an Bros Co. The Place to Save Money

SEMI-WEEKLY. $1.00 PER YEAR.

THE DECATUR HERALD.

SEMI-WEEKLY. $1.00 PER YEAR.

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. DECATUR, ILL. FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1901. NO 59.

A CLEAN RECORD

University of Michigan Has Defeated All Comers on the Football Field.

BADGERS DEFEAT CHICAGO

The Minnesota Giants Shut Out the Men of Illinois—Other Games.

Chicago, Nov. 28.—Michigan scored at will against Iowa today, making 50 points to Iowa's 0. Thus Michigan closes the regular football season with a total record of 501 points, while no one of the teams she has met has been able to score a single point against her. Iowa had the kick-off and for a few minutes gave the Michigan supporters the only score they had during the game. Sweely caught the punt and kicked back to Iowa's 45 yard line. Iowa moved 10 yards through the mud by reason on tackle. Michigan held and Iowa punted. Michigan lost the ball on a fumble and Howell carried it 15 yards. Line plunges netted 10 yards more and then Howell tried a goal from the field, but missed, the wind carrying the ball to the right of the goal post. Shortly after Michigan's goal was never in danger. Michigan had the ball nearly all the time in Iowa's territory. Center rushes were the best ground winners, with hurdles over tackle a good second. Shorts did most of the hurdling over Iowa's right wing. Heston made several runs around the left end generally. Score for first half: Michigan, 22; Iowa, 0.

The second half began with another series of irresistible line bucks, which carried the fifth touchdown for Michigan. Shorts missed a goal. Iowa kicked off. Heston was given the ball on a fake kick and ran 50 yards to Iowa's 40 yard line. Iowa held, but had to punt and Weeks made a brilliant return of 30 yards. Heston went 45 yards for a touchdown. Iowa kicked off and Sweely immediately punted to Iowa's 40 yard line, where Michigan got the ball on a fumble. White made 5 yards through a tackle and Heston, Shorts and Snow made the remaining distance with ease through tackles. Shorts kicked goal. Heston was given the ball on a fake kick and ran 35 yards to Iowa's 40 yard line. Shorts made the rest of the territory in four passes on tackle. Shorts missed goal. The game was called before the ball was again in play. Michigan, 50; Iowa, 0.

GOPHER GIANTS

Were Too Heavy For the Football Men of Illinois.

Champaign, Ill., Nov. 28.—In the fiercest game ever seen on Illinois field, Minnesota this afternoon defeated Illinois 16 to 0. The great weight of the Minnesota team had as much to do with the victory as any one thing. Time and again they would gain from 3 to 5 yards after being tackled. Most of Minnesota's ground was gained just outside the tackles, while Illinois did the best work through center. Minnesota was aided to her first touchdown by offside plays, and the entire game was replete with penalties for both teams, although Illinois was the greatest sufferer in this regard. The first touchdown was made by Minnesota on a fumble and a spectacular run by Aune, who ran 55 yards, being tackled by Cook on the Illinois 3 yard line, and the ball was forced over on the first play. The second half was more fiercely fought than the first. Illinois many times forced Minnesota to downs or forced them to punt. Several times Illinois was within striking distance, once on the 7 yard line and again on the 15 yard line, but were held for three downs and Cook failed to drop kick a goal. Game called with the ball in possession of Illinois on Minnesota's 45 yard line.

EASY FOR WISCONSIN

Shut Out the Team From the University of Chicago.

Chicago, Nov. 28.—Wisconsin, 35; Chicago, 0, and Wisconsin's goal only twice in the slightest danger. Straight football won the day and the team work on the part of the victors was clever. Through in nearly every case the scores were made by star plays. Chicago throughout the game put up a manful though unskillful offense. Six thousand persons saw the game. By a series of straight kicks and mass plays, Wisconsin worked the ball down to Chicago's 20 yard line and then sent Cochems through Chicago's end for a touchdown. Juneau kicked goal. After the next kick-off Chicago tried to hold Wisconsin for downs but failed. At Wisconsin's 55 yard line Elsworth tried for a goal but missed and the play worked up to Chicago's one yard line, where Chicago failed to hold Wisconsin for downs. Sters went through the center for a touchdown and Juneau again kicked goal. The first half ended after a series of sharp plays with the score 12 to 0, in Wisconsin's favor.

In the second half Juneau kicked goal from Chicago's 35 yard line. Wisconsin had little trouble in succeeding with most of her plays. Juneau was Wisconsin's star player, his support being the best seen on this field. The last score in the game was a brilliant run of 90 yards by Cochems, who caught Chicago's punt on the Wisconsin 15 yard line and with no apparent effort landed the ball behind Chicago's goal. Once more Juneau added his goal and the score stood Wisconsin, 35; Chicago, 0. Toward the end of the second half Chicago plucked up again and without avail Ellsworth tried for a place kick from Wisconsin's 35 yard.

REMARKABLE CAREER ENDS

Death Claims Mrs. Herman Schroeder at Bloomington.

Bloomington, Ill., Nov. 28.—The wife of Dr. Sherman Schroeder died here yesterday following a lingering illness.

Mrs. Schroeder's demise removes a remarkable character and a princess of the German royal blood. She was born in Althaldensleber, Prussia, 75 years ago, and was the daughter of the late Baronet Prince von Buchau, one of the foremost noblemen of Germany, and who was the adjutant of the famous General Blucher of Waterloo fame, and the last commander of Cassel. Mrs. Schroeder was banished from the home of her parents for marrying a poor man, yet of aristocratic parentage.

Dr. Schroeder was a student of natural philosophy and an architect and drew the plans for many government buildings in Germany. He became prominent through his advocacy of republican principles, and his fearless course so angered the authorities that he was sentenced to be shot. He escaped and with his young wife came to America, settling in Bloomington in 1852. This city has since been their home. Dr. Schroeder speedily accumulated wealth here and laid out the towns of Gilman and El Paso, Ill., and built many fine business blocks in this city. He also constructed the first opera house. For thirty years Schroeder's opera house was familiar to the theatrical people of the country.

Mrs. Schroeder was wealthy in her own right, while her husband is worth a half a million. It has been declared that if Mrs. Schroeder had not been true to the man she loved but instead obeyed the wishes of her parents that she might have occupied a very exalted place among the royalty of Germany. Her decision to leave the glories of the court for the practically unknown wilds of America won her wide commendation and for half a century she was honored by all. Besides her husband, two children are left to mourn her death.

REVOLUTION ENDS

Report That Colon Is To Be Surrendered to Colombian Government.

SECRET CONFERENCE HELD

Colon, Nov. 28.—The conference today between the liberals and conservative representatives and the officers commanding the foreign warships here, was not held on shore, but on board the United States gunboat, Marietta, in the harbor. The commanding officers of the Marietta, British cruiser Tribune, French cruiser Suchet and Lieutenant Commander McCrea of the Machias and Captain Perry of the Iowa were present as were Generals Alban and Jefferies, representing the government of Colombia and Senor De La Rosa, secretary to General Domingo Diaz, who represented the liberal party of Colombia. No information of the result of the conference and none of the details of the understanding arrived at have leaked out. It can be said upon the best authority however, that the liberals will surrender Colon tomorrow to the government authorities. The United States marines guard Colon tonight. Many unreliable statements concerning the terms of the surrender are current on shore, but the only men informed in this regard refuse to answer questions. Colon is quiet, but much anxiety prevails.

A Comet Is Seen.

Chicago, Nov. 28.—A comet was visible here in the southern sky at 7 o'clock this evening. Its position as viewed from the United States weather bureau, was about ten degrees southeast from the zenith. It was difficult to judge its length, for the reason it was pointed directly upward and apparently going from the earth, but Professor Cox, in charge of the bureau, said in his judgment it was about two degrees long. The comet was seen by many people on the streets as well as by the officials at the weather bureau.

Body Found.

Pine Bluff, Ark., Nov. 28.—The dead body of J. A. Johnson, formerly a prominent citizen of Elgin, Ill., was found in the Arkansas river here today. He disappeared two weeks ago. It is thought he committed suicide. His mother resides at Elgin and his sister at Milwaukee.

THE POSTAL WORK

Of the Nation Reviewed By Postmaster General in Annual Report.

EFFORT TO CORRECT ABUSES

In the Matter of the Second Class Privileges—Financial End of Service.

Washington, Nov. 28.—Postmaster General Chas. Emory Smith today submitted his annual report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901. At the outset he presents the following statement, showing in brief the financial operations of the department for the year:

Ordinary postal revenues, $109,531,778.07.

Receipts from money order business, $1,668,659.29.

Receipts from unpaid money orders, more than one year old, $430,755.43.

Total receipts from all sources, $111,631,193.39.

Total expenditures for the year, $115,554,920.87.

Excess of expenditures over receipts, $3,923,727.48.

"Under the present prosperous condition," says the postmaster general, "the annual increase of receipts is fortunately larger than the inevitable increase of outlay, and for several years the deficit has been steadily growing smaller."

SECOND-CLASS MATTER.

The postmaster general devotes considerable space to the abuse of the second-class mail privilege, which he has recently undertaken to correct. He quotes from his annual report, urging the need of rectification of the wrongs which have grown up in the perversion of the second-class privilege, and adds:

"Time and experience only emphasize this statement. It is the most urgent need, because it aims at the one great overshadowing evil of the service, and because it underlies and overtops all other reform and advance. It would relieve the department from the one oppressive burden which cripples and weighs it down, and which stands against improvement and progress for the benefit of all the people in many directions. Deeply impressed with this conviction, the department has taken positive steps, in orders issued on July 17, 1901, to correct the abuses and accomplish substantial reform so far as it is possible by administrative action."

Careful estimates, the postmaster general declares, have demonstrated that the cost of handling and transporting second-class matter amounts to one-fourth of the expense for the entire service, or $28,838,780 per annum, taking the figures of last year. The revenue from second-class matter was $4,204,445, leaving an actual net loss to the government of $24,594,285. Continuing, he says:

"Under the practice hitherto prevailing there has been a great inducement to these private publishing enterprises. The two cardinal factors have been cheap paper and nominal postage. The production of legitimate newspapers and periodicals involves costly news service, large editorial staffs, expensive corps of contributors and all the elaborate machinery of a complete intellectual and business organization. But the manufacture of the kind of papers and periodicals which do not come within the terms of the law costs very little. The chief items are white paper and distribution.

"The extent of the complicity of the government in these purely private enterprises is not generally realized. The statement will probably be surprising that in the case of hundreds of such publications wherever the publisher spends $1000 in his venture the government spends not less than $2000 in carrying on that publisher's business, and wherever he puts in $100,000 in its running expenses the government puts in not less than $200,000.

"It is shown that about one-half of the second-class matter is of the character that the law never intended should possess its privileges. This gives the prodigious aggregate of 200,000,000 lbs. of mail a year which the government is carrying and delivering at 1 cent a pound and which ought either to pay the third-class rate, equal to 8 cents a pound, or not to be carried at all. Not counting the expense of handling, it costs the government $10,000,000 a year to transport this matter. It returns in postage $2,000,000, thus involving a direct loss on transportation alone of $8,000,000. If it be charged with its fair share of the total cost of the mail service on the very conservative calculation heretofore given, the loss to the government is not less than $12,000,000. That amount is three times the postal deficit of the last fiscal year. Had that loss not been sustained there would have been a surplus of $8,000,000."

Concluding this part of his report, the postmaster general says: "The redemption of the postal service from the incubus which works a great injustice to the people and to all law-abiding publishers, and which impairs the power of the department for efficiency and improvement in many directions, is felt to be the highest duty, and to that duty the department addresses itself, relying on the support of all who would have the law faithfully observed."

RURAL DELIVERY.

Referring to rural delivery, the report gives an extended review of the remarkable growth of the service, shown in the report of the first assistant postmaster general, already published, and adds that it may be accepted as a settled policy, and it may well be brought within the principles of the permanent service so far as they are applicable without obstructing its development or impairing its efficiency. The civil service rules may properly be extended to the special agents, the route inspectors and the clerical force, and their admission to the classified service will not only give the sense of security which their careful selection and intelligent efficiency merit, but will, in their high character, in nowise derogate from its established standard. So far as the general administrative force is concerned, there is no need for further discretion in appointment or in tenure. There will be 6000 rural routes in operation Dec. 1.

STAR SERVICE.

The number of star routes at the end of the year was 22,707 with a total length of 267,357 miles. The annual travel necessary to perform service on these routes amounted to 134,404,541 miles, for which contractors received $5,204,416.86. These figures show an increase in length of routes of 2500 miles; in annual travel, 313,680 miles, and in rate of expenditure, $71,038.46.

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION.

For the year ending June 30, 1901, the sum of $33,881,396 was paid for the transportation of the mails on the 2746 railroad routes in operation throughout the United States, showing an increase of $456,408.09 in the annual rate of expenditure.

THE RAILWAY MAIL SERVICE.

The service was extended during the year so that on June 30 there were 1306 lines of traveling postoffices, covering 182,154 miles and employing 6182 clerks whose annual travel in crews amounted to 210,221,576 miles. During the year the clerks of the railway mail service handled 14,181,224,920 pieces of ordinary mail and 21,284,833 packages, cases and sacks of registered mail, with an average of only one error to every 10,026 correctly distributed. Legislation is urged for the relief of the families of clerks killed in the service.

LEGISLATION NEEDED.

The following recommendation for legislation, some of which have hitherto been made, are submitted for the consideration of congress:

That the maximum fee for a money order be fixed at 25 instead of 30 cents.

That a fund be created out of the salaries of railway mail clerks to provide for the retirement of such clerks as have, after long periods of service, become incapacitated for active duty.

That publishers be required to make a preliminary separation of newspapers, under the direction of the department, as a condition under which they shall enjoy the exceedingly liberal rates provided for carrying second-class matter through the mail.

That section 3 of the act of June 13, 1898, chapter 446, providing that assistant postmasters, cashiers and other employes in postoffices of the first, second and third classes shall give bond direct to the United States, be repealed, and that a statute be enacted requiring such officers to give bond directly to the postmasters and holding postmasters responsible under their own bonds for any and all acts and defaults occurring at their respective offices.

That the interstate commerce law be amended to prohibit common carriers, to-wit: telegraph and express companies, or any of their employes, from aiding and abetting in the green-goods or lottery swindles, or any other scheme carried on partly by mail and partly by common carrier and which is in violation of the postal laws.

YOUNG PULLMAN DEAD.

Succumbs After a Brief Illness—Pneumonia Causes His Death.

San Francisco, Nov. 28.—George M. Pullman, son of the late millionaire car builder, died in San Mateo this morning, aged 26. He had been ill several weeks with pneumonia.

Steamship Arrivals.

New York, Nov. 28.—Majestic, from Liverpool.

London—Marquette, from New York.

Liverpool—Corinthian, from Montreal; Rhynland, from Philadelphia; Teutonic, from New York.

Rotterdam—Amsterdam, from New York.

Glasgow—Mongolian, from New York.

Teddy's Thanksgiving

Washington, Nov. 28.—President and Mrs. Roosevelt had quite a number of friends at their Thanksgiving dinner at the white house tonight. They included Senator and Mrs. Lodge, Commander and Mrs. Cowles and half a dozen others, the party spending the evening at the white house.

Guthrie, O. T., Nov. 28.—Herbert and Howard Gillman, aged 2 and 4 years, sons of Tilden Gillman, were burned to death in a stable at Shawnee this morning. The fire was started by the boys.

COUNT DISPUTED

Wabash Officials Say Press Accounts Exaggerate Death List at Seneca.

TICKET COLLECTOR'S REPORT

Not Yet Returned—Supt. Burns Admits Twenty May Be Dead.

Detroit, Nov. 28.—When night fell over the scene of yesterday evening's awful calamity on the Wabash railroad near Seneca, Mich., the investigation of the disaster had found nothing to alter the estimate that 80 lives were lost as the result of the collision. Superintendent Burns of the division on which the wreck occurred, insists that the estimates are too high and that not more than twenty are dead. In support of the larger estimate it is pointed out that there are now fourteen passengers known to be dead. The bodies of eight of these have been recovered and it is considered that the fragments of the other bodies now in the morgue at Adrian will account for many more than the twelve necessary to make up Burns' estimate. In addition to the comparatively few fragments recovered and sent to the morgue those persons early on the scene, say that many more pieces were discovered which crumbled to powder while being removed. Superintendent Burns said to the Associated Press tonight that he was unable to tell the exact number of Italian immigrants aboard train No. 13, but thought that there were not more than 50. The passengers on that train and a number of those early on the scene say that the number was nearer 80. Superintendent Burns has received no report as yet from Ticket Collector Eams of train No. 13, who probably knows nearer than any one else the number of Italians on the cars. Coroner Hamilton of Adrian this afternoon impanelled a jury and will begin an inquest tomorrow morning. The jurors are prominent in business affairs in Adrian. No steps have been taken as yet toward the arrest of Engineer Strong, whom Superintendent Burns says is responsible for the collision and holocaust.

Newspaper men who were at the scene say that the official list showing but ten dead and forty-eight wounded does not bear out the statements of the passengers nor the evidence of the horrible loss of life they witnessed at the spot. The Free Press tomorrow will say that the loss of life in round numbers will be one hundred and the statements made by the Italian immigrants on train No. 13 bear out this claim. These immigrants say there were about 125 of their nationality on the train and that only twenty-five escaped. While there are only ten of them known to be dead it is asserted that the other 90 were completely incinerated and that with the removal of the wreckage the bodies crumbled to dust which was scattered by the wind. If the names of these dead are ever known it will be when the friends make inquiry for them, and in many instances this seems to be highly improbable.

The dead:

WILLIAM D DOWD, Delray, fireman No. 13.

C. W. BALDORF, Ashley, fireman No. 13.

JAMES BROWN, porter, Chicago.

E. N. BUELL of Pontiac.

GEORGE N. YOUMANS, contractor, Kansas City, Mo.

JOB WITCHELL of Witchell Sons & Co., Detroit.

VIDA DECAS, Tupperville, Ont.

Sister-in-law of Domenco Posterno and her child.

GIROLONO TRINO.

CARLO TRINO.

DOMINO CREBARO.

The injured:

Robert Parks, engineer No. 13; left leg broken.

H. B. Whitney, fireman, Grand Rapids.

F. Richardson, Detroit; head crushed.

Mary Dalman, Detroit.

Sam J. Work, engineer No. 13; badly scalded and nose broken.

Mariana Ponetta, badly injured by shock of collision.

—— Nicholas, Tioga county, N. Y.; nose broken and head injured.

T. E. Joyce, Chicago; back wrenched.

Lloyd Kipton, cut over eye, foot hurt.

Antonio Forne, side smashed; may die.

Giocomo Bellino, internal injuries; may die.

Domenco Posteraro, bad head wound.

F. W. Pierce, Chester, Mont.; slightly injured.

Johanno Lobitz, scalp wounds.

Frank Bellder, Baltimore, Md.; rib broken.

Louis Shomaker, Adrian; hip.

Victor Cohen, Brooklyn; home, St. Paul; slightly.

Jesse Williams, Detroit; back and hip.

George F. White, New York; serious.

M. Thomas Crehan, Buffalo; leg injured.

D. Bassard, Logansport; stomach, hip and skull.

Polono Folanaro, Lyoria, San Francisco; chest crushed.

M. E. Gillen, Fairburn, N. H.; cut on head and body.

James P. Taylor, Bronson, Mich.; face and leg cut.

Sago Yacojorits, face and head cut.

Domenior Persiero, face and head cut.

Domenco Muryando, face and head cut.

Anton Gramcomus and wife, faces and heads cut.

Pasquale Sumpano, face and head cut.

G. Sumpano, face and head cut.

Luce Wirquito, face and head cut.

Carlo Champbelli, face and head cut.

A. L. Hart, brakeman, Detroit; face scratched.

Tilvato Tribusco, head and face cut.

G. W. Sweeney, Detroit; bruised about head and legs.

Engineer Strong, left leg sprained and left shoulder hurt.

There were many others to sustain cuts and bruises which amounted to little.

IN THE OLD WORLD

The American Born Residents Celebrate the Day—Doyle's Sensation.

London, Nov. 28.—Three hundred guests assembled this evening for the Thanksgiving dinner given under the auspices of the American Society in London, Paul Cambon, French ambassador to Great Britain, proposed the health of President Roosevelt. Henry White, United States charge, responded to the toast, "The Charge d'Affaires," proposed by Justice Walton. M. Cambon paid a feeling tribute to the late President McKinley. Conan Doyle, the novelist, produced perhaps the greatest effect by declaring that the pendulum of the British world had now shifted to somewhere between New York and Chicago.

THANKSGIVING AT BERLIN.

Berlin, Nov. 28.—The American residents of Berlin informally celebrated Thanksgiving day with a supper and dance at The Kaiserhof this evening. The cornerstone of the new American church here was laid today by the United States ambassador, Andrew D. White.

IN MEXICO.

Mexico City, Nov. 28.—The American residents celebrated Thanksgiving by a special ball. President Diaz was among the invited guests and many members of the Pan-American congress with their ladies were present.

HARRISON BEGINS HIS FIGHT

Son of Former President Seeking a Vindication.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 28.—Russell B. Harrison, son of the ex-president, at one time inspector general of volunteers, has begun his fight for justice. He has informed his friends in Washington that he is to carry his father's dying request to exonerate the family name and remove the suspicion of blemish from his own career. Harrison was inspector general at San Juan, Porto Rico when he was summarily detached from duty at that place and ordered to Washington. No reason was given for this action and Colonel Harrison always has been under the impression that a mysterious enemy was at work against him. He was unable to obtain any satisfaction on his return to Washington, and even his father, who came here about the same time, failed to ascertain why his son had been practically dismissed. All later efforts to secure an appointment to the regular establishment have signally failed, and this circumstance added to his experience in the volunteers, has created the impression that his discharge from service was for cause.

THE CHINESE WAY

Of Settling Affairs Is Exemplified in Shooting At 'Frisco.

San Francisco, Nov. 28.—Tonight the Chinese quarter was the scene of two shooting affrays in which two Chinese were killed and a third fatally wounded. About 6 p. m. Lou Fook, a Chinese gambler and his body guard, Jue Ho, were shot at by two highbinders just as the two former were entering Fook's gambling house. Four shots entered Fook's body, mortally wounding him. Ho was shot in the neck. Shortly after the shooting the police arrested Lee You, one of the shooters. Fifteen minutes later Quang Louey, a cigar dealer, and Suey Buck were shot and instantly killed in their rooms on Clay street. It has not yet been determined if there is any connection between the two events. Considerable mystery surrounds the shooting. The most generally accepted theory is that it was done by highbinders.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, Nov. 28.—Illinois—Fair Friday; warmer in southern portion. Saturday fair; probably colder in northern portions; fresh to brisk westerly winds.

LOCAL WEATHER.

The following is a record of the temperature for the twenty-four hours ending Thursday evening at 7 o'clock as reported by Prof. J. H. Coonradt, government observer:

7 a. m.	18	Highest	42
Noon	42	Lowest	18
7 p. m.	37		

MET HIS MASTER

Young Corbett Whips Champion Terry McGovern in Whirlwind Fashion.

LITTLE MEN'S FIERCE FIGHT

Mac, Under Punishment, Abandoned Science and That Was His Undoing.

Hartford, Conn., Nov. 28.—Knocked out in the second round, of which one minute and forty-four seconds had elapsed, was the referee's verdict in favor of "Young Corbett" of Denver, against Terry McGovern of Brooklyn, who has held the featherweight championship unflinchingly since he won it from George Dixon eighteen months ago. Outwitted and outpointed with a fighter just the same as himself McGovern had to lower his colors this afternoon to "Young Corbett" in six minutes and fourty-four seconds.

"Young Corbett," who, outside of ring parlance, is known as Billy Rothwell, got the better of the champion in less than two rounds of fighting and he did it so perfectly that there was no doubt about it. The shock to New York enthusiasts when the champion was knocked out was a repetition of the disappointed exhibited by the adherents of John L. Sullivan when Corbett defeated him in New Orleans.

FIERCE FROM START.

Terry was as fit as the proverbial fiddle, but not fast enough for his man. From the word "Go!" the lads went at each other like game cocks and it looked as if either would go out in the first round. McGovern got the worst of the opening round and in his endeavor to get in, left himself open several times. Corbett just stood off making every lead and trick, but the Brooklyn boy went on as if there was nothing to it, but the winner's end of the purse. When Terry was knocked down in the opening round there were cries of dismay from his backers, but his wonderful recuperative powers were equal to the occasion and he was on his feet within seven seconds. However, this downfall seemed to take the stamina out of McGovern, but he fought the round in clever style and tried hard to stem the tide of defeat, which seemed to have set against him. He tried all his rushing work, which proved so profitable on former occasions, but Corbett met every curve and countered hard on the neck, jaw and head.

THE TOUGHEST GUY.

When Terry came back to his corner at the end of the first round he said: "That's the toughest guy I ever met, but I will lick him just as soon as I see an opening." That opening did not come very handily for the New York boy, as the Denver pugilist had taken his measure. Down went Terry again in the second round and when he got up pluckily he rushed like a wild man. He showed lack of self-restraint and in a burst of bad temper hit out left and right irrespective of all rules and usages. These tactics apparently were just what Corbett was looking for. Terry was mixing things up with whirlwind velocity and throwing science to the winds. It was any one's fight at this stage, but Terry fell into a trap as Corbett feinted and suddenly sent his right out when McGovern was side stepping.

DOWN AND OUT.

This blow just grazed Mac's head, but a moment later Corbett feinted him again and after a rattling exchange, sent his right over to the jaw and Terry went down and out. While the fallen champion was frantically trying to regain his feet the crowd yelled madly. The referee declared that the young Denver lad had won.

BY ROUNDS.

First Round—McGovern tried for an opening with his left and sent his right to Corbett's jaw. They clinched. In the mix-up both landed several times, exchanging lefts on the face, and McGovern, rushing again, sent his left to the body and right to the head. Corbett was short on his heads and Terry bore him to the ropes with a hard right over his heart. McGovern ducked a left swing and landed a right clean on the eye, forcing Corbett to the ropes. Corbett came back pluckily with a left on the body, which was countered with a right over the heart from his opponent. McGovern led again with the right, landing on his opponent's shoulder, and Corbett came back with a hard right over the heart, sending McGovern back. The Brooklyn boy retorted with a right and left, only to be met with a swing on the jaw, which sent him on his back. He jumped to his feet immediately and went at his opponent hammer and tongs, on the chest and face, forcing him to his knees. Corbett got up and the round ended in one of the hottest mixes on record with honors even.

Second Round—McGovern rushed in with a left to the body and the men clinched. Rapid exchanges of rights and lefts followed. Corbett was on the defensive and met Terry's rushes with straight left jabs. Suddenly he brought up his left, upper-cutting McGovern and sending him to the floor. McGovern took

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five seconds of the count and came back like a wild man with left and right swings. Science was thrown to the winds and the boys began slugging. Mac was very wild and they made a half circle of the ring, fighting in this manner. At this stage it looked like anybody's fight should one of the vicious swing blows land. While Corbett kept his head and seemed to bore in better his body blows apparently were no stiffer than those of his opponent. However he kept on forcing McGovern half across the ring and finally Terry forgot his defense. He simply saw a hurricane of blows coming toward him and there was no guarding on his part. Suddenly a right swing uppercut landed squarely on the point of his jaw and McGovern went down and out.

CHAMPIONSHIP TAKES WINGS.

He was not rendered unconscious, but, it was evident to all, he knew the championship had taken wings, as he made wild efforts to regain his feet. Referee White called off ten seconds, while McGovern vallantly struggled. Corbett stepped back in obedience to the referee's gesture, although evidently in doubt as to his fallen opponent's condition. McGovern had given him such a gruueling argument he was for a moment dubious as to whether the Brooklyn boy might not be able to come up again and renew the battle. But it was all over and in a few minutes the new champion was in his dressing room receiving congratulations, while McGovern was wondering how it all happened.

M'GOVERN WANTS MORE.

Terry was crestfallen after he returned to his dressing room. He said: "Well, you can't tell how things can be accounted for. I hope to make another match with Corbett and I am more than confident he will not be able to put it over me again. Young Corbett at first was reluctant to talk, but finally said:

KNEW HIS CHANCE.

"I was sure I could beat McGovern and my opinion was based on what I had seen and heard of him. I felt I had him from the first punch, but I was cool headed all through. When I began to sting him he lost his head and when he lost his head it was all over. I had him right there and with a right swinging uppercut I landed the blow which won the battle."

HUNTING TROUBLE.

Pittsburg, Nov. 28.—Billy Corcoran, manager for Jack McClelland of this city, has posted a $500 forfeit in behalf of McClelland for a fight with "Young Corbett" for a side bet of $1,000, winner to take all or any other terms that are satisfactory to the new champion.

IN SPITE OF DURBIN.

Muncie, Ind., Nov. 28.—George Monroe, formerly of New York, and Gus Bensonah of Cincinnati went the limit of fifteen rounds. The fight was declared a draw.

CHALLENGE THE WINNER.

Chicago, Nov. 28.—Three challenges were sent to Young Corbett tonight by Chicago featherweights Harry Harris, Tommy White and Benny Yanger. Corbett was knocked out by Yanger in eight rounds last winter. A few months later they met and fought ten rounds to a draw.

LOST THEIR MONEY.

Detroit, Nov. 28.—Rube Ferns of Buffalo was given the decision over Charles Thorston of San Francisco after fifteen rounds of fast fighting tonight. Referee Hogan's decision was received with hisses and howls of derision. The Cherry of Saginaw g... the decision over Tom Cody of Chicago in a ten-round preliminary.

WOLCOTT WON.

Baltimore, Nov. 27.—Joe Walcott won on points tonight from Young Peter Jackson in a twenty-round fight.

A Legitimate Proposition.

Dr. Appleman is determined to reach all the sick in this community and demonstrate that he does cure chronic diseases. Again, he means to show them that by treating people honestly he can maintain a practice year after year. He knows the people have been deceived in the past as well as at present time by unscrupulous doctors who throw out baits to allure the sick to them, but such things do not last. Others have done the same thing, but they are gone, never to be heard of again Dr. Appleman don't do this. He comes regularly, treats people right, charges them a reasonable price and gives them more than full value in return. You can depend upon him. His next visit here MONDAY, DEC. 2, at Hotel Brunswick.

Charged With Murder.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Nov. 28.—W. F. Reynolds, a travelling representative of a local music house, has been arrested by an officer from Ireton, Iowa, charged with the murder of Samuel Crofter, a negro clergyman, whose dead body was found October 28th in a cornfield near Ireton. Reynolds protested his innocence.

MARRIED.

BURNS—HOBB.

John R. Burns of Mineine and Miss Anna Hobb of 446 West King street, Decatur, were married at the home of the bride on Thursday, Nov. 28, at noon. The ceremony was performed by Rev. D. H. Rupp of the Church of God.

New Field.

Charles Rowdybush, formerly with the Wabash at Decatur, is in the city for a few days. He is now with the New York Insurance company.

When a woman has a headache it is natural; when a man has a headache it is usually acquired.

An Irishman says there is no blessing like health, especially when you are sick.

A pessimist is a man whose heart has simply dried up.

WE GIVE THANKS

Union Services Held at Baptist Church Were Largely Attended.

THREE SPLENDID ADDRESSES

Revs. McDonald, Penhallegon and Brandon Speak on Subjects Appropriate To the Day.

The annual union Thanksgiving service, which has been a marked feature in Decatur's observance of the great national holiday was held at the First Baptist church Thursday morning, the service beginning at 10:45 o'clock. It was one of the best of the kind that has ever been held in the city. The weather was extremely favorable for a large attendance and the church was completely filled. The services were full of interest and three excellent addresses were delivered, while the music was splendid. At the close of the service the thank offering for the poor was taken up, amounting to $31.22, which will be donated to the poor after the trivial expense of the meeting has been deducted. The following was the program of exercises:

Organ prelude—Miss Nita Clark.
Doxology.
Invocation, with Lord's prayer—F. W. Burnham.
Reading of president's proclamation—S. H. Bowyer.
Hymn.
Responsive reading—Ps. 145:1-17—Conducted by C. A. Thorn.
Gloria.
Scripture lesson—Read by C. N. Hunt.
Prayer—H. C. Gibbs.
Response—Choir.
Anthem.
Announcements and offering—H. L. Strain.
Hymn 694.
Address—National Blessings—J. W. MacDonald.
Address—World-Wide Blessings—Wm. Brandon.
Address—Personal Blessings—Dr. W. H. Penhallegon.
Hymn—America.
Benediction—F. Buter.

THE ADDRESSES.

The following is a synopsis of the addresses delivered, Rev. J. W. McDonald of the Cumberland Presbyterian church being the principal speaker. He said:

In America, Thanksgiving has from the first been closely associated with national life.

On a December morning, in the midst of a driving snow storm, a little vessel was standing in Plymouth harbor. The band of Pilgrims waded ashore and were soon felling trees and building huts. Those were dark days for the little colony. They were nobly struggling against the frosts of a severe winter, the wild beast and the wilder men of the forest, when disease came upon them as an armed foe. Nearly all were stricken down. At one time only seven men were able to work. The little graveyard grew rapidly, and when the last snow of the first winter fell, it covered the graves of half of that immortal company. To these calamities were added drought in the summer and early frost in the fall. When winter and starvation threatened the noble band, Governor Bradford appointed a day of fasting and prayer. But ere the appointed day arrived, a ship from the home land brought them food and medicine and many friends. The day of fasting was changed to a day of fasting and thanksgiving.

Since that first Thanksgiving, 280 years have passed. A marvelous change has been wrought. Instead of a little colony on the eastern coast, hovering between life and death, we see the mightiest nation upon earth rendering thanks unto God for the manifestation of His hand in her history.

Why should Americans be thankful today?

First. Because our nation is being blessed with wealth. A few more years and America will control the commerce of the world and hold the purse strings of the nations. For this we should be devoutly thankful. The pessimist who bemourns the fact that America is becoming wealthy forgets what a large part wealth has played in the onward march of Christian civilization. Since material prosperity can be used as a stepping stone to higher blessings, let us thank God for it. Meanwhile let us remember wealth in itself is not the blessing we desire. It is but the means to an end. With the nation as with the individual, true prosperity and true happiness rest, not upon what we have, but upon what we are. National wealth becomes a national blessing when it is so used as to produce and strengthen character.

Second. The disposition which many wealthy citizens are making of their wealth should be a cause of genuine thanksgiving. It means better equipment for the development of culture and character. But beyond this, it suggests a solution of the problem of labor and capital. It shows a growing feeling that a wealthy man is successful only as he uses his wealth for the good of the people.

Third. There are hopeful signs of a purer politics. The restlessness under the rule of rings, machines and bosses is a prophecy of better things. In some quarters the battle has been fought and the victory won. Within any political party we still find the unprincipled wire-pulling politician, but the president and even the candidate for president must be a clean man of strong character. Would that public sentiment demanded the same for minor offices.

Fourth. But the one thing above all else for which Americans should be thankful is the recent revelations of American character. A few years ago we were told that there was little left of the old time strength. But the world was surprised and we ourselves were surprised when the Spanish war revealed the real strength of American character. More recently another test has come. In the death of our chief magistrate and the way in which the great sorrow was received and borne by the people, we have another and deeper revelation of national character. These revelations will cause American institutions to impress the world as never before.

REV. PENHALLEGON.

Dr. Penhallegon introduced his remarks with the discovery of the Golconda mine, drawing from it the lesson that we fail to appreciate the blessings we have, while longing for the blessings we have not.

He said that his task was not to spread before the audience the flag and speak of world-wide and national blessings, but to bring to their minds the common blessings of everyday life. These are really the greatest blessings but we fail to appreciate them because they are common blessings. Emerson has said: "Health is wealth; and many a rich man would give all he possesses for the health you enjoy." The use of the eye, of the ear and of the reasons were mentioned as illustrations of these unappreciated blessings.

REV. BURNHAM.

Rev. William Brandon of Grace Methodist church was the last speaker on the program and spoke on "World-Wide Blessings," saying:

"I am to speak to you today on a large subject in a short time, but the shortness of the time may come to my rescue in the discussion of the large subject.

"God has had to be very patient with men. It has taken him a long time to get one idea into man's mind. At a very conservative estimate man has been on this earth sixty centuries and how many great ideas has God got into his mind in those sixty centuries. I want to stay on the safe side, but I think if I had them written down I could read them to you in ten minutes. I know there have been many books written, but many of them are on the same idea and many of them on no idea at all.

"God in speaking to man has had to accommodate himself to man's understanding, and so has clothed himself with such characteristics as man could grasp. The tendency of man is to measure others by himself and always to make the other smaller. He is splendid in grandeur if we do not take him out of the personal pronouns. He can say I, my, me, we, ours, us, my family, my party, my church, my country, my God. It is all right to say these things, but men say it with such an emphasis and accent as to make it exclusive.

"Not only does man measure other men by the standard of himself, but he attempts to crowd God into that measure. But God is not to be crowded into that measure. He knows no county lines, no state lines, no natural or political boundaries. His love, His mercy, His providence, takes them all in. It is God's world and His atmosphere wraps it all. His sun illuminates and His showers water it all.

"God does not know any family lines, any race lines, any color lines. His love takes in every son of Adam's race. God so loved the world that he gave his only begotten son, that whosoever believes in him shall not perish but have everlasting life.

"To get this idea into the heads of men God has been working away for centuries. For this Jesus gave the parable of the good Samaritan and it has hardly got through the skin of man. Look at the selfishness in nations and churches.

"God had to take a very peculiar method, very impressive in its character, the vision of the street full of all manner of living things.

"It is only then that Peter said I perceive that God is no respector of persons, but he that in every nation fears God and worketh righteousness is accepted of Him.

"The salvation of this world is simply waiting the working out of this idea. I use salvation in the broader sense. It means the solution of national and international questions, the solution of the temperance question, the labor and social questions, of the every question.

"God's blessings, whether personal or national, are not intended to end with that person or nation. He took Abraham and peculiarly enlarged and blessed him, but he did it that he might make the Jewish nation. He took the Jewish nation and enlarged and pleased it that he might bring to the world Jesus Christ, its Savior. Just how far this idea has been advanced this year I do not know but I believe that it has in a large measure. There have been movements and there are movements now that I do not know what is to come out of them, but I believe that God can and will make them work out to the good of all.

"He has to do some things under cover to get them done. He moves in a mysterious way his wonders to perform. Old Rome when she was swallowing up all the nations and unifying them never dreamed that she was making a way for the coming of the kingdom of heaven. Guizot says that men have always been playing a part in the drama, the out come of which they know nothing about. This is all I know. God is on the throne and His love and His plans take in the entire human race. There is a wideness in His mercy like the wideness of the sea.

Court Today.

Circuit court will be convened again this forenoon and the hearing of testimony in the Harkrader case will be resumed.

Misery loves company almost as much as does a marriageable young lady.

Recent Legal Decisions

A person boarded a train which he knew was not scheduled, to stop at the place of his destination, but which did stop there sometimes, and always stopped when it had passengers for that place. When the train reached the place referred to it did stop, and the passenger in getting off was injured. The railroad company contended that the party had no right to enter the train for carriage to the place at which it was not scheduled to stop, and that he was not legally a passenger, but was a trespasser. The court (supreme court of Michigan,) however, ruled against this contention, and held that as the train did sometimes stop at the place the party was entitled to enter the train and become a passenger, and that he could not be placed in the position of a trespasser until the conductor had notified him that the train would not stop there, and that he must stop at some other station before reaching the place or go to the next station beyond. (Baldwin vs. Grand Trunk Ry. Co., 8 D. L. N., 706.)

"A person engaged chiefly in farming," within the meaning of the bankruptcy act, is one whose chief occupation or business is farming; and one's chief occupation or business, so far as worldly pursuits are concerned, is that which is of principal concern to him, or has some permanency in its nature, which he deems of paramount importance to his welfare, and on which he chiefly relies for his livelihood, or as the means of acquiring wealth, great or small.

Modes For Women.

Fancy wools, especially those with surfaces covered with long, white hairs, seem to have usurped the popularity long enjoyed by satin faced cloths. Most of the costumes one sees of a morning are made of this kind of stuff, which lends itself well to the ornamentation of white stitched bands. A wool of prune color looked well, with the light tone of the hairy surface emphasized by stitched bands of white cloth, edged by the narrowest possible bands of black caracule. The blouse jacket has an inner vest of white cloth, trimmed with applications of fur figures. This inner vest, lined with black, rolled out over a closed, fitted front of prune colored velvet.

A pretty gray and white costume is made of gray wool with a shaggy white surface. The skirt is trimmed with lozenges of white velvet of graduated sizes, arranged in rows, and is made with a stitched pleat about the hips. The jacket, although it fits the figure, is composed of stitched pleats. There is a suggestion of a bolero made by rows of velvet lozenges under the armholes. A similar trimming is on the cuffs. The collar and revers are faced with chinchilla, and the cuffs flare over the hands with a fur facing. The sleeves are arranged in stitched pleats to above the elbows, where they puff out and are gathered into the high, close cuffs.

Oldest People In World Today.

Who are the oldest man and woman alive?

If you can locate them you will do science a great service.

The committee on vital statistics of the New York Hundred Year club, after months of prying into this problem, is ready to announce the result of its discoveries.

The oldest man alive today, according to this research, is Izal Rodofsky, of Moscow, Russia, aged 136 years. His case is reported to the club by Dr. Joseph Jernossky of Moscow. Rodofsky retains good eyesight, but poor hearing. He was never known to suffer an illness, has used liquor, but not tobacco. He comes of a long lived family, his father dying at 120.

The most aged woman of today as far as the committee can discover, is Mrs. Nancy Hollifield, an inmate of the Battle Creek, Mich., sattiarium, who has seen 117 years. Her case is reported by Dr. Wood, a physician of that institution. She has always lived a temperate, simple life, doing housework principally since she reached maturity.

Wolves at Sea.

A dense fog closed down as the steamer Mexican groped her way slowly past the island of Anticosti, in the mouth of the St. Lawrence, recently. So thick did it become that Capt. Sergeantson rung speed down to four knots—just enough to give steerage way against the racing ebb.

Suddenly out of the blackness in front arose a wierd and horrible sound—a sort of moaning yell, dying off into a long-drawn howl. The crew were frightened into a regular panic, and gathered in groups. No one could imagine the cause of this blood-curdling sound. A passenger came on deck who had seen a good deal of sport in Canada.

"Are we near land?" as asked the skipper. "I hear wolves howling."

In a terrible fright, the captain slowed the engines still more, so that the ship barely held her own against the tide. But the crying of the wolves grew nearer. Suddenly out of the gloom loomed the spectral form of a big ice-floe, half an acre in extent, and six to ten feet above water. About it prowled a dozen of the long gray wolves of the Canadian hemlock forests. They were so thin that the bones almost started through their skins, and they howled mournfully as they passed out with the tide into the ocean.

Fifty Years Old.

The members of the Peoria Turnverein are making preparations to celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of the founding of that society. On Thursday, Dec. 2, they will give a banquet and ball in their hall on Second avenue.

The more self is indulged the more it demands, and, therefore, of all men the selfish are the most discontented.—E. J. Clarke.

FINE FOOTBALL

Moweaqua and Brown's Business College Put Up a Strong Game.

THE VISITORS VICTORIOUS

Won On a Single Touch Down With Only One and a Half Minutes to Play.

Brown's Business college lost the third game of the series with the Moweaqua team at the Race Track Thursday by the score of 5 to 0. About three hundred spectators witnessed the game, crowding in on the side lines and several times interfering with the players. The only touchdown was made in the last half with but one and one-half minutes to play and the ball on the 25-yard line in the Moweaqua territory. Ralph Snyder, the left end, was given the pigskin for a run around the right end. He dashed into the crowd of spectators and the home team was unable to get at him and he made the only touchdown of the game. Roy Sydner attempted to kick goal, but on account of the strong wind the ball went wide of the posts.

From the time the game started until the touchdown was made the home team had the best of the argument, the ball being played in the territory of the visitors. The home team twice during the first half had the ball within five yards of the coveted goal, but each time a fumble or an off-side play would set them back. Then the sturdy farmers, with an average of five pounds more than the home team would bring in the work of that invincible tandem play with an occasional fake play and would gain from five to ten yards, when the home team would recover and hold them for downs amid the shouts of the rooters on the side lines.

UMPIRE'S DECISION DISPUTED.

Several times during the game the decision of the referee and umpire were disputed. In the second half Moweaqua had the ball within ten yards of the goal, when it was fumbled and gathered up by Muthersbaugh of the home team, who dashed up the field in the direction of his goal for forty yards. The crowd howled and yelled and ten minutes elapsed before the crowd could be cleared from the field. When the umpire gave out the decision that the ball was dead and the run would not be counted the side lines moved towards the center of the field, threatening the destruction of the officials. Officer Wheeler, who was on the grounds quieted the crowd and a compromise was made by letting the ball go to the home team.

GREAT ENTHUSIASM.

Of all the crowds that have witnessed a game in this city it is doubtful if there ever was a more enthusiastic one. They were not strictly partial to the home team, but yelled many times when a good play was made by the visitors. The crowd was uncontrollable and swarmed and surged in a howling mass when a sensational run, of which the game was full, was made, and it required several minutes each time to clear the field. Megaphones and horns were there in abundance and the girls of the Business college waved canes decorated with the college colors and whooped 'em up when the other folks did if they didn't know the game.

The game was called at 3:30 o'clock. Moweaqua won the toss and chose the south goal. Neiman for Decatur kicked off, the ball going out of bounds and was returned. This time Neiman did not land on the pigskin so hard, but hard enough to be downed by the home team within twenty-five yards of the goal. Moweaqua took the ball and with several plays by the backs with no gain resorted to the tandem play, which brought the defeat of the home team in the game played here two weeks ago. Brown's team had succeeded in getting on to this play and with the heavy weight of Hinman and Shultz the plays were not effective, and they were held for downs, the ball going over. The home team passed the ball to Kraft, who made a five-yard gain around right end, and Neiman and Hinman hit center for two yards each. Williams in a fake play broke through the Moweaqua line and made a run of fifteen yards followed by Odor, who made three yards around the opposite end. When within seven yards of the goal and with a beautiful chance for a goal from the field the ball was fumbled on a mass play on center. Moweaqua took the ball and tried several tandem plays, fumbling the ball twice before any gain was made, but finally making a mass play on center for a gain of five yards and following it up with tackle plunges for ten yards more, when they were held for downs and the ball went over. The home team hit center for two yards and were penalized ten yards for an off-side play by Festler. Neiman made three yards through left tackle, and the home team were again penalized for moving the ball after the whistle had been blown. Then Ed Baum with a fake play on center ran around the left end for fifteen yards. Within twelve yards from the line the ball was lost on a fumble. The Moweaqua team again tried their tandem play for small gains. Scarlet, the left half-back, was sent around the right end and was promising to make a long run when Odor tackled him with but three yards gain. Three more tandem plays were tried with small gains, when Full-back Snyder hurdled the line for five yards. Several fake plays were run in on the pretense of the tandem which retrieved all the ground the home team had gained, when McMahon blocked several plays and the ball went to Brown's, who made small gains through center and tackle, and Kraft went around left end by a gain of ten yards and lost the ball on a fumble. Full-back Snyder again hurdled center for five yards gain. At this time Muthersbaugh was put in the game for the home team in the place of Festler, who had been injured in practice and was not well. Moweaqua fumbled the ball and lost five yards, but Gregory went down on the ball and saved it for his team, when time was called for the first half. Score, 0 to 0.

SECOND HALF.

Full-back Snyder kicked off t.. Hinman, who advanced the ball five yards. Neiman was sent through the line three successive times for small gains, but not the required distance and the ball went to Moweaqua, who tried a left formation for a gain of seven yards and a tandem play for six yards, bringing the ball within ten yards of the goal, when they were held for downs, the ball going over. Jones took the ball, falling over the line and rolled for about five yards gain, and Hinman hit the tackle for seven yards more. Shultz made three yards through the guard and the ball was fumbled and lost to Snyder. Moweaqua tried several end plays and line bucks for from two to three yards gain. At this time the Moweaqua team fumbled the ball and Muthersbaugh made the dash down the field, which caused the dispute. When Brown's took the ball Neiman and Hinman made five yards each through the line and Jones made an end run for twenty yards, when the ball was held for downs and went to Moweaqua. Several tandem plays followed, which laid Baum out for the time limit. Pushing the home team back with heavy tackle rushes and line hurdling till they were within twenty-five yards of the goal. The home team expecting a line buck had their strong men centered there, when Ralph Sydner the left end, took the ball and breaking through the crowd, made the only touchdown. Moweaqua failed to kick goal. Score, 5 to 0.

The line-up for the game was as follows:

Moweaqua.	Position.	B. B. C.
Cutler	c	Gladfelter
Gregory	l g	McMahon
Adams	r g	Festler, Muthersbaugh
Jackson	l t	Hinman
Sparling, capt.	r t	Shults
Ralph Sydner	l e	Williams
Gregory	r e	Odor
Roy Sydner	q b	Baum
Scarlet	l h b	Kraft
B. Sydner	r b	Neiman
McKee	r h b	Jones

Halves—Twenty and twenty-five minutes. Officials—Referee, Kyser; umpire, Scarlet. Timers—Catton and Gill.

ROUND UP FINISHED

Saloon Keepers Have Given Bonds—Dr Slusher Indicted and Gives Bond.

The sheriff's deputies have served all of the saloon keepers recently indicted with police of that action. There were thirty-eight indictments and in all but four instances the accused have given bonds. They will give bond today. In the case of men indicted for selling liquor on Sunday or for selling liquor to minors, there are no arrests made. The accused are merely notified and they come in and give bond. The offense is not so serious that any of them would run away and there is never any such thing as locking them in jail.

DR. SLUSHER INDICTED.

Dr. Slusher has been indicted on the charge of performing a criminal operation and has given bond for his appearance when the case is called for trial. The indictment is not in the case which attracted so much attention in Decatur last summer, when Minnie Bird of Lake City met her death. That case has been investigated by the grand jury but what result will come from the investigation is not yet determined so far as any one on the outside knows.

The indictment on which the arrest was made was in a case which is alleged to have occurred in the spring of 1900. The woman in the case is said to be Maude Hudson. State's Attorney Redmon declined to be interviewed in relation to the case in which the indictment was returned, but there is an intimation that it is a stronger case than the one which aroused such an interest here last summer.

FAMILY REUNION

All With Mother For the First Time in Twenty Years.

At their home at 731 West Wood street, Mr. and Mrs. Henry B. Wise entertained at Thanksgiving dinner the children and grandchildren of Mrs. S. S. Wise. This is the first time that the family has all been together in twenty years. Those present were the mother, Mrs. S. S. Wise, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel J. Wise and four children, Mr. and Mrs. Henry B. Wise and five children, Mr. and Mrs. William R. Wise and two children, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence F. Wise and four children, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Burks and six children, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Highly. Beside the immediate family there were present Mr. and Mrs. J. Hight and Guy Atchison. There were three generations represented. There were twenty-one grandchildren, the oldest nineteen and the youngest two years. Mother Wise is 75 years old. The entire company gathered on the front porch and were photographed.

In Hock.

Ike Reed, colored, is in the city prison held on a charge of stealing a coat. Reed was employed as a messenger to deliver a coat which had been in a tailor shop for repairs. Instead of delivering the coat he sold it at a pawn shop for $1.25. The police expect to make another case of a similar nature against Reed. He will probably have a hearing today.

NEARBY TOWNS.

MAROA.

Mark Bennet is able to fill his place again at the News.

Henry Alsbury has returned from the south where he has been running a threshing machine.

Governor Conover has sold his forty acres four miles east of Maroa, to Henry Wolge for $100 an acre.

Pat Kennedy and wife of Chicago, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Hogle.

Mrs. Fannie Kepler has returned from Louisiana where she has been for the past three weeks looking after her rice farms.

Silas Berkshire and Clyde Williams have returned from Missouri where the former went to look at some land for which he will trade his grocery store.

Mike Guinie, the day operator at this place and Burl Malone, agent at Warrenin, have changed places. The change was made by the mutual consent of the parties.

Frank and John Schenck have started their bowling alley.

School will close Wednesday evening for the rest of the wek on account of Thanksgiving.

Several of Maroa's football players will play with Clinton today in a game against Whitehouse. A number of people from here will go up to witness the game.

John Craig has returned from Louisiana where he has been working for the past two months.

Ed L. Conway and wife left today for Indianapolis where they will reside in the future.

The funeral of Mrs. Wm. F. Miller was held at her late home Wednesday afternoon at 2:30. It was conducted by Rev. J. C. Hana. The interment was at the Maroa cemetery.

On account of the illness of his family Mr. Knight was called to his home in Ohio and was not present at the meeting of the city council Monday night as was expected. His ordinance asking a franchise for the interurban will be brought up at the next meeting.

The Herald's voting contest is causing as much excitement here as it is in Decatur. Nov. 27.

WYCKLES.

Mrs. Burton of Loami, is here visiting her brother, R. M. Park.

Mrs. Jacob Troutman is confined to her home by a severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism.

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Wholesale Prices

Lemons, 300 size	$3.75	to	$4.00
Apples (per barrel)	3.50	to	5.00
Northern potatoes, bu.	.90	to	1.00
Cabbage, per lb	.01½	to	.02
Eggs, per dozen	.15	to	.16
Bananas, bunch	.75	to	2.00
Sweet potatoes, per bbl	2.75	to	3.00
Onions, bushel	1.35	to	1.50
Grapes, per basket	.18	to	.20
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PAID BY GROCERS.			
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GRAIN.			

For large lots of corn, 500 or more bushels, or for shelled white corn, the local consumers are offering 60 cents per bushel. The prices quoted below are for single loads.

Corn, white	.58	to	
Corn, mixed	.56	to	
Wheat, soft	.70	to	
Wheat, hard	.68	to	
Oats, white	.40	to	
Oats, mixed	.38	to	
Rye	.50	to	
POULTRY—LIVE WEIGHT.			

The rush of poultry complained of by the shippers last week has diminished somewhat. The receipts, however, are all that can be cared for with the present limited number of experienced pickers.

Hens, per lb	.05	to	
Springs	.06	to	
Cocks	.03	to	
Ducks	.05	to	
Turkeys, young, not less than 10 pounds	.07	to	
Turkeys, old	.04	to	.06
Geese	.08	to	
Eggs	.23	to	
WHOLESALE HAY AND STRAW.			
Timothy hay, per ton	$11.00	to	12.00
Clover hay, per ton	.00	to	0.00
Oat Straw, per ton	4.50	to	5.00
Shredded fodder	5.50	to	6.00
Wheat straw, per ton	3.50	to	4.00
BUTCHER STOCK.			
Hogs, per 100 lb	4.50	to	5.25
Calves	3.50	to	4.50
Shipping cattle	3.00	to	4.00
Cows	2.00	to	3.25
Heifers	2.50	to	3.50
Butcher steers	3.50	to	4.00
Sheep	3.50	to	
Lambs	3.50	to	3.75
HIDES AND WOOL.			
Hides, No. 1 green, lb.	$ .07	to	
Horse hides, each	2.00	to	2.50
Mule hides, each	1.50	to	
Calf hides, lb	.08½	to	
Colt hides	1.00	to	

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NEARBY TOWNS.

MAROA.

Mark Bennet is able to fill his place again at the News.

Henry Aisbury has returned from the south where he has been running a threshing machine.

Overton Conover has sold his forty acres four miles east of Maroa, to Henry Weiks for $100 an acre.

Pat Kennedy and wife of Chicago, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Rogers.

Mrs. Fannie Kepler has returned from Louisiana where she has been for the past three weeks looking after her rice farms.

Silas Bateshire and Clyde Williams have returned from Missouri where the former went to look at some land for sale. He will trade his grocery store.

Miss Cairns, the day operator at this place and Earl Malone, agent at Wapella have changed places. The change is made by the mutual consent of the girls.

Frank and John Schenck have started in the bowling alley.

Stores will close Wednesday evening for the rest of the week on account of Thanksgiving.

Several of Maroa's football players will play with Clinton today in a game against Wheatheth. A number of people from here will go up to witness the game.

John Craig has returned from Louisiana where he has been working for the past few months.

Edward Conway and wife left today for Los Angeles where they will reside in the future.

The funeral of Mrs. Wm. F. Miller took place at her late home Wednesday afternoon at 2:30. It was conducted by Rev. J. C. Hana. The interment was at the Maroa cemetery.

On account of the illness of his family Mr. Knight was called to his home in Decatur and was not present at the meeting of the city council Monday night as was expected. His ordinance asking a franchise for the interurban will be brought up at the next meeting.

The Herald's voting contest is causing as much excitement here as it is in Decatur. Nov. 27.

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BIG BOILER BLEW UP

Wrecking the Three Story Building of the Penberthy Injector Co. at Detroit, Michigan.

TWENTY-SIX WERE INSTANTLY KILLED

And Fifty Sustain Serious Injuries—Fire Adds To the Horror—Victims Pinned Down in Debris and Slowly Roasted.

Detroit, Nov. 26. Twenty-six men are dead, five of them unidentified and so horribly burned and blackened that identification is almost impossible, and twenty-four others are lying in various hospitals suffering from terrible wounds, burns and other injuries, all the results of the explosion of one of the boilers in the Penberthy Injector company's plant today. The dead:

A. E. HOOFMAN.
LOUIS HENNING.
PATRICK MALLOY.
A. E. MILLER.
EUGENE BETRAM.
L. MULKEE.
JOSEPH COFFEE.
CHARLES MARVIN.
JOHN SCHAIBLE.
RICHARD RYAN.
DOUGLASS DICKINSON, a boy.
JOSEPH KOSEBOK.
STEPHEN SCHIRLY.
GEORGE SCHENOR.
CHARLES LYDY.
JACOB KOEBEL.
WILLIAM MANN.
CHRISTOPHER WALDMAN.
ROBERT CREER.
EDWARD BURCH.
PETER DOLL.
FIVE UNIDENTIFIED BODIES.

In addition to the injured taken to the hospitals a dozen or more employes, slightly injured, were taken to their homes.

Twenty-five men and boys have not been located, either in their homes or at the hospitals. Ten unidentified bodies account for ten of these and the others of the company feel positive a larger portion of the remaining fifteen are to be found in their homes. To-morrow a great force of men is searching the ruins by electric light and the work will not be stopped until every foot of debris has been examined.

THE PLANT.

The Penberthy Injector company's plant occupied a half square at the corner of Abbott street and Brooklyn avenue. It is composed of two brick buildings, separated by a sixteen-foot alley. The main building, in which the boiler was located and which was completely destroyed, was three stories high. The boiler room was located northwest on the corner of the building, on the first floor. It was in this building that most of the manufacturing was done. It is impossible to tell exactly how many were at work in the various departments of this building when the explosion occurred, but the officials insist the number was not over eighty. There were four boilers in the plant, two horizontal and two vertical. One of the horizontal boilers caused the awful loss of life. The crash came without the slightest warning.

FELL WITH A ROAR.

Those in the front building said it seemed like the concussion of an immense cannon. The floors and rear roof of the building bulged upward and then crashed down with their heavy loads of machinery and foundry apparatus. The wall, roof and all dropped into a shapeless mass of debris. The windows in the houses for blocks around were broken by the concussion and the flying bricks filled the neighborhood yards.

A dense cloud of dust arose, and as it settled was succeeded by the denser clouds of smoke and steam, while the agonized cries came from the heap of tangled wood, metal and bricks. Those slowly partially buried frantically dug themselves out and as energetically turned to digging for their comrades buried deeper.

FIRE ADDS TO HORROR.

Flames broke out almost immediately after the horror of fire was added to the sufferings of the imprisoned ones. The firemen and all ambulances of the city hurried to the scene. These not proving sufficient all the city laborers, express and other vehicles were pressed into service. The fire burned fiercely and great difficulty was experienced in controlling it. The sufferings of those buried in the debris was later mutely testified to by their charred and blackened bodies.

MIRACULOUS ESCAPE.

Harry Riley was among the first to be rescued. His escape was little short of miraculous. When the boiler let go, he was knocked to the floor and one of the smaller testing boilers was blown over him in such a way that one end rested on the debris above him, forming a shed that kept the falling timbers, bricks and masonry from crushing him. The steam, however, burned him horribly. Riley's first words were: "How did it happen? The engine and boilers were all right." Gradually the rescuers worked through the pile. By this time there were no cries or groans to tell them, for the flames had destroyed the unfortunates not killed by the explosion. The work of rescue continued with redoubled haste. The stretcher bearers worked beside the delvers and bore away the bruised and blackened bodies. A vacant house adjoining the factory was converted into a temporary morgue and here the bodies were placed in coffins and taken to the nearest morgue. In several cases the charred corpses were so hot when they recovered that they could scarcely be handled by the undertakers. The hospitals were besieged by relatives and friends of the injured men. At the emergency hospital, where many of the injured were carried in wagons, the floors of the reception rooms and even the halls were used as temporary resting place for the victims. Similar scenes were enacted at Grace and Harper hospitals. There were a number of girls among the employed on the four floors of the front building and there was a panic among them, but nobody was injured. The property loss will amount to about $180,000. The firm carried $70,000 fire and some boiler insurance. Nothing is known yet about the cause of the explosion. The boilers were recently inspected and the engineer was known to be one of the most careful and capable men.

Shortly after midnight two men employed by the Penberthy Injector company, reported missing, were accounted for. They are not injured beyond a few slight bruises. This leaves sixteen still missing.

The twenty-seventh body was taken from the wrecked Penberthy Injector company's plant at 1:30 this morning; unidentified.

THE COMING MESSAGE

As Now Blocked Out Will Consist of 20,000 Words.

Washington, Nov. 26.—President Roosevelt has, it is said, decided not to incorporate in his message the recommendation of the cabinet officers that usually form a part of the document, but to have them published as an appendix. This will materially shorten the message proper, and as it is now blocked out it will not make more than 20,000 words. Reciprocity, the trusts and Cuba are the subjects that will command the largest share of the president's attention. He will urge upon congress the wisdom of negotiating reciprocity treaties upon a protection basis, the publication of the doings of the so-called trusts in order that the evidence will be at hand for prosecuting them in case they violate the law, and the making of a commercial treaty with Cuba.

The president will also have considerable to say about the importance and necessity of amending the interstate commerce law so that the government will have power to enforce it, which is apparently does not have now, but there will be no specific legislation recommended for this purpose. Although the president has practically completed his message, it is, of course, subject to possible change at any time between now and Saturday, when it will go to the printer for the final proofs, and he is receiving all sorts of advice as to what he should and should not say.

As illustrating the conflicting views that are urged upon him, it is interesting to note that among his callers today were Representative Babcock, the Wisconsin member of the ways and means committee, who wants the tariff revised, who talked to him in the morning, and Senator Aldrich of Rhode Island, the chairman of the finance committee, who took lunch with him and had the presidential ear for an hour in the afternoon. Mr. Aldrich, everybody knows, believes that there should be no tariff revision at the present session, and that the pending reciprocity treaties should be allowed to die for the want of breath.

Railroad Appointment.

Davenport, Ia., Nov. 26.—The appointment is announced of O. B. Grant, superintendent for the Dodge division of the Chicago Great Western, as general manager of the Davenport, Rock Island & Northwestern Railway company, succeeding E. F. Potter, who goes to the Wisconsin Central as general superintendent.

Football Receipts

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 26.—Yale's receipts for the football season will likely prove the largest ever taken in. From the games with Harvard and Princeton about $50,000 were realized. The receipts from other games will bring the total up to about $70,000.

Two Meet With Good Luck

St. Joseph, Mich., Nov. 26.—Jennie Wetzel, a factory girl working here, has fallen heir to $20,000, and Arthur Jones, a berry picker, has secured back pensions amounting to $15,000 through the aid of Senator Fairbanks.

Want Tax Reduced.

Cincinnati, Nov. 26.—Representatives of the whisky interests met here today to consider a reduction of the revenue tax. Seventy cents per gallon was agreed upon as just tax. The present rate is $1.10.

M'GOVERN A GREAT FAVORITE

Odds of 8 to 2 On His Coming Fight With Corbett.

New York, Nov. 26.—After eight days' of hard training for his battle with "Young Corbett" of Denver, Colo., Terry McGovern took a ten-mile run in the vicinity of Jerome Park this afternoon. His physician declares he is in perfect condition for the coming contest. Among the sporting men here there is very little betting being done. McGovern's backers are offering bets at 2 to 1 on their man with a few takers. Among the sporting resorts on upper Broadway some sports are making what they call gambling bets on the Denver lad, taking odds of 5 to 2, but the prevailing price is 2 to 1 on the champion.

CORBETT IS THROUGH.

Hartford, Conn., Nov. 26.—"Young Corbett" put the finishing touches on his training this afternoon behind closed doors. He boxed several rounds with Charley Sieger and went through the usual practice, preceded by an eight-mile run on the road. His physician tonight pronounced him in fine condition.

MUST WEAR UNIFORMS

Secretary Root Issues Order to Army Officers About Clothing.

Washington, Nov. 26.—Secretary Root today issued an informal order for the officers on duty in the war department to appear during office hours in their regular service uniform. This action was brought about by the appearance some weeks ago of Adjutant General Corbin in service uniform. His action was followed by several other officers. Some of the officers, however, in the absence of special instructions did not wear their uniforms, and one of them addressed an official letter to the secretary of war asking if it was desired that officers should wear their uniforms. In reply to this an identical note was sent to the different bureau chiefs today saying that it was considered advisable for all officers of the army to wear their uniforms while on duty. It is intended that they shall appear in regular army uniforms with as little display as possible.

WOMAN AND AN APPLE

Has Yielded Again to the Historic Temptation.

Kokomo, Ind., Nov. 26.—A large red apple is responsible for a pretty romance and started Walter Deeringer of this county to Pana, Ill., to wed a girl he had never seen. Last winter a commission merchant received a carload of apples from Illinois. On a choice specimen in the middle of one barrel was pinned a note which read: "This was picked by Zola Ransom, Pana, Ill. Finder may write to me." The barrel was purchased by Walter Deeringer, a prosperous young farmer. He opened correspondence with Miss Ransom and as a result a wedding will be solemnized tomorrow. The bride is the daughter of a wealthy fruit grower near Pana. Deeringer, like Adam, yielded to the apple temptation.

HICKEY'S NEW CIRCUIT.

Western League Magnate Will Resign the Presidency.

St. Joseph, Mo., Nov. 26.—President Hickey of the Western baseball league in a statement this afternoon says that a circuit comprising Minneapolis, St. Paul, Kansas City, and Omaha in the west and Milwaukee, Indianapolis, Columbus and Toledo in the east has been formed. This will be the distinct outcome of the new western league now planned and which is to comprise Denver, St. Joseph, Colorado Springs, Sioux City, Des Moines and probably Lincoln. President Hickey will resign from the head of the present Western league at its annual meeting next week. This, it is believed, will end the threatened revolt of the Western league.

PRIZE FIGHT PROMOTERS

Are in Trouble Because of Failure to Pay Revenue.

Omaha, Nov. 26.—Promoters of four prize fights recently pulled off in this city are in trouble with the government over a failure to pay internal revenues. The promoters have been given until Dec. 1 to pay the revenues with a penalty attached or be indicted by the federal grand jury. Collector Stevenson says the managers of some small affairs have been trying to evade the revenue and he has ordered that full penalties shall be collected.

Ministers Go Into Politics

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 26.—Milwaukee's Protestant ministers will carry their campaign against vice in the city into the municipal campaign this spring. Objection is made by the Ministers' association to "wide open gambling" and the kinds of saloons which flourish without police interference. The Civic Righteousness committee was instructed today to visit the mayor and confer with him. If the mayor does not place himself squarely in line with the ministers' ideas a campaign from the different pulpits will be commenced upon him and waged unceasingly during the coming campaign.

High Priced Beef.

Sioux City, Nov. 26.—A choice load of Hereford heaves from South Dakota sold for seven cents per pound on the Sioux City market today, breaking all previous records for high priced sales at the stock yards. The cattle averaged 1083 pounds and the average price was $118 per head.

Two More Deaths.

Camden, N. J., Nov. 26.—Two more deaths from tetanus following vaccination were recorded in this city today, making a total of nine deaths from that disease during the past three weeks. Another death from tetanus is reported from Merchantville near here.

GETTING A JURY

Trial of the Negro Ferguson Is Commenced at Jacksonville.

FAIR JURORS ARE ACCEPTED

Court Room Crowded and Trial Is Expected to Last a Week.

Jacksonville, Nov. 26.—Court opened Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock with a smaller number of spectators than were present the day before. The case of Ferguson was to come up and when a few minutes after 9 Judge Thompson called the case, the state and the defense both said they were ready for trial, and the calling of jurors was immediately begun.

The defendant, Ferguson, sat by his attorneys, Lackner and Reeve, with his legs crossed and looking perfectly at ease. The witnesses were sitting about the court room inside the railing.

The examination of the jurors was begun at once by State's Attorney Smith, who stated the nature of the crime. He said the defendant was on trial for the murder of Dr. Joseph L. Barnes on the 7th day of May, 1901, at the Central hospital for the insane, by poisoning. The usual questions were put by both attorneys for the state and the defense, and the examination of the jurors was quite lengthy.

Thirty-two jurors have been called and twenty-four of them examined and three of them passed upon as competent, though some of these may be peremptorily later. Both the prosecution and the defense have each twenty peremptories. The defense has used five and the state but one. At the present rate a jury will not be obtained today and it is doubtful if a jury can be procured from the special venire of seventy-five.

The reasons that most of the jurors were excused upon were having fixed opinions, being prejudiced against the defendant because he was a negro or because the murdered man was an insane patient. The three men on the jury thus far declared competent are: William Hodgerson, an insurance man from Waverly. He is a married man and 32 years of age. Lewis Fishel of Arcadia, a married man about 35 years of age, and a farmer, and J. L. Tranbarger of Franklin.

Among those present today who were connected with the trial were: Prof. H. S. Grindley of Champaign, who made the chemical analysis of the contents of Dr. Barnes' stomach after his death and who will give testimony as to what the stomach contained; Dr. E. L. Crouch, physician at the Chester penitentiary, who was assistant physician at the insane hospital when the crime was committed and who saw Dr. Barnes in his last moment on earth. He will give testimony as to symptoms, actions, etc., and Mr. Koch, a city detective from Quincy.

At the afternoon session the work of examining jurors was resumed. C. E. Newton was discharged for entertaining conscientious scruples in regard to inflicting the death penalty, should the defendant be found guilty. The three jurors, together with Patrick Harmon, a farmer, living near Franklin, and 55 years, have been accepted by both sides.

The court room was packed with an interested audience this afternoon. All other cases for the week have been postponed.

WILL RECEIVE $5,000,000.

Mrs. Lyon Will Inherit This Great Fortune.

New York, Nov. 26.—Mrs. Elizabeth Lyon, who cheered the declining years of Henry Hart, encouraging and aiding him when disaster came thick and fast with the crash of the Third Avenue Railroad company, will inherit all of his millions, if his will is upheld in the courts.

Mrs. Lyon was a niece of the eccentric millionaire, being the only daughter of the late Abraham Hart, brother of Henry Hart.

By the will Mrs. Lyon becomes one of the wealthiest women in her own right in the country. She inherits every penny that Mr. Hart left, approximately $5,000,000. All of it is in personal property.

In the last year of his life Mr. Hart deeded all of his extensive real estate holdings outright to Mrs. Lyon. These amounted to $1,000,000 or more. An alleged brother of Mrs. Lyon, one Joseph A. Hart, formerly an actor, will contest the will.

One provision of the will stipulates that no niece or nephew or child of either shall receive under the will if he or she shall marry any one other than a Jew.

Will Dock German Ship

Newport News, Va., Nov. 26.—The German cruiser Vineta arrived here from West Indian waters with sea valves corroded to such an extent she will have to be docked and overhauled. The vessel will be the first warship of any nation permitted in a dock other than government yards. During the Spanish-American war even the United States vessels were not permitted to tie up to the piers of the shipyards here. This privilege accorded the German nation excited some interest.

Buy Right-of-Way.

Leads, Nov. 26.—The Burlington road has bought the right of way of the Wyoming and Dakota Railroad company and will build a branch from the Burlington main line to Rapid City.

CONFESSED HER CRIME

Mrs. Bonine Admitted Murder of Ayres to Attorney Gardner.

Washington, Nov. 26.—The fact was brought out today in the trial of Mrs. Lola Ida Bonine, for the killing of James Seymour Ayres, Jr., that she had made a private confession of her part in the tragedy the evening after the homicide, and several days before she took the police officials into her confidence. This recital was made to George B. Gardner, an attorney employed in the law division of the interior department, who was a boarder at the Kenmore hotel and usually sat at the same table at which Mrs. Bonine took her meals. Gardner was on the witness stand today and told his story for the first time. He said that Mrs. Bonine sought him out and asked his advice as to whether she should delay her confession until the theory of suicide, which was first entertained, should be fully exploited.

A number of other witnesses were heard during the day, several of them being men who had taken Ayres out to neighboring saloons during the evening of May 14, and one of whom had taken him to his room after midnight, about two hours before he met his death. The witness who took Ayres to his room was a young man named Burns, who stated that when he left Ayres the latter was perfectly sober. These witnesses generally agreed that Ayres had taken about two glasses of beer and that he was not under the influence of liquor. Burns said that on one occasion he had seen Ayres treat Mrs. Bonine contemptuously. He said she had nursed him (Burns) when sick and had visited his room both day and night. Other witnesses also testified that Mrs. Bonine had visited them when sick.

INVENTOR HOLLAND

Pleased With Test of Boat—Will Make It More Sure.

New York, Nov. 26.—Inventor Holland had stacks of congratulatory telegrams on his desk today, and an army of friends called to praise the submarine torpedo boat Fulton, which underwent a most successful submerged test of fifteen hours on Saturday and yesterday. The inventor was clearly much pleased with the boat's work, although he said it is only a small fraction of what it can do. He would not say when another long endurance test of the craft is to be made, but from another source it was learned that the Fulton will be sunk to the bottom of several fathoms of water for thirty-six hours some time next month.

The six men, headed by Captain Frank Cable, who was identified with the trial of Saturday night, will be the chief actors in the thirty-six hours test, standing watch and sleeping in turn.

MILITARY HONORS

Shown By England to Von Hatzfeldt, Late Ambassador.

London, Nov. 26.—Much significance is attached here to the unusual military tribute attending the removal of Count von Hatzfeldt's remains from the German embassy to the train which is to carry the body of the late ambassador. It is announced that King Edward commanded these honors be paid and it is understood the British government in so doing desired to show it was not affected by the anti-English tempest in Germany. The coffin of the count was borne to Victoria station on a gun carriage and escorted by First Life guards, a battalion of the Coldstream guards and 100 of the First Grenadiers formed a guard of honor. Representatives of the British foreign office and other departments were in the funeral procession.

SWEETHEARTS FORTY YEARS

Mr. Collings, 72, is Finally Married at Mattoon to Miss Sproules.

Mattoon, Ill., Nov. 26.—Henry J. Collings, aged 72 years, a farmer, living near this city, and Miss Margaret Sproules of Washington county, Va., were married here last night. They were sweethearts in Virginia forty years ago. After the groom's second wife died he met Miss Sproules, his first sweetheart, while visiting the old Virginia home. Their affection was renewed. They corresponded and Miss Sproules journeyed here to wed the man to whom she had been true all these years.

M'KINLEY'S ESTATE

Appraisement Shows Personal Property Valued at $135,890.16.

Canton, Ohio, Nov. 26.—Appraisers have filed their report of the appraisement of the late President McKinley. It shows the deceased died possessed of personal good and chattels to the value of $2,055.89; securities, bank deposits, and life insurance, $133,105.15; moneys, $129.15. The total personnel of the estate is $135,890.16, of which $60,132.19 is life insurance. The real estate was not appraised as under the will it goes to Mrs. McKinley for life and at her death to his family. It is believed to be worth $60,000 to $75,000.

SUSTAINS COMMISSION

In Case Against the Louisville and Nashville.

New Orleans, Nov. 26.—An important decision affecting the interests of the railroads was handed down by the United States circuit court of appeals today, in which the court sustained the decision of the interstate commerce commission against the Louisville & Nashville railroad in an appeal taken by the company, asking for a rehearing, which the court refused to grant. The case grew out of the alleged discrimination of the railroads against the town of Lagrange, Ga., on sugar, molasses and other freight from New Orleans to that point.

FALLING BACK

General Alban and His Force Attack Liberals at Barbacoa.

CONSERVATIVES LOSE MUCH

Severe Engagement is Likely to Follow at Monkey Hill Cemetery Today.

Colon, Nov. 26.—3:30 p. m.—The morning passenger train from Panama, due to arrive here at 11 o'clock, had not arrived up to the time of filing this message. Telegraphic communication between here and Panama is interrupted. This is conclusive proof that fighting is going on in the vicinity of Barbacoa. The result is as yet unknown. The afternoon passenger trains from here for Panama carried one hundred marines from the Iowa and the passengers who arrived by the steamer Orizaba.

At 4:40 p. m., the overdue passenger train, with a marine guard on board, arrived here. The train brings news to the effect that General Alban, with about 300 government troops, has crossed Barbacoa bridge and is continuing his march to Colon. The liberal forces continue to retreat before him. They explain their retreat by saying they have no ammunition. All of the fighting today occurred at Barbacoa bridge. Passengers on the delayed train assert that one hundred conservatives were killed and wounded during the fighting there and the liberal losses are insignificant. The liberals are now approaching Gatun station (five miles from Colon) and it is believed a severe engagement will probably be fought tonight or tomorrow morning, at Monkey Hill cemetery, one mile from the limits of Colon.

REPUBLICANS WILL MEET

Saturday to Nominate the Officers of the House.

Washington, Nov. 26.—Republican members of the house of representatives will meet in caucus Saturday at 2 o'clock for the purpose of nominating the house officers. There is no contest and Speaker Henderson and the other elective officers will be re-elected. It is expected there will be quite a sharp contest over readopting the Reed rules. All afternoon and evening, if necessary, will be given to discussing the subject.

The democratic caucus will be held at 11 o'clock Saturday to nominate the minority candidates and also name the few employes conceded to the minority.

Brigands Play Waiting Game

Sofia, Bulgaria, Nov. 26.—The brigands are determined to wait until the disappearance of snow permits them freedom of movements before resuming negotiations for the release of Miss Stone and Madame Tsilka. The impression which prevails among the best informed people here is that Dickinson's departure for Constantinople increases the difficulty of gaining the confidence of the brigands and expediting negotiations.

Woman Keeps Secret Well

Bridgeport, Conn., Nov. 26.—Mary Elizabeth Wright Smith created a sensation in the common pleas court here today by steadfastly refusing to comply with an order from Judge Howard J. Curtis to reveal the hiding place of $300,000 government bonds to escape the payment of a judgment of $300. Mrs. Smith is reputed to be worth half a million. The court tried to reason with her, but she was obdurate. Judge Curtis ordered the case adjourned until Wednesday.

Dies On Day She Prayed For

Mattoon, Ill., Nov. 26.—Mrs. Mary Fleshner died this morning, her seventy-fourth birthday. She was taken at several months ago, and death was daily expected. "I will live until my seventy-fourth birthday," she told her relatives. "For this I pray, and my prayers will be answered." Her prediction came true. Her husband died at the corresponding hour and minute twenty years ago.

Steamship Arrivals.

Gibraltar, Nov. 26.—Hohenzollern from New York for Naples and Genoa.

Bremen—Cassel from New York.

Queenstown—Ultonia from Boston for Liverpool.

New York—Zealand from Antwerp; Kronprinz Wilhelm from Bremen.

Bremen—Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse from New York.

Move Packing House

Chicago, Nov. 26.—The large packing plant of the Hammond company at Hammond, Ind., is to be moved to the Union stock yards in Chicago. The company in making the change will enlarge the capacity. A modern plant will be erected in the stock yards at a cost of from $1,500,000 to $2,000,000.

Lutheran Teacher Dead

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 26.—Prof. Christian Luecke died today, aged 74 years. He taught in the Lutheran schools of New York, Buffalo, Troy, Cleveland, Milwaukee and Chicago, teaching in Chicago at St. John's school for thirty years.

Elect Officers.

Cincinnati, Nov. 26.—The National Dining Table Manufacturers' association today elected officers with George A. Davis of Grand Rapids, Mich., as president.

A NOTE OF ALARM

Insurance Companies Sound a Warning Against Christmas Trees.

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 26.—Christmas trees may be a costly amusement to Philadelphia this year. The fire insurance companies have issued a warning calling attention to a clause in all policies making them void in case of extra hazard. This, it is held, refers to Christmas trees.

Herbert Wilmerding, secretary of the Fire Underwriters' association, said the warning is different from any heretofore issued.

The circular, after calling attention to dangerous Christmas tree decorations and lighting, says that one of the conditions of the insurance policy is that "this entire policy, unless otherwise provided by agreement, indorsed thereon or added thereto, shall be void if the hazard be increased by any means within the control or knowledge of the insured."

The circular further says that the making of certain Christmas displays would, under a strict interpretation of the conditions of the policy, render the contract of insurance void, unless the policy is indorsed with a special permission for the increased hazard.

Major Kelly Dead.

New York, Nov. 26.—Major John D. Kelley died in Brooklyn tonight, aged 62. He was a major general on General Longstreet's staff and served throughout the civil war. In the '70s he became a writer and business manager for Freeman's Journal, was city treasurer of the old city of Brooklyn and in 1875 was appointed Knight Commander of the Order of Gregory the Great by Pope Pius IX.

Fast Ship.

New York, Nov. 26.—The North German Lloyd twin screw express steamship Kron Prinz Wilhelm arrived this afternoon from Bremen, Southampton and Cherbourg after an exceedingly rough but nevertheless a fast trip, having made the passage from the latter port in quicker time by over two hours than any of her previous passages. Her time of passage on this, her third westward voyage, was five days and nineteen hours and six minutes.

Chicago Man Shot.

Salt Lake, Utah, Nov. 26.—William Haynes of Chicago, representing the firm of Keith Bros., in that city, was shot and dangerously wounded by a man named Kalgn while standing in the rotunda of the Knotsford hotel this afternoon. The shooting is said to have followed a quarrel. Haynes has been removed to a hospital.

The Charleston Ex.

Washington, Nov. 26.—Arrangements have been made for the opening of the South Carolina Interstate and West Indian exposition by the president next Monday. At the conclusion of an address by Senator Depew in Charleston messages of greeting and felicitation will pass between the managers of the exposition and at 2:30 the president will press a button which will set the machinery of the exposition in motion.

Raise in Wages

Chicago, Nov. 26.—The management of the Rock Island has completed the annual session with the board of adjustment representing the engineers of the entire system. The result is a raise in wages of about 100 men. The engineers of local freights are increased 20 cents per hundred miles. Engineers of switch engines and big draught engines $2.75 to $2.85 for ten hours' work.

Heavy Punishment

Madisonville, Ky., Nov. 26.—The trials of twenty-one men who were taken into the custody at the union camp last Sunday and will come up before Judge Hall tomorrow. The crime charged against is punishable by confinement in the penitentiary for not less than one year nor more than five.

Schley at Philadelphia

Philadelphia, Nov. 26.—Rear Admiral and Mrs. Schley arrived today and are guests of Colonel A. K. McClurg. More than one thousand people were at the station and gave the admiral an enthusiastic welcome.

Severe Winter.

London, Nov. 26.—Danish meteorologists predict a severe winter with great cold. Heavy snow storms have occurred in Austria and Spain with serious interruptions of railroad traffic. The temperature in Spain was lower than for many years past.

King Wants Divorce

Vienna, Nov. 26.—Hungarian papers allege that King Alexandria of Servia desires to divorce Queen Draga in order that he may marry his sister-in-law, Helene Benyewitch, and this is accounted for Queen Draga's recent hysterical outbreaks.

Discuss Tariff.

Bay City, Mich., Nov. 26.—Eleven Michigan and Ohio beet sugar companies were represented at a meeting here today. The tariff and other interests were discussed.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, Nov. 26.—Illinois—Partly cloudy Wednesday and Thursday; variable winds.

LOCAL WEATHER.

The following is a record of the temperature for the twenty-four hours ending Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock as reported by Prof. J. H. Coonradt, government observer:

7 a. m.	21	Highest	46
Noon	39	Lowest	20
7 p. m.	33		

Country Netted by Telephones

Probably more telephone exchanges have been established this season in central Illinois than ever before. Reports from every district in central Illinois tell of lines being placed in position. Illinois is simply a network of wires. Every little outlying station it seems that can squeeze in on the map of Illinois has an exchange. A drive through the country shows about as many poles as in the city, and probably as many men have been employed this year in placing poles and stringing wires as in any other line of business. The farmers living in the neighborhood of the exchange stations are delighted with the new order of things. Most of them have placed phones in their homes and by connection with the local exchange find it a great convenience to talk to towns having communication with the local office. The telephone has become invaluable in running down thieves and in reporting fires, especially from one farm house to another.

Card Shuffling Machine.

A card-shuffling machine has been invented by a Cleveland man. It should make business poor for crooked card-players. The device is complicated, yet simple in its action.

"Card-players who want a fair and honest game are enthusiastic in their praise of my machine," says the inventor. "They say it shuffles cards more thoroughly than can possibly be done by hand, and that it is impossible for a dealer to put up a hand to suit himself. I have exhibited the machine to a number of professional gamblers. Some of the keepers of gambling rooms told me they would do all they could to prevent the machine from being put in use, because it takes away all the advantage which the dealer's skill in shuffling gives to the house. But when the machine gets into the rooms where square games are played the fair players will go there, and the crooked rooms will then be compelled to adopt its use also."

The shuffling machine is a metal box about 12 inches high, 3 inches wide and 9 inches from front to back. All the mechanism is inside. The cards are dropped in at the top and rest on a tiny shelf. Below this there are five small fingers, one on each of five thin steel blades extending across the full width of the machine. When a shutter on the front is dropped the shelf falls and the cards drop upon the blades and are separated into five little irregular bunches by the fingers. The blades separate, and one by one cards drop from the various bunches into a receptacle at the bottom, the drop being regulated by a clockwork mechanism.

Another Convict Caught.

Leavenworth, Kan., Nov. 26.—Warden McCaughry has received word of the capture at Tuscumbia, Ala., of James Seymour, one of the convicts who escaped during the mutiny.

Ostend—Paw, what is a "white lie?" Paw—It is one a woman tells when she says, "This is so sudden!" to a suitor who has been calling around five years.

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The Cubans are now enjoying their first experience in an up-to-date presidential campaign.

Any sensible boy who abstains from the use of intoxicating liquors until he is 21 years of age is safe. At that age the young man is able to think and take care of himself.

The very latest from the Platte is that Colonel Bryan intends to run for governor of Nebraska. This either means secession from the party or coercion of the party. The Colonel proposes to be in at the killing.

The present grand jury has been in session about forty-eight days and returned forty-eight indictments in one lot. With such a record as this the members are not open to the charge that they have not been doing a daily business.

Probably the most useless discussion now going on is that which involves the question where Seth Low's vote came from. He had enough to elect him and was not supported by Tammany and that should satisfy all sensible people.

The Baltimore American concludes that as Bishop Fitzgerald is criticised for playing chess and another divine has been asked to resign because he writes novels, some people don't want a minister to have any fun except that of trying to collect his wages.

The United States last year exported animals and animal products to the value of $230,000,000, including 48,000 horses and mules. Some of these of course, went to South Africa, but the per cent of horses and mules sent there is not as large as might be supposed.

One of the best things the Chicago University has yet done is the stand it has taken in favor of learning to spell and learning it the old-fashioned way, which one of the professors asserts is about the only way to put good spelling into a head so that it will stick.

The fact that the physicians and surgeons who attended President McKinley will present no bills but will depend entirely upon congress is commendable to the profession. To say the least, the American people will regard the procedure with more favor than they did that of our naval commanders going into court to collect their claims for the destruction of Spanish ships.

DID THE PROPER THING.

An "old soak" up at La Salle, Ill., has adopted a policy that is quite praiseworthy. Having drank enough whisky to float a battleship in liberal portions from day to day, he concluded to tempt fate by seeing how much he could consume in a seven days' debauch. He resigned his position as hostler in a livery stable and with fifty dollars that he had to his credit started out. At the end of seven days he was dead and investigation by the coroner's jury revealed the fact that during that time he had drunk $38.00 worth of liquor in one saloon, having consumed during that time fourteen gallons of beer and the same amount of whisky; at a total expense of $88.00. If every encumberer of the ground would go and do likewise there would be a temporary boom in the undertaking business and perhaps considerable extra expense to the counties, but the end would be that there would be a great saving all around. The trouble with men who commit suicide by whisky is that they drag the thing out to interminable lengths.

SAW ONLY THE SHADOW.

The following story was printed in a metropolitan newspaper a few days ago. It is worth repeating everywhere, for it illustrates a situation more graphically than an elaborate argument could do.

A prominent senator was en route for Washington and one of his fellow passengers proved to be a shoe manufacturer who was a delegate to the next week's reciprocity convention. The delegate was full of his subject.

"We must have reciprocity—reciprocity, sir!" he exclaimed over and over again.

"What is reciprocity?" finally asked the senator.

"Why, sir," said the shoe manufacturer delegate, "reciprocity is—well, reciprocity. Aren't you in favor of it?"

"Oh, yes," said the senator, "I am in favor of it. I want a reciprocity treaty with France, for instance."

"Good, good!" exclaimed the shoe manufacturer rubbing his hands in satisfaction.

"Yes, a treaty with France," continued the senator; "one that will enable our manufacturers of farming implements to sell their goods in France without paying any duty, and in return, for that the French are to be permitted to send their shoes, slippers, patent leathers and such goods to this country duty free."

"Thunder! That will never do!" shouted the delegate; "what the deuce do we care about the implement manufacturers? What we want is free hides!"

The error this delegate fell into is a very common one, not only among manufacturers but among some workmen. Our interests are so varied that to frame a logical tariff bill requires most exhaustive hearings of all interests represented in the country. The consensus of those hearings is taken and upon it the bill is formulated. The manufacturer of iron products sees only his interests and he could not make a logical tariff bill. The same is true of the shoe manufacturer, the miller and the coal operator. The Wilson tariff law was a failure because these facts were not considered. The bill was illogical and therefore worthless even as a tariff for revenue measure. It is an easy matter for one man, with his own interests paramount, to prejudice his judgment, to decide what should be done with the other fellows' interests. The same trouble occurs where an individual like the delegate to the reciprocity congress referred to undertakes to determine, from his own point of view, upon what interests reciprocity could be applied, but he never applies it to the goods he produces. The reciprocity congress discovered this difficulty as soon as the meeting was called to order. The inference is that each was willing to use the other fellows' products for reciprocal purposes, but none were willing that his products should be so used and the conference ended without accomplishing anything of course.

These lessons teach that a tariff bill promulgated by a republican ways and means committee in congress is the best judgment of the committee reached through hearings and investigations of the needs of all industries, not in the interests of the manufacturers, as some would have us believe, but in behalf of the prosperity of all the interests of the country, both protected and unprotected. It is well known, that, when the manufacturing industries of the country are doing business workmen are employed and all the people are benefitted. When there are good wages in the mill the farmer gets good prices for his products and the wages of the carpenter and bricklayer keeps pace with the wages in the mill.

ALL IN THE POINT OF VIEW.

The American Economist, using as its text the following from the Alton (Ill.) Democrat preaches a truthful and convincing sermon:

Under the present system of American protection and trust expansion the workingmen of America are paying a tariff tax so that "the pauper labor of Europe" can buy American articles cheaper than they!—Alton (Ill.) Democrat.

Now, Mr. Democrat, we gather from the above and accompanying remarks that you object to our manufacturers selling any goods abroad for less than they sell the same goods at home. And yet we wonder if you would carry your objection to the point of refusing to buy foreign goods sent here to be sold at or near or even below the cost in order to clear out stocks in the old country and keep the mills there running, or even cut under American products.

Suppose a manufacturer finds a surplus of goods on hand. He must make a clearance sale at any price he can get, or shut down his factory till his market in due course relieves him. Which shall he do, Mr. Democrat? Are you prepared to say that he should not sell off this lot for any lower price than his customers have paid for like goods this season? Are you of the opinion that he should take the other alternative and shut down his factory until the market catches up? If so, you would make a fine merchant and a successful manufacturer—we don't think.

If, however, you take the other and only sensible view—to wit, that the factory should be kept running and as full of work as possible and that to assure the same surplus products should be kept well sold down, even by the sacrifice of a profit thereon when necessary to move them, you can hardly object to the foreign sales which are sometimes but not always made at lower than home rates.

The trouble with you is the same that has afflicted our free trade brethren all the way down. It is not that you are bad, or that your logic is essentially faulty. The whole train of evil teaching arises from the fact that your point of view is wrong. You start with an error in your aim. Your point of view is that of the purchaser as such. Your great end and purpose is to buy things cheaply. That is your political idol, your economic good. You don't care who makes the goods, whether your next door friend or a half-starved slave in a foreign land. In order to buy things cheaply you demand that all tariffs shall be thrown down. Your motto is that a man has a right to buy where he can buy cheapest and that governments have no right to interfere. So far as that goes you are an anarchist. Don't try to dispute this, because your free-trade prophets and seers have preached exactly these doctrines for many years. Now take a look at the protectionist's point of view. He is less concerned for the cheapness of things than for the acquirement of ample means with which to buy. In other words his aim is to provide work for the worker with the best possible wage therefor. His motto is: Keep the factory humming. Meaning the factory in this country.

When everybody has money and all goods are in sharp demand prices are bound to be stiffer than when the reverse is true. The cost of living per capita is $25.29 greater now than in July, 1897, when the country was at its lowest ebb, but the average of earnings has increased many times $25.29 a year since then. For proof of this look at the tremendous increase in savings banks deposits. The important thing, then, is to secure an ample income rather than to buy cheaply. Work first, prices afterward. Sell the goods anywhere you can and at prices that will keep things going, the men at work at good wages and pay a profit on the whole transaction.

PENSIONING PRESIDENT'S WIDOWS

The proposition to pension the widow of the late President McKinley has brought to the front friends of the late President Harrison with a similar proposition as to his widow. This has developed a situation which promises to be anything but pleasant. It is claimed that Mrs. Harrison is not the widow of a president but of an ex-president, as she became the wife of Benjamin Harrison after his term expired. On this ground there will be earnest opposition to the proposed pension for his widow. Aside from the opposition in congress the children of the first Mrs. Harrison are opposed to the proposed pension, Col. Russell Harrison going so far as to state he will appear before the committee on pensions and oppose the bill. It seems, inasmuch as the present Mrs. Harrison was never the mistress of the white house, that the granting of a pension to her might not be quite regular. To say the least, it would establish a bad precedent. She does not need it and therefore the refusal of the pension would work no hardship.

Kruger and his friends take exceptions to the recent speech of Mr. Broderick. In answer to his statement that the British hold as prisoners 63,000 Boers they point to the statement made by the British government at the outbreak of the war that the Boers could muster but 30,000 and claim that the Boers still have an army in the field and get more men where they got those exceeding the British estimate.

President Taft of the Philippine commission is physically in worse condition than has been reported. It was understood when he went to the Philippines he would remain three years. He has been there but eighteen months and the fact that he is about to come home indicates that he will not return.

Uncle Sam's marines are quite busy about Colon and Panama preventing the warring factions there from interfering with the isthmian traffic, but they are having their way about it it seems and other powers are applauding their method of short-cutting the gutatableness of the situation as they see it.

It is said that a single mining district in Colorado is producing $30,000,000 in gold a year. With the continued increase in gold production it may be necessary to make potatoes or some other product worth more than its weight in gold the unit of value.

The Pana city clerk, having been found short in his accounts, the mayor proceeded to appoint a successor who was rejected by the council. The latter body evidently does not intend to take any more chances.

The Pennsylvania Methodists are said to be a sturdy set of people full of saving faith but they could not swallow Dr. Swallow.

The gamblers appear to have taken a vacation, not altogether for their health.

The "glorious climate of California" can scarcely equal that of central Illinois up to date this fall.

Tommy Atkins appears to be pretty sick of his job in South Africa. It might be more agreeable to him if he would quit and go home.

With its elegant new library in sight, the James Millikin University ready to be founded, Decatur begins to have something of a literary aroma about it already.

The football game between Harvard and Yale was a very tame and uninteresting affair. No one was killed and only one man had to go to the hospital. Yale put up such a mild article of the great college sport that Harvard did not need to kill anyone to win.

It is safe to say that the Decatur Herald is the most sought after paper ever printed in this city. The voting contest is stirring things on a grand scale. Nearly ten thousand votes in the first week indicates something of the widespread interest. New subscribers are almost falling over each other to get on the list. The growth has been phenomenal.

A special from Fort Wayne, Ind., says that in the football game between the Fort Wayne high school and Huntington high school, Sunderland, a Fort Wayne player, sustained a double fracture of the leg, and Dinius of Huntington received internal injuries, the nature of which has not yet been announced. A tie game was played. When will our colleges and high schools either abandon or reform this brutal sport?

The Peoria Journal, the Galesburg Mail and other papers in Illinois are running voting contests. This is occasionally a good newspaper enterprise, as the Review showed quite successfully about two years ago.—Review.

Our neighbor might easily have learned that the biggest voting contest ever known in this section is now in session right here in Decatur. The Herald's "most popular lady employe" contest is taking the linen from the shrubbery and at the same time breaking all records of the past.

Governor Yates is presumed to want to succeed himself. Speaker Sherman is credited with an ambition to succeed Governor Yates in 1904. A good deal of the preliminary skirmishing is now going on. It may seem early, but it is not so. The state convention will be held not many months from now. In this the party organizations will be a vital issue and will in large part influence the struggle two years later. As it now is, Governor Yates has the "organization" and it will be the solemn business of Sherman to break this up and build another. If he can do this he can make it highly interesting for Governor Yates. There are a good many shifts and changes growing out of the death of former Governor Tanner. These contests among republicans indicate the vigor of the party and betoken a continuation of party success unless these struggles for supremacy should result in factional embitterment.

Dr. Crane, who succeeded Dr. Thomas as pastor of the People's church, Chicago, is having a nice time over his thanksgiving service. Dr. Crane is now classed as a "liberal" religionist. Rev. Jenkin Lloyd Jones is the leader of liberal religionists in Chicago. It has been customary to hold union thanksgiving services in McVicker's theatre where Crane's church meets regularly each Sunday. It was the time for Jones to preach. But Dr. Crane, having recently left his Methodist pulpit to succeed Dr. Thomas, wanted to do a little preaching himself this thanksgiving day. Hence he called off Dr. Jones. Upon which Jones became as red in the face as the turkey gobbler's snout that will adorn his table on the day of national thanksgiving. He wrote Crane a "sassy" letter and nobody can be "sassier" than Frank Crane when he has his coat-tails stepped on. The result has been that these "liberal" brethren are not dwelling together in unity. They are not doing this a bit better than a couple of orthodox preachers would do. They are metaphorically pulling each other's clerical wool. In fact, the unsanctified could hardly be more undignified. It seems, though, that Dr. Crane is a few laps ahead. He coolly informed his friend Jones that leaving a Methodist pulpit to accept that of the People's church did not make it necessary for him to affiliate with all the religious isms and notions calling themselves "liberal."

A special correspondent writes from Washington that one of the first things to engage the attention of congress is to be the question of franchises in the Philippines. There are two strong parties in congress whose views are directly opposed, and any legislation on this subject can only be accomplished after a hard fight. The Philippine commission has found that it is difficult, if not impossible, to secure the rapid development of the islands and particularly that of Luzon, because it is impossible to guarantee any permanence to public franchises.

When the Spooner amendment was added to the army appropriation bill last spring an additional amendment, drafted by Senator Hoar was also passed, which reads as follows:

"Provided further, That no franchise shall be granted which is not approved by the president of the United States, and is not, in his judgment, clearly necessary for the immediate government of the islands, and indispensable for the interests of the people thereof, and which cannot, without great public mischief, be postponed until the establishment of permanent civil government; and all such franchises shall terminate one year after the establishment of such permanent civil government."

It is the last clause of this amendment which has been creating all the trouble in the Philippines and which many of the leaders in congress believe must be repealed before any material advancement in the islands can be expected.

The Philippine commissioners desire to encourage the use of American capital in the islands, but they have been entirely unable to induce anybody to consider any railroad or other public enterprises, because under the Hoar amendment the franchise, even if approved by President Roosevelt, would be terminated one year after the establishment of permanent civil government.

If the supreme court follows the analogy of the Porto Rican cases congress will be forced to provide for permanent civil government. Many prominent senators are convinced that the Hoar amendment will have to be repealed at once to prevent a complete stagnation in the commercial and financial conditions in the islands. This repeal, however, cannot be secured without a fight.

There is a strong element, particularly in the house, which is bitterly opposed to the granting of all franchises prior to the establishment of civil government on the theory that it is unjust to the people of the Philippines to make a contract in their name which they can neither repeal nor amend.

This question of franchise in the Philippines will, it is predicted, be the first and the hardest fought battle of the first session of the Fifty-seventh congress so far as insular affairs are concerned.

FRIGHTENED BY A TRAIN

Mrs. M. A. Ashton Thrown From Her Buggy On Railroad Avenue.

Wednesday afternoon about 3 o'clock, Mrs. M. A. Ashton was thrown from a buggy near her home on Herkimer street and painfully bruised. Mrs. Ashton was driving east on Herkimer street quite rapidly and turned north on Railroad avenue just west of the Illinois Central right of way. Just as she turned the southbound passenger train on the Vandalia dashed by, frightening the horse which tore out of the harness and dragged Mrs. Ashton over the dashboard to the ground. The animal went down the alley to his barn. Mrs. Ashton was taken to her home where it was found that she was not seriously injured. The shafts of the buggy were broken and the harness considerably damaged.

Persons on the train who saw the woman lying on the ground supposed that the rig had been hit by the train and such a report gained some currency.

Banner Route.

Sangamon county is now the banner rural mail route of the United States. The postal authorities were advised Tuesday that nine more rural districts have been added to Sangamon county, making thirty-eight routes solely in Sangamon county. The routes radiating from points in adjoining counties extend into that county, making a total of forty routes in the county. Not a person in Sangamon county resides more than half a mile from a route and not one of the routes is more than twenty-five miles in length. Salaries to rural mail carriers in this county amount to $18,000 annually.

THE FAT IN

the food supplies warmth and strength; without it the digestion, the muscles, the nerves and the brain are weak, and general debility follows. But fat is hard to digest and is disliked by many. Scott's Emulsion supplies the fat in a form pleasant to take and easy to digest. It strengthens the nerves and muscles, invigorates mind and body, and builds up the entire system.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

HASTY STRIKE WARNING.

The Note is Sounded by President Gompers.

President Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, has issued a circular addressed to all affiliated unions, warning them against going into strikes too hastily. The circular in part says: "No strike should be ordered until every effort has been made by a committee to settle the difference with the employer. A strike should be inaugurated only as a last resort. A conciliatory policy is more advantageous than a contest. Arbitration should be offered before a strike should be begun. It is easier to adjust a difference before a strike than after. When the union enters into an agreement with an employer its terms should be faithfully kept, regardless of temptations to break it. The union should be maintained in defeat as well as in victory. In case of discouraging circumstances maintain the organization. The time will come when the workers will realize the necessity for union, and a union maintained will make unnecessary a large amount of preparatory work."

WANTS A DIVORCE

This Time the Suit May Not Be Withdrawn—Infidelity Charged.

In the circuit court Wednesday Agnes Stoneburner filed a petition asking for a divorce from her husband, Levi Stoneburner. This is the second and perhaps the third time that the woman has filed such a petition, but the case has never come to a trial, the petitions having been withdrawn.

In the bill filed Wednesday the woman relates that she was married at Mattoon on Oct. 22, 1900, and lived with the defendant until September of this year, when she left him because she learned that he was faithless to his marriage vows. She names two women as co-respondents. She says that her husband is an employe of the Moweaqua Coal company and has a salary of at least $80 per month. He likewise has an equity in a house and lot which she estimates is worth $500. The plaintiff wants the court to order that she be allowed a sum sufficient for her maintenance until this suit can be heard.

ABOUT LEVY.

Supposed to Have Gone to Decatur on Saturday Night.

The friends of Michael Levy, the old man who disappeared from Cerro Gordo have found what they believe is a trace of the missing man, but it ended blind.

Late Saturday night an aged man answering the description of Levy was at Riley's hotel on Front street. When asked to register he said that he could neither read nor write and his name cut no figure. Levy is illiterate and can not write. This man left Riley's early Sunday morning.

Early Saturday morning a man answering the description of Levy entered the depot at Cerro Gordo and said first that he wanted a ticket to New York. Then he asked for a ticket to Peru, Ind., and finally paid for one to Decatur.

Levy formerly lived in Peru, Ind., and a letter from that place said that Levy many years ago had a habit of disappearing for a few days, but in time he would return safe and sound. It is said of Levy that he was formerly given to drinking not a little, but that of late he had not indulged in that habit. So far as it known Levy had only $4 in his pocket when he left Grason's.

Deeds Recorded.

Savings Fund, Building association to Clarence G. Taylor, lot 4 in block 20 in Carver's addition to Decatur; $550.

A. W. Conklin to Henry F. Ward, lot 1 in J. King's addition to Decatur except 30 feet off of the south side thereof; $2500.

John E. Collins to Bettie C. Stoner, the west half of lot 1 and the north 20 feet off of the west half of lot 2 in White & Brosh's addition to Niantic; $300.

W. M. Stickle to J. L. Stickle, the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of 30, 16, 3 east, and that part of the northeast quarter which lies south and west of the I. D. & W. railway; $1.

James J. Finn to G. F. Drobisch, master's deed to the east half of lot 7 in J. R. Gorin's addition to Decatur; $1.

H. Clay Wilson, trustee, to A. T. Summers, lot 4 block 7 in North addition to Decatur; $1250.

James J. Finn to Lowber Burrows, master's deed to lot 13 in block 3 in Montgomery & Shull's addition to Decatur; $674.

Joseph W. Nelson to Chas. L. Swartz, 105 feet off of the south end of lot 8 in block "A" in village of Oakley; $180.

S. R. Gher, administrator, to G. W. Ehrhart, lots 10 and 11 in block 1 in M. Forstmeyer's addition to Decatur; $2100.

Reciprocity

Last spring when there were several cases of small pox at Warrensburg the authorities of the village of Latham were greatly exercised for fear some one who had visited the burg would get within the limits of Latham. So great was that fear that watchmen were stationed to question every one who came down the road to learn if they had been in the burg. Now there are eight cases of small pox in Latham, three families bein afflicted. The Warrensburg and other village folk in that section are now doing the same thing that Latham did nearly a year ago, and according to the Warrensburg statesmen this act is an illustration of the theory known as reciprocity.

A man always feels contemptible when he lets a girl kiss him against her will.

When a clock is wound up it goes; when a business is wound up it stops.

"Let the GOLD DUST twins do your work."

GOLD DUST

makes the clothes white and clean without injury to the fabric in any way.
"Housework is hard work without Gold Dust."
For greatest economy buy our large package.
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago.

Irwin's Fig Laxative Syrup

Is an excellent remedy for torpid liver and habitual constipation, does not gripe and is easily taken by both young and old.

Large bottle 40c

I. N. Irwin & Co.
Druggists
North End Central Block

DR. C. C. MILLS,
Veterinary Surgeon.
Excellent Hospital and Surgical Facilities
Calls Day or Night.
Office and Hospital 803 East Main St.
Both Phones.

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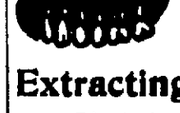
DR. E. T. EVANS,
DENTIST.
307-308 Powers Building,
Hours 8 to 12 a. m.; 1 to 5 p. m.
Decatur, Illinois.

NERVITA PILLS
Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood
Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box, 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.
60 PILLS 50 CTS.

Nervita Tablets EXTRA STRENGTH
(YELLOW LABEL)
Immediate Results
Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Nightmare, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Pareses, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address
NERVITA MEDICAL CO.
Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.
Sold in Decatur, Ill., by John E. King



BEST TEETH $8.00
Extracting Free.
When teeth are ordered.

Bridgework, the very finest	$4.00
Gold Crown 22K, hand carved	4
Full set teeth	$4.00, $5.00
Gold fillings	75c and up
Silver fillings	50c and up
Cement fillings	25c and up
Teeth cleaned and polished	25c and up
Plates repaired	25c and up
Teeth extracted without pain	25c

All work guaranteed.
DR. F. A. WARNES.
153 N. Water St.

Pension Board

The pension board Wednesday examined three applicants for increased pensions: Harrison P. Hampton of Illiopolis, George W. Martin of Decatur and Joel R. Eby of Oakley.

USE ALLEN'S FOOT EASE.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. Your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen, sweating feet, ingrowing nail, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

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"Let the GOLD DUST twins do your work."

GOLD DUST

makes the clothes white and clean without injury to them in any way.
"It makes hard work without Gold Dust."
For great satisfaction buy our large packages.
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY. Chicago.

Irwin's Fig Laxative Syrup

Is an excellent remedy for torpid liver and habitual constipation, does not gripe and is easily taken by both young and old.
Large bottle 40c

I. N. Irwin & Co.
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DR. C. C. MILLS,
Veterinary Surgeon.
Excellent Hospital and Surgical Facilities
Calls Day or Night.
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BOOTH TUCKER

Noted Salvation Army Worker Greeted By a Large Audience.

TELLS OF THE ARMY WORK.

Booth Tucker, commander of the Salvation Army in America, arrived in Decatur Wednesday noon on Wabash train No. 14 from St. Louis. Commander Booth Tucker and his staff travel in the private car Crystal which was placed at their disposal by the company as a compliment to the commander. About twenty persons make up the party including beside Commander Tucker, Brigadier Chandler, in charge of the training work and private secretary to the commander, Brigadier Stephen Marshall of the midland province, Staff Officer Sammons, Lieutenant Dot Graham, the little Welsh nightingale, Captain Narraway and Captain Brenner, who was trained for a rabbi. The national staff brass band numbering fifteen pieces and made up of staff officers is an important part of the company. Staff Captain Agnes Mackenzie, who is in charge of the singing brigade, was some years ago stationed at Decatur. She is known as the Scotch Warbler and has a voice of rare sweetness.

Staff Captain Trumble of the band is recognized throughout the world as the finest cornetist in connection with the Salvation Army work.

The staff officers generally are manly, good looking and intelligent appearing.

A parade of the officers and the band was held about 3 o'clock and in the evening Commander Tucker addressed a large audience at the Tabernacle, giving his celebrated lecture entitled "Light in Darkness."

The program was as follows:

Song—"O'er Columbus, from Ocean to Ocean," led by the national staff brass band.

Prayer—Brigadier Marshall, the provincial officer.

Chorus—"Nearer, My God, to Thee."

Introductory part of "Light in Darkness," Commander Booth Tucker.

Collection on behalf of the local work.

Selection by the national staff brass band.

Song—"Come, Come, He's Calling for Thee," Lieutenant Dot Graham.

Illustrated part of "Light in Darkness," including song, "Come, Ye Disconsolate, Staff Captain Mackenzie.

1. Shelters for homeless.
2. Industrial homes for workless.
3. Mammoth Xmas cheer for the poor.
4. Work among the children.

Song—"Fallen by the Way-side," Staff Captain Mackenzie.

5. Rescue homes and slum work.
6. Farm colonies for city poor.
7. Work in other lands.
8. Some army leaders.

"Rock of Ages" by the entire congregation.

COMMANDER'S ADDRESS.

The commander spoke of the great work being done by the Salvation Army in the whole world and aptly compared it to an electric lamp shedding light in darkness, the staff and the organization forming the machinery of the lamp and the money given to the cause representing the carbons which are consumed to make the light.

He said: "I was speaking with some of the pastors of the city this afternoon and one of them said to me that we need a wholesale salvation and to give up this retail salvation. We need a great revival and if necessary we will storm the very gates of heaven and if they are not opened to us we will like Samson lift them from their hinges and carry them to the foot of the throne and demand that light be given us.

"The four divisions of darkness are: Churchlessness, worklessness, homelessness and worthlessness. These are the four Goliaths who are seeking to overthrow the four great pillars of Christianity and civilization; religion, industry, home and individual worth.

"I asked a son of Dwight L. Moody what proportion of the workingmen his father estimated attended worship regularly. He said: 'Between 5 and 8 per cent.' But I won't believe it. Surely there are more. However, it would be no exaggeration to say that 50 per cent of these men never attend any place of worship. Where are they? In the 'open air,' in the tenements and in the saloon! In the 'open air!' and God has given us wonderful power to draw them. And what is the most effective instrument for the purpose? The drum! Into the saloons ever we have followed and many precious jewels have we found for our Master's crown.

"Worklessness—one of the saddest phases of modern civilization. A fair estimate of the men who cannot find continuous employment, places the number in this country at 3,000,000. In one month the Army has furnished employment for 4,000 persons and in their 50 industrial homes last year 850 men produced value to the amount of $80,000.

"Two hundred jobs were found for workless men by the Army during the last three months." Commander Tucker then told of a young German who came to their office when he was discouraged to the point of committing suicide. He was taken care of and now has a good position and is happy. From this he went on to tell of the various homes that have been established, industrial homes, workingmen's hotels, hotels for young women, houses of refuge for fallen girls and even cheap horse shelters.

In speaking of the method employed in caring for entire families of the poor he said:

"The modern method of treating such cases is to break up the home. 'Domicide' I have named it and such a practice generally applied amounts to national suicide. What are we to do with the family then? Not break it up! But, take the waste labor and place it on the waste land with the waste capital and out of that trinity of waste form a unity of production!

"Put the landless man on the manless land.

"And we have done just this. Three hundred families have been given each twenty acres of good land, a cottage, horses and other domestic animals, poultry and implements with which to work. They are expected to pay for it all and interest on the amount advanced at six per cent. Some of our colonists are now four years old and a number of the colonists have paid for all their land and equipment and have even built themselves more commodious cottages. Five or six thousand families are waiting for a chance to get a home in one of our colonies.

"Three of these have been established, one in California, one in Colorado and one, the Fort Herrick colony, near Cleveland, Ohio.

"When you say to the working people: 'You have a right to a home and a family,' and when you make it possible for the young men and young women to get married you won't have much vice.

"When you have eliminated churchlessness and worklessness and homelessness you won't have very much worthlessness to contend with."

After a selection by the band and a song by Lieutenant Graham, the lights were lowered and a series of fine stereopticon views were shown, illustrating the various homes, workingmen's hotels, refuges, etc., maintained by the army. Besides the domestic views some interesting scenes from foreign lands were shown and a number of portraits of prominent officers. The song mentioned in the program was beautifully illustrated. One of the most interesting parts of the exhibition was that devoted to views of the colonies and colonists established by the army.

After the exhibition the meeting closed with a short prayer meeting.

The party left last night for Racine, Wis., where they will hold their next meeting.

Millions USE Cuticura Soap

Assisted by Cuticura Ointment, the Great Skin Cure, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of Women use CUTICURA SOAP in the form of baths for annoying inflammations and irritations, or too free or offensive perspirations, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, especially mothers. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others. CUTICURA SOAP combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap, the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world.

Complete Treatment for every Humor, CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood.

Sold throughout the world. British Depot: F. Newbery & Sons, 27 Charterhouse Sq., London. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

DR. J. M. BLYTHE
DENTIST.

I have recently removed from the Masonic Temple and have taken rooms 310 and 312 Millikin Building, where I will be pleased to have my patrons, old and new, call on me.
SERVICES THE BEST.
PRICES THE LOWEST.
My twenty-five years' experience speaks for itself.

THE TRIAL DRAGS

Constant Objections In Harkrader Damage Suit Make Progress Slow

THE DEFENSE IS INSANITY

Jim Harkrader Is Described As An Irresponsible, Hysterical, Weak Minded Man—An Unusual Divorce Case.

Last night circuit court was adjourned until Friday morning at 9 o'clock. When the adjournment was ordered Miss Ona Harkrader was on the witness stand testifying in behalf of her father. Her story had not been completed when court adjourned and she will go on the stand again on Friday.

Mrs. Anna Harkrader, the plaintiff, was on the stand nearly three hours. Among other things she testified that one time during her married life she had agreed to pretend to desert her husband and go to Chicago to live with her married sister, because her husband had said he would be disinherited if they continued to live together.

There has not in years been a law suit where there was more wrangling and arguing about points of law as to the competency of evidence. The attorneys object to everything and if that feature was eliminated the trial of the suit would occupy about half of the time that will be consumed.

MRS DILLER.

testified to the affection the couple had one for the other and never had any trouble so far as she knew.

A. W. HENDRICKS

was recalled and testified to a conversation with Isaac Harkrader when he delivered the keys to the latter. Isaac was quoted as saying that he had seen Jim through lots of trouble and would see him through this, his trouble with his wife.

DEPUTY SHERIFF WILSON

was recalled in reference to what Jim had said after his arrest at Mrs. Harkrader's funeral in Maroa. The prosecution offered to prove that Jim said to Wilson: "Don't blame me for what I did. He made me do it." The court sustained the objection to that testimony.

ANNA HARKRADER,

the plaintiff, related something of her first acquaintance with James Harkrader; that they were married in Chicago in July, 1899, and that he had given her $50 to buy her wedding clothes. After their marriage they lived a little more than a month with his parents and then moved into their own house on East William street. They lived happily until September of the following year when the pickle episode occurred. A few days later Jim was taken ill and his father called to see him. The father said: "Anna, what do you mean by buying pickles this way, and causing all this trouble?" She denied that they had any trouble and Jim said the same except what they (the old folks) had made for them. That afternoon Isaac Harkrader and wife called again and the father again complained that Anna Harkrader had bought things on credit and caused the trouble and added: "You made that boy swallow a lie this morning when he said you had never had any trouble." Jim again declared that he and his wife had had no trouble except what his parents had caused them. On Nov. 10 Jim became ill and was taken to his father's home. She called there to see him and she was not treated in a cordial way and her offer to stay and assist in nursing her husband was declined. The next day she went in unannounced and overheard Mrs. Harkrader talking to Jim about her (the witness.) Then Isaac came into the room and Anna told him that she had been taken to task for giving Jim such a handsome nightshirt. They sneered at her when she said, "My husband." Isaac said: "You think because that boy loves you, you can wind him about your finger but I'll show you different." She was further informed that she had caused trouble constantly since she had been in the family. A few days later she called on Isaac and asked him to use his influence to have Jim come home again but that suggestion was declined. A few days later Mrs. Anna Harkrader and her sister met Jim and his father and the sister suggested to Jim that he come home again and Isaac asked her if she was the dictator in that case.

Another time Isaac told her that she had done nothing but spoil Jim's money and cause him trouble. That she had been wearing both Jim's and his (Isaac's) trousers and he (Isaac) intended to stop it. She related that while she was away from her home Jim and his father went to her house and removed the greater part of the household furnishings and the chickens. She told that she was compelled to leave the house. She said that she had been accused of extravagance and that she and her husband had lived on $5 per week.

THE DEFENSE.

First called Mrs. Champion, who had nursed Mrs. Isaac Harkrader during her last illness. A few days before the death of the latter the witness met Mrs. Anna Harkrader on the street and they had a conversation in which Anna Harkrader expressed regret that her mother-in-law was so seriously ill. She was also quoted as saying that she had always regarded Isaac Harkrader and his daughter as her friends and could not understand why it was that her mother-in-law had anything against her. She also asked Mrs. Champion to express to Isaac Harkrader and his daughter the sincere sympathy she felt for them.

W. H. M'HENRY

Said that he did not regard Jim Harkrader as being bright. He told of selling two watches to Jim. He told too that Jim could relate the most outlandish things as personal experiences. One was a test that Jim said he had made with a watch on an electric light dynamo. The witness said any man who knew anything about watches knew that the thing Jim related was a physical impossibility. He knew Jim as a visionary, as one who would relate the most unheard of snake stories and declare them, not things that had been told him, but as things which had happened to him.

ONA HARKRADER,

the daughter of the defendant, was on the stand when court adjourned. She is a pretty young woman and there was a craning of necks to get a good view of her. The silence became impressive when she testified, because her tones were soft and low and everyone wanted to hear what she had to say. According to her story her brother Jim was a nervous, hysterical, irresponsible person and had always been so regarded by the family. He had tried a number of business ventures, but none of them were successful. Physically he was not able to do any heavy work. One day in May Jim became suddenly enraged about something, no one ever knew what caused it. He threw a handful of small change all over the house and rushed to the barn where he hid in an oats bin. That was at 7 a. m. and he remained there until 3 p. m. in spite of the fact that the bin was suffocatingly hot. On one occasion Jim in confidence told his sister that he had consulted an attorney about the mental condition of their father. Jim said that their father was irresponsible and he was making arrangements to have him so declared and that he (Jim) would be appointed conservator and look after the estate of which he was to be the sole heir. At that time he gave the witness an envelope which he said contained a map showing where $60,000 was buried. This money he told his sister she could have for the trouble of digging it.

The witness did not regard her brother mentally as much more than a lunatic. She related that her mother, her mother's mother and an uncle on her mother's side were all lunatics and died insane.

COURT CONSIDERS.

During the noon recess Judge Vail heard evidence in a divorce case that was rather unusual. The complainant did not appear, but the defendant came into court and admitted that all that had been charged against him was true. The charge was desertion and failure to support. The marriage was one to legitimize a child born to the woman. The husband said that he had never lived with the woman nor contributed a cent to her support and declared that it was his intention to continue in that regard as he had done up to this time. Judge Vail took the matter under advisement.

LAW.

W. H. Mays vs. Dora E. Biddle; trespass on the case for slander. Dismissed at cost of plaintiff.

CHANCERY.

John P. Drennan vs. Thomas Cowan; et al; bill to quiet title. Proof of publication made and rule on defendants to answer by next Monday.

Mary Potwase vs. August Potwase; divorce. Cause heard by court.

CAPTURE AMERICANS

Take a Small Party and Considerable Ammunition.

Manila, Nov. 27.—The insurgents attacked a commissary wagon between Magdalena and Gajayjaza, seriously wounding a sergeant and private of the Eighth regiment and capturing Privates Dunn and Fleming, two horses, three rifles and three hundred rounds of ammunition. There has been a recrudescence of insurgent activity at Tanauan and Batangas, southwest Luzon. An interpreter, named Alberto, was killed in the market place for refusing to donate a percentage of his salary to the insurgents. Other government employes have been similarly threatened.

Dr. R. E. Gray Indicted

Chicago, Nov. 27.—Dr. Robert E. Gray of Garden City, Kas., was indicted by the grand jury today for the murder of Irma Brown, who died here recently from the effects of a surgical operation. The decedent was editor of a society publication at Garden City.

THE METHODISTS

Ministers and Stewards of This District Gather In Decatur.

TO DISCUSS CHURCH MATTERS

The district stewards and pastors of Decatur district held a meeting yesterday in the First M. E. church. The ministers present were: Rev. H. C. Gibbs, Decatur, Rev. William Brandon, Decatur, Rev. T. D. Weems, Decatur, Rev. J. P. Porter, Cerro Gordo, Rev. J. W. Waltz, Hammond, Rev. J. P. Edgar, Lovington, Rev. M. N. English, Owaneco, Rev. G. W. Beggs, Illiopolis, Rev. A. J. Roberston, Bethany, Rev. F. S. Artz, Stonington, Rev. R. E. Pierce, Warrensburg, Rev. D. T. Miles, Maroa, Rev. R. W. Ennis, Oconee, Rev. M. G. Coleman, Pana, Rev. C. M. Barton, Assumption, Rev. W. F. Stevenson, Mowaequa, Rev. B. D. Wiley, Harristown.

The district stewards were: Robert Morris, Pleasant View, M. G. Oakley, Millersville, R. H. Bell, Cerro Gordo, W. H. Wemple, Assumption, J. W. Constant, Illiopolis, W. S. Grubbs, Decatur, A. W. Conklin, Decatur, A. C. Clothier, Decatur, W. K. Hoover, Macon, L. Wykoff, Maroa, M. R. Wetsell, Stonington, Charles Bullard, Warrensburg, Oliver Stewart, Argenta.

The forenoon session was devoted to a discussion of methods for the improvement of social meetings.

The spring district association will be composed of an equal number of ministers and laymen and will be held at Maroa about the middle of April.

At 12 m. Dr. Reed invited the ministers and laymen to lunch at Greider's restaurant and around the tables they had a good social hour.

At 1 p. m. the district stewards held a business session.

At 2 p. m. they all met in the lecture room and had a very profitable discussion on "Man's Part in a Revival."

By invitation Commander Booth Tucker and Brigadier General Marshall were present and made stirring addresses greatly to the delight of all present. All present felt it was good to be there.

All the preachers and laymen went home feeling that the day had been well spent, and full of hope that this will be a year of great success throughout the district.

HE DESERVED IT

Said McKinley Was a Murderer and Got His Just Deserts.

ED. DIMMOCK SLUGGED HIM

During the past week there has been a man in town soliciting subscriptions for a socialist paper. He boldly declared himself a socialist, but he impressed a number of persons on whom he called as being as much of an anarchist as anything else. One of his favorite arguments was that he and the rest of the world was entitled to one-half of the money that persons employed earned. He came within an ace of getting bruised in three of four different places but managed to escape until he struck Ed B. Dimmock. Then he got in trouble.

The fellow entered Mr. Dimock's office over Fribourg's cigar store and solicited a subscription for his paper. He was told by Mr. Dimmock that he was not in sympathy with his ideas. The fellow then started to deliver a tirade against republicans and democrats and said that he would cut the throat of his dog if caught voting either of these tickets. Mr. Dimmock suggested the theory that possibly the socialist wanted him to open his money drawer and give half of the contents. This was the socialist's opportunity. He proclaimed himself and the rest of the world entitled to a division and then he launched into a tirade against the various presidents of the United States. There was not a one from Washington to Roosevelt who did not get a scorching. When he reached the name of the lamented McKinley he declared that he was a murderer in sending soldiers to the Philippines and that when Czolgosz fired the fatal shot McKinley got his just deserts. Mr. Dimmock did not waste any further words with the fellow, but walking from behind the counter knocked him down and kicked him out of the office door, and then to complete a good job rolled him down the stairway to the street below. The socialist went up the street looking much the worse for wear. A number of persons who heard of the affair called around to extend their congratulations to Mr. Dimmock.

WHO OWNS 'EM.

Sixty Head of Cattle Valued At $2400 Are Involved.

In the circuit clerk's office a few days ago there was filed for record a bill of sale, by which John Lomax of Linn county, Mo., sold to Harry Markham of the same place sixty head of hogs, sixty head of steers, 400 bushels of grain in the crib and some hay, all of the property being on the farm of Andrew Heminger in Macon county, Ill.

Wednesday evening there was filed a replevin suit in which J. C. Swift, president of the Live Stock Commission of Chicago declares that the cattle are the property of the company he represents. A law suit to determine the ownership is the next thing.

ANOTHER TRAIN ROBBER

Who Was in Business With Longbaugh Caught at Great Falls.

Great Falls, Mont., Nov. 27.—Deputy Sheriff Ledbetter has arrested at Neihart a man known as Bob Collins, believed to be O. C. Hanks, alias Camilla Hanks, alias "Deaf Charlie," a partner of Harry Longbaugh, Kid Curry and George Parker, in the Malta, Mont., Great Northern train robbery. Collins does not confess his identity but admits he helped to rob the train and has $12,500 buried.

Indianapolis Will Be In

Indianapolis, Nov. 27.—W. H. Watkins, president of the old Indianapolis baseball club, said today that Indianapolis would be a member of the new American association. The meeting of the association will be held in Chicago Friday. He also said that Chicago would be a member of the association. The Chicago club probably will be owned by George Tebeau and A. C. Anson, formerly the National league club manager.

The Alley Case

In the county court Wednesday afternoon the jury in the case of the city of Blue Mound vs. Lewis Randall et al. returned a verdict fixing the damages that would be sustained by the property owners following the opening of an alley in that city. The sums allowed the property owners are as follows: Lewis Randall, $75; J. K. Hardy, $65; Susan Huffman, $50; J. D. Bottrell, $15; Susan and Nicholas Huxley, jointly, $13.50; B. C. Diehl, $1; Amanda Mathews, $15; Cora and Lucinda Leeper, $15; Phillip Clements, $30.

Just In Time

At the Jordan poultry house Wednesday afternoon a plump turkey got away from a huckster and flew to the top of the Lyon planing mill. Apparently the bird was gone for good and the huckster told some small boys that if any one of them caught the fowl he could have it. In about five minutes a hustling youngster had chased the bird from its perch and whacked him on the head with a stick. As he marched away with the prize over his shoulder he was the proudest boy in town.

Cochran to Open Court

Judge Cochran will open the December term of the Dewitt county circuit court on Monday next. The grand and petit juries will be sworn in at once and the court will continue in session until Christmas. As a usual thing Judge Cochran adjourns for a week after swearing in the grand jury.

A LESSON IN VALUES.

DOLLAR for dollar, pound for pound, there is more in Ivory Soap than in any household soap. It is easy to find a cheap soap; but to find purity and low price in a single soap is not easy. They combine in Ivory Soap. You can afford to use it in the laundry; you can not afford *not* to use it elsewhere. It is vegetable-oil soap, in the cheapest form in which it can be procured. You pay nothing for a fancy box, wrapper or perfume. It is all in the soap! It floats.

SPELLING MATCH.

Shakespeare Class Enjoys a Very Pleasant Diversion.

The Shakespeare class held a very enjoyable open meeting on Wednesday afternoon. The meeting was called to order at 2:30 by the chairman. A short program, consisting of a piano solo by C. M. Stratton; reading, by Mrs. McConnell; piano solo, by Miss Clark, was given and greatly enjoyed by the class. After this a spelling match was arranged. Mrs. Philip Hamman was in charge and pronounced the words for the spellers. Mrs. Philbrook and Mrs. McAllister were chosen captains. The spelling continued for an hour and became very lively and exciting, victory remaining with two ladies on Mrs. Philbrooks' side. Mrs. T. P. Mathews (guest) and Mrs. C. E. Akers (a Shakespeare class member). Mrs. Mathews going down on Belles-lettres.

Coffee and doughnuts then refreshed the weary spellers and their guests, served by Mrs. Kora Evans, Mrs. Akers, Mrs. Hanks, Miss Reta Evans, Dee Akers and Miss Badenhausen.

Through the Window

George Ehrhart's big new safe arrived Wednesday from the Diebold factory in Canton, Ohio. It had been intended to take the strong box up the stairway leading to his office, but the weight of the article was so great that it was deemed advisable to hoist it to one of the windows and take it in that way. The work will be done today.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & CO.,
Props., Toledo, Ohio.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last fifteen years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.
WEST & TRUAX,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDIN, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Marriage Licenses.

Thomas S. Jackson, Moweaqua	22
Frances Birley, Niantic	19
John R. Burns, Mimine	36
Anna Bobb, Decatur	25
Clyde H. Albin, Forsyth	34
Edith E. Pierce, Decatur	19
Lewis A. Nihiser, Dalton City	30
Lillie Medler, Milam	24

The man who wants to prove everything he says advertises the fact that his word isn't to be credited.

As soon as a girl gets married she begins to acquire a supplementary education.

SENIORS SPRING SURPR

On Miss French By Presenting Her Turkey

Miss Mary French, the popular te er at the high school, was surprise the senior class Wednesday mor

Advantage was taken of the Th giving season to present Miss Fr with the various articles of a Thanksgiving dinner menu. The li cluded a big live turkey, a bunch o ery, cranberries, potatoes, etc. The or of presenting the different articles divided among the members of the and such fresh donation was gr with shouts of applause. Such a roar arose that Principal Ehrman up to find out the cause and s to join in the merriment occasione the look of consternation upon the of the never before daunted French. She was finally compelle turn the struggling turkey over t tender mercies of the janitor, an seniors say that the picture of French marching the turkey throug hall will haunt their dreams. Not work was done in the senior class during the day, bursts of stifled would break out at the most inc time times and even the usually st teacher was seen to smile more once.

THE POWERS BLOCK

K. of P. Lodge Room To Have Num Changes—Freight Elevator.

Some changes are being made i Orlando Powers block.

The Knights of Pythias hall i undergoing extensive repairs, when completed will make it the hall of that organization in the As it now stands there are two r the lodge room and the banquet both are large but not large enou the banquets or balls which the K some times give.

The plan is to tear out all the tions and throw the two rooms int making an accordeon door which separate the two rooms when it is ed necessary. The two ante room be moved back. A new entranc also be made to the rooms when t brary is moved out.

The new rooms will be hande decorated in the latest style.

Manager Oldham has already s offers for the rooms now occupi the library.

Eaton & Prince of Chicago ha contract for a new freight elevator will face on State street and wi from the basement to the fifth flo

Will Shorb Hurt

Will Shorb of this city met a serious accident in Hopkinsville, last Friday. Mr. Shorb is directi installation of a large steam pl that city and while assisting to a heavy casting the bones of hi foot were crushed. He is able about on crutches and superint the work.

15 Minutes

sufficient to give you most delicious tea biscuit using Royal Baking Powder as directed. A pure, true leavener.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

DR. J. S. APPLEMAN

The famous specialist, to visit our city personally—an excellent chance for the sick and suffering. FREE Consultation and examination at his private parlors at

BRUNSWICK HOTEL,
Decatur, Ills.,

Monday, Dec. 2, 1901,
8:00 A M to 4:30 P M
Returning every four weeks.

Dr. Appleman

Formerly of New York, now permanently located in Chicago is a graduate of Bellevue Hospital Medical college, New York City, the most notable institution of its kind in America. He has made a special study of the diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat and chronic diseases in the great Bellevue and Charity hospitals, New York City, and the results of this experience are many phenomenal cures all over the state. He treats

Acute and Chronic Catarrh
Ringing in ears, deafness, diseases of the eye, ear, throat, lungs, stomach, liver, kidney, urinary and bladder, nervous prostration, dyspepsia, constipation, rheumatism, epilepsy or fits

Hemorrhoids (piles) cured without knife. No pain and no detention from work.

Young and Middle Aged Men
Suffering from spermatorrhea and impotency, as the result of self abuse in youth or excess in mature years and other causes producing some of the following effects such as emissions, blotches, debility, nervousness, dizziness, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, defective memory, and sexual exhaustion, which unfits the victim for business or marriage are treated in the most scientific manner and cured

BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES.
As syphilis, scrofula, stricture, gleet, etc., cured

Diseases of women, such as leucorrhea, painful menstruation, displacement of womb, bearing down pains, etc., relieved in a short time

The doctor carries all his portable instruments and comes prepared to examine the most obscure medical and surgical cases

He undertakes no incurable disease, but cures hundreds after others fail. Correspondence solicited. Address,

J. S. APPLEMAN, M. D.,
100 22nd st., Suite 22, CHICAGO, ILL

Madam Dean's French Female Pills.
A safe, certain relief for Suppressed Menstruation. Never known to fail. Safe! Sure! Speedy! Satisfaction guaranteed or money Refunded. Sent prepaid for $1.00 per box. With second the month trial, to be paid for when relieved. Sample free.
UNITED MEDICAL CO., Box 74, Lancaster, Pa.

Sold in Decatur by F. W. Swearingen.

PILES A cure guaranteed if you use Rudy's Pile Suppository
Graded Schools, Stanwood, Wash., writes: "I can say they do all you claim for them." By R. M. Dennis, Bates Bend, N. Y., writes: "They gave immediate relief." Dr. H. F. Mott, Clarksburg, Tenn., writes: "In a number of 11 years, I have found no remedy to equal yours." Pain, 50 Cents Per Box. Sold by Druggists. MARTIN RUDY, LANCASTER, PA.

Sold in Decatur by F. W. Swearingen. Call for Free Sample.

GOLD CROWNS

Porcelain or white crowns made entirely in this office, especially for your individual case, and fitted to defy the most careful examination. All crown work guaranteed.

All gold crowns are reinforced, a large item as to strength. Each gold crown is made individually for you after you come in the office.

No Charge for Extracting When Teeth are Ordered.

Set of teeth	$5
Best Teeth	$8
22-karat Gold Crown	$5
Gold Fillings	$1 up
Silver Fillings	50c up
Plates Repaired	50c up

WE GIVE GREEN STAMPS.

DR. J. D. MOORE'S PAINLESS DENTAL PARLORS
East Main Street

TURKO PILLS
FOR WEAK MEN AND WOMEN
This remedy has been in use by the Turkish and Hindo princes for centuries and was recently brought to this country by one of our most famous physicians. It is stronger than any other medicine known and the effects can be felt from the very first dose.

We are so absolutely certain of a cure in every case that a written guarantee on the following diseases is given with each purchase of six boxes at one time, paying $5.00; to refund money paid if not cured in 30 days.

Headache, Hysteria, Weak Memory, Wakefulness, Night Losses, Evil Dreams, Lack of Confidence, Impotency, Loss of Power, all Wasting Diseases, Fits, Insanity, Varicocele, Paralysis, Drunken Organs and all effects of Self Abuse or Excesses.

Price, $1.00 or six boxes for $5.00. Sent prepaid by mail on receipt of price.

RANDRUP DRUG CO.
Brown Bros.' Bldg. CHICAGO, ILL.

John E. King, Druggist.

DEAD BY DECREE

John W. Perry Has Been Silent For More Than Seven Years.

IN LAW HE'S REGARDED DEAD

His Half Brother and Sister Will Get Perry's Small Estate Held By the County Treasurer.

According to a decree of the county court of Macon county, entered on Tuesday, Nov. 26, John W. Perry is dead, at least so far as form of law is concerned. If Perry is alive no one here has any knowledge of that fact, and having remained silent during the lapse of seven years which makes him legally dead, a decree has been entered accordingly.

This decree was entered in answer to the petition of Major Besonday and Lucretia Butler of Winnebago, Minn. The deceased was their half brother, and the petition was filed in order that the petitioners might secure to themselves the small legacy which has for a number of years awaited the return of the owner.

The petition was filed as of the estate of John W. Perry, by Major Besonday and Lucretia Butler, as the children of Louisa Besonday, formerly Louisa Perry, formerly Louisa Cundiff, a daughter of Benjamin L. Cundiff, late of Macon and who was the grandfather of John W. Perry. It is from the estate of B. L. Cundiff that Perry was entitled to a small sum of money.

The petitioners related that so far as they could discover no one they knew had had any communication with Perry for more than seven years prior to the time that their petition was filed. They declared that their relations with Perry had always been most cordial and pleasant and there was no reason they could present why he should thus absent himself from his old home and remain silent to his relatives unless he was dead and they declared that it was their belief that he was dead because all of their diligent efforts to find him had proved futile.

As a grandson of B. L. Cundiff, Perry was entitled to $61.87. Sarah B. Persinger had been administrator of Cundiff's estate, and being unable to find Perry when she made final settlement, had, as the law directs, paid the money to the county treasurer, to be by him held until it should be claimed by the lawful owner.

Perry was never married and his nearest kin were Besonday and Mrs. Butler, his half brother and half sister.

In his decree, Judge Hanmer reviewed the facts as they appeared to the court, that John W. Perry had not been heard from during the last seven years prior to the time the petition was filed and "the court further finds that the said John W. Perry is deceased." The decree likewise found that the petitioners were his next of kin and ordered that the county treasurer pay to them the sum of money which had been deposited for the benefit of Perry.

Deeds Recorded.

John Kraft et al. to Margaret Kraft, the east half of the west half of the southeast quarter of section 1, township 15, range 1 east $10,000.

John E. Smithson to Maddie L. Merton, the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section 33, township 17, range 3 east $1000.

Sarah C. Wise to Joseph A. Parks, the east half of the southwest quarter of section 24 and the east half of the northwest quarter of section 25, the west half of the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section 25, the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section 25 and 8 acres off the west side of the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 25, all in township 16, range 1 east: $1000.

Baylis a Colonel.

Prof. Alfred Bayliss, state superintendent of public instruction, has been notified that he has been appointed a colonel in connection with the military instruction and patriotic education in schools, and is made special aide for the department of Illinois. The object of the organization, which is national, is to stir up patriotism among school children. Colonel Bayliss is directed to appoint an assistant aide in every county of the state, to help in the work.

Nothing of Levy.

From Cerro Gordo Tuesday came word that no trace had been discovered of Levy, the man who mysteriously disappeared on Friday night last. The people who were acquainted with the old man are utterly at a loss to account for his disappearance except on the theory that he became deranged and wandered away. There is some fear that while in that irresponsible condition he committed suicide by drowning. Levy's home is said to have been in Indiana.

Marriage Licenses.

William Gilbride, Assumption.....31
Laura Wilson, Hammond.....29
Chester A. Cole, Dalton City.....21
Josephine Daugherty, Dalton City...17
Jesse Wetzel, Paris, Ill.....33
Blanche M. Alexander, Argenta.....23

Births.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Richard Hass, at their home, 788 Colfax street, Sunday, Nov. 24, a daughter.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. J. Varnes, at their home, 208 East Eldorado street, Tuesday, Nov. 26, a son.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

STILL DIGGING

Grand Jury Resumes Its Session After Returning Forty-Seven True Bills.

ALL FOR PETTY OFFENSES

The Harkrader Damage Suit Occupies the Attention of the Court to the Exclusion of All Other Business.

The grand jury is reported to have taken a fresh grip on life for another stay of several days. Summary one of the members said that they had about finished that day when another matter came up which would undoubtedly be disposed of in time for an adjournment on Tuesday. Instead of adjourning as had been expected, the jury returned a batch of forty-seven indictments and went back to investigate further.

There was nothing sensational in the indictments. They were all for misdemeanors, directed mostly against saloon keepers for keeping open on Sunday and for selling liquor to minors. There were a few cases for larceny, but none that could not be certified to the county court for trial.

The jury returned "not a true bill" in the case of Mrs. Frank Wise, charged with bigamy. She was the woman charged with having three living husbands. The first is a soldier now in the service of Uncle Sam in the Philippines. The second is Frank Wise, who was here for a time during the summer and at whose instigation she was arrested. The third was a farm hand living in Peoria county. Several weeks ago, after having spent two or more months in jail, the woman was released on bond. When the grand jury met Frank Wise could not be found and it was on his testimony, supported by documentary evidence, that the conviction of the woman was to be secured. Without Wise the case fell down and the jury declined to indict her.

HARKRADER CASE.

The $50,000 suit against Isaac Harkrader aroused some interest in the court proceedings which thus far in this term have not had much attraction for the average spectator. The high stakes and not any sensational testimony was the drawing card. The prosecution had a number of witnesses on the stand and it is likely that that side of the case will be finished by noon today, the plaintiff being the next witness.

Deputy Sheriff Wilson was among the first witnesses on the stand and related that after Jimmy Harkrader had been arrested at Maroa on the warrant charging wife abandonment, the prisoner handed to his father a roll of money, say that he would not need it now. The father told him to keep it, but Jim insisted on surrendering the money, saying that if he had need of it later he would call for it.

CUCUMBER PICKLES.

To the value of 35 cents cut considerable figure in this case. Tempest Morthland, a truck farmer, related that he sold Mrs. James Harkrader 150 pickles for 35 cents and she did not have the money to pay for them at the time the sale was made. Several days later Morthland stopped at the house for the money and as she did not have it, together they went to the Harkrader barn where Jim was working and he refused to pay. Several days later the same thing occurred and Jim and Morthland got into a fight and when they went down in a clinch Jim was beneath. Then Jim got a revolver and threatened to shoot Morthland. When Jim and his father went into the barn office Morthland started to follow, thinking the money was to be paid, but instead of that Jim flourished the revolver and then the elder Harkrader advised Morthland to keep away from the place or Jim would shoot him.

ISAIAH GREEN.

The father of the plaintiff related that Jim Harkrader and his wife were very affectionate until about two weeks before the separation. They romped and played like two children. Jimmy finally suggested to his wife that she go to Chicago and live and that he (Jim) would support her there. Green said that he went to Jim and asked why that proposition was made and the husband said that he wanted his wife to pretend to desert him and that he would support her because his father had said that the son would be disinherited if he continued to live with his wife.

WHAT NEIGHBORS SAW.

Mrs. Betzer, who lives next door to James Harkrader and wife, said that they were affectionate and got along pleasantly. They played about the yard like two children. She heard of nothing unpleasant between them. After the separation, but three or four months before this suit was commenced, Isaac Harkrader called at her house to get the key to the home of James Harkrader and said among other things that he expected to be sued by the wife of Jim.

Mrs. Sprinkle, who lived in a part of Mrs. Betzer's house, was a frequent visitor at the home of James Harkrader and thought that the young folks were very affectionate. She, too, heard Isaac Harkrader say that he expected Jim's wife would sue him for damages. She related, too, that after the couple had separated when Mrs. James Harkrader was away from home Jimmy would come to the house and carry away some of the household goods.

Ida Sprinkle told much the same story as her mother and Mrs. Betzer.

THE MOTHER-IN-LAW.

Mrs. Isaiah Green said that she was with her husband when they went to Jim and wanted to know what was meant by the proposition that their daughter should deserted him and go to Chicago to live. Jim said that it was only a pretense at desertion, that he would support her in Chicago. This move he said was necessary because he did not want to lose all of his hard work and what he had saved and be disinherited besides. He explained that his father would take the house and lot away from him and disinherit him unless he left his wife. His folks, he said, were always raising a rumpus with him because she was so extravagant. It might be explained here that the testimony showed that Jim was working for his father and his wages were $5 per week. Mrs. Green said that the couple were fond of each other and played like children. When they visited her home sometimes she was compelled to demand that they be quiet because in their romping they were very noisy.

FINE CHICKENS.

A. W. Hendricks said that after the couple had separated he went to the house with Jim to look at some fancy chickens which Jim wanted to sell. They went in the back way, Jimmy explaining that if he was seen by his wife she would sell the chickens before had a chance at them. Jim told Hendricks that he was compelled by his father to leave his wife because she was so extravagant. On cross examination the witness said that he did not regard Jim Harkrader as being truthful.

SHE WAS BOSS.

Mrs. Bender, a sister of the plaintiff, related a conversation she had with Isaac Harkrader. He said that Jim's wife had worn Jim's breeches long enough and he intended to put a stop to it.

PIE SOCIABLE

Held at Wesley Chapel Last Evening—Ed. Howes Tells of Life in Alaska.

The members and friends of Wesley chapel held a pie social last night, which was largely attended and proved to be a most interesting affair. There were pies of all kinds and they were a superfine article and the coffee for the feast, made in the chapel, was pronounced first class.

There was a little literary and musical program, the principal feature of which was an address by Ed Howes, who recently returned to this city after an extended stay in Alaska. He was there for four summers and three winters and is conversant with the country and the people. He described at length the social customs and the camp life of the gold hunters during the long nights of the winter. The audience asked him numerous questions and he answered them. His address while strictly informal was highly entertaining and instructive.

Offered His Ragged Bill

The drunken man who inadvertently started to make a meal off of a $10 bill Monday night was brought before Justice McCoy yesterday and fined $3 and costs. He offered the bill in payment but the justice was "leary" and sent it out to be changed. He wasn't real sure whether three-quarters of a $10 bill was worth $1.80 or not. However, the bailiff found somebody who would take the bill at par and the bibulous gentleman probably saved just $5.40 by being taken in.

WEDDING AT MATTOON

Miss Clotilde Wilson Married to Dudley Kingman Last Evening.

The marriage of Miss Clotilde Wilson of Mattoon to Dudley Kingman of the same place was celebrated in that city last evening. It was the society event of the season and was attended by a large number of guests from Mattoon and various parts of the state. Hon. J. M. Gray of this city was present. Miss Wilson is well known in this city where she has frequently visited. Both the contracting parties belong to wealthy and influential families.

AT EAST PARK

Sunday School Gives a Brownie Entertainment.

The Sunday school of the East Park chapel held a Brownie entertainment at the chapel last evening. It was a cantata participated in by forty of the children of the Sunday school, entitled "The Brownie Band." Across one side of the chapel a stage was erected. The play embodies all the beauties of fairyland. The stage was decorated with wooded scenery. In the play there were eight little Brownies, four wood nymphs, six little gypsy girls, eight little fairies, ten little wee-wees, two butterflies and two owls. All during the cantata Miss Hattie Brott accompanied the singers with music on the piano. The entertainment was for the benefit of the Sunday school and it is thought that about $25 will be cleared. Those who assisted in the arrangements for the entertainment were Mesdames Slade, B. Ferguson, G. Brott, Ed Allen, Heinz, Hudsell and other teachers of the Sunday school.

The East Park chapel, which is a branch of the Baptist church, is very prosperous this year. Under the careful guidance of J. Edward Saxton as superintendent it has flourished and is doing good work in the east end of town.

Compliments Miss Roach.

The Hustler, published at Jackson, Ky., has the following concerning one of Decatur's charming young ladies:

"It is pleasant to the friends of S. P. Lees Institute to hear the complimentary expressions, both in our city and at other points, of the high standard of excellence that has been attained in the domestic science department of the institute. This department is presided over by Miss Bertha Roach, and, without disparagement to her predecessors, it is fitting to say that her equal as an instructor in domestic science has never held that position in the college in the past. To her belongs the enviable distinction of bringing this department up to its present high standard of excellence. She is indeed a valued addition to the institute."

In Jail On Forgery Charge

Lincoln, Ill., Nov. 26. N. Swartz, alias E. Simonson, alias S. Friendenburgh, is under arrest here charged with passing forged checks of the American Sugar Refining company.

The prisoner has been prominent in social affairs here and was arrested while calling upon the daughter of a wealthy citizen.

Swartz says his parents live in Kenwood district of Chicago, but refused his real name and address.

LADIES CAN WEAR SHOES

one size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy; gives instant relief to corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Cures and prevents swollen feet, blisters, callous and sore spots. Allen's Foot-Ease is a certain cure for sweating, hot, aching feet. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

THE SPEAKERS

For the Farmers' Institute and the Subjects of Their Address

SOME GOOD CASH PRIZES

Special Premiums Much More Attractive Than Ever Before—Chance For Pupils in County Schools.

The committees of the Farmers' Institute held a meeting in the supervisors' room at the court house on Tuesday afternoon and discussed the plans for the coming institute, which is to be held on Jan. 21, 22 and 23. Reports were heard from the committees that have been at work and it was found that everything was moving along very satisfactorily. President W. H. Bean presided at the meeting.

The afternoon was largely given to discussing features of the program. The list of speakers was decided on but it is not certain that they will all come. They will be invited, however, and if it is found impossible for them to be present on the dates of the institute their plans will be supplied by others. The following is the list of men and women who will be asked to come, together with the subjects that will be asked to speak on.

Prof. A. D. Shamel, of the University of Illinois—"Corn Breeding." Mr. Shamel is an authority on this subject and spoke at the last institute.

Prof. Joseph Carter, University of Illinois "The best thing raised on the farm is the farmer."

E. R. Hurlburt of Mt. Zion—"What varieties of fruit to plant and when to plant them."

E. E. Chester of Champaign county—"Cattle breeding and feeding."

J. C. Ware of Proctor—"Practical horse production," illustrated by a chart.

Charles W. Took of Champaign county—"Taxation and the farmer."

Mrs. H. D. Young of Sibley—"Poultry on the farm."

President A. R. Taylor of the James Millikin University—An address on education.

Mrs. H. M. Dunlap of Savoy—"Domestic science."

In addition to these addresses there will be musical numbers and other features each afternoon and evening.

The institute will be held at the court house and the prospects are for the best exhibits ever made at a similar meeting. Some very attractive prizes will be offered.

Shellabarger, Pratt & Co. and Suffern & Hunt have arranged to give a cash prize of twenty-five dollars for the best bushel of white corn shown.

The institute will give a cash prize of fifteen dollars for the best bushel of corn of any variety, with ten dollars for the second and five dollars for the third best.

In addition to these there will be the regular institute prizes and a long list of special prizes. John Rucker and J. F. Mulrhead have been among the merchants during the past few days getting special premiums and they reported that they had been most generously received and that the list of special premiums this year would be the biggest that had ever been offered.

The children in the country schools will be invited to compete for cash prizes offered for the best essay. These prizes will be so arranged that all the children will be enabled to enter the competition. There will be a first and second prizes for the Sixth, Eighth and Tenth grades.

Fire at Hume

Early Tuesday morning there was a fire at Hume, on the I., D. & W. A big elevator which contained about 7500 bushels of grain and several other frame buildings were destroyed. Among them was one belonging to Hughes, the owner of the telephone plant. This was a store house filled with telephone supplies.

Constipation means the accumulation of waste matter that should be discharged daily, and unless this is done the foul matter is absorbed and poisons the system. Use HERBINE to bring about regularity of the bowels. Price 25 cents. John E. King and Frank W. Swearingen.

Hypocrisy in a young man and affection in an old man are synonymous.

If you are suffering from drowsiness in the day time, irritability of temper, sleepless nights, general debility, headache, and general want of tone of the system, use HERBINE. You will get relief and finally a cure. Price 50 cents. John E. King and Frank W. Swearingen.

"I do hope I will grow to be nine feet tall," said little Tommy.

"Why do you wish to be so tall, dear?" asked his mother.

"So when I get in a crowd I can see what is going on," replied Tommy.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP
Cures a Cough or Cold at once.
Conquers Croup, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, Grippe and Consumption. Quick, sure results. Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation. 50 pills 10c.

Teacher: To what class of birds does the hawk belong?

Small Pupil: Birds of prey.

Teacher: That's right. And where does the quail belong?

Small Pupil: On toast.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

STOP

FROWNING
Over Your Work.

Frowns mean eye strain that can be corrected with proper glasses. We make no charge to examine your eyes, and if you need glasses can make you see with ease and comfort.

Glasses as Low as $1.00.

FRANK CURTIS CO.
156 E. Main St.

Patsy's Definition.

Teacher—Now, Patsy, the book says "He felt abased." Tell me what it is to feel abased.

"A baste is it? Shure mum, it manes he felt like a donkey.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

"What do you think of your new baby brother, Margie?" asked a visitor of a little four-year-old miss.

"Not much," was the reply. "Before he came mamma said I was the apple of her eye; now I 'spose I'm nothin' but the core."

LIVERITA, the up-to-date Little Liver Pill, 5c boxes contains 15 pills, 10c boxes contain 40 pills, 25c boxes contain 100 pills. Sold by John E. King, Decatur, Illinois.

Johnny (aged 6): Papa, can I go to the circus this afternoon?

Papa: No, my son. A good boy would not want to go to a circus.

Johnny: Then, papa, don't you think I ought to go while I'm bad enough to enjoy it?

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Strong Men.

Miss Tourist—You have some strong and rugged types of manhood out in this western country?

Stage Driver—I ass, miss, we hev men out here thet don't think it's nuthin' t' hold up a railroad train.—Ohio State Journal.

Infant mortality is something frightful. Nearly one-quarter die before they reach one year, one-third before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen! The timely use of WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE would save a majority of these precious lives. Price 25 cents. John E. King and Frank W. Swearingen.

Result of Agreement.

Nell—I hear you and Maude are no longer friends.

Belle—No; you see she said she was afraid her new hat wasn't becoming to her.

Nell—Well?

Belle—Well, I agreed with her.—Philadelphia Record.

For burns, cuts, bruises, lacerations or injuries of any description, BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT is a sovereign remedy. It never fails to do good, and so promptly that its wonderful curative properties frequently create surprise. Price 25 and 50 cents. John E. King and Frank W. Swearingen.

"How old are you little girl?" asked a visitor of three-year-old Minnie.

"I'm not old at all," was the reply. "I'm 'most new."

Thousands of men and women suffer from piles, especially women with female weakness have this suffering to contend with in addition to their other pains. TABLER'S BUCKEYE PILE OINTMENT will quickly effect a cure. Price 50 cents in bottles, tubes 75 cents. John E. King and Frank W. Swearingen.

Smith—What makes so many people crazy to get into society?

Brown—Well, what makes so many other people crazy to keep them out?

If you have sore throat, soreness across the back or side, or your lungs feel sore or tender, or you are threatened with diphtheria or pneumonia, apply BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT externally, and use BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP. John E. King and Frank W. Swearingen.

STRIKE AGAIN.

Entire Force of Sattley Company Walk Out at Springfield.

A message was received here last night stating that at 5 o'clock the entire force of the Sattley company at Springfield went on a strike. The cause of the strike is not known here. Some time ago the men struck on account of a difference on the wage scale and that matter has only recently been fixed up.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE HERALD

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

ORIA

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cures Diarrhœa and Wind
roubles, cures Constipation
es the Food, regulates the
healthy and natural sleep.
Mother's Friend.

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RAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

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Ve make no charge to
d if you need glasses
ease and comfort.
Low as $1.00.

URTIS CO.
Main St.

Result of Agreement.

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Belle No, you see she said she was afraid her new hat wasn't becoming to her.

Nell Well?

Belle Well, I agreed with her.—Philadelphia Record.

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NEARBY TOWNS.

FORSYTH.

H. C. Mowry and wife went to Maroa Tuesday.

Mrs. Joe Cooper was a Decatur visitor Wednesday.

Mr. Martin, a son-in-law of D. Duncan tried to hang himself Thursday.

The M. E. church will give a Thanksgiving dinner and supper at the hall on Thursday, November 28. Nov. 25.

BOODY.

A series of meetings are in progress at the Blue Mound chapel.

Mrs. Nichols of Blue Mound visited her father, Mr. Jordan Wednesday.

Farmers are about through gathering corn. The average yield being twenty-five bushels.

Edgar Wornick and E. Blank are fox hunting in the vicinity of Oconee.

A. W. Evans is serving on the petit jury from this township. Nov. 22.

LAKE CITY.

The small pox scare is over.

School will not commence at this place for a couple of weeks.

The school entertainment will have to be abandoned on account of small pox.

Lee Sanders has returned from McLean county where he has been husking corn. Lee says corn is much better there than here.

Teler's new elevator is about completed.

George Vanllorn disposed of personal property at auction and will soon depart for his farm in Oklahoma. Nov. 25.

BLUE MOUND.

Mrs. Isaac Bilyeu, aged 49 years, died at her home, a half mile east of Blue Mound Sunday morning. The deceased was a member of the Christian church here and the funeral service will be held at the residence at 10 a. m. Tuesday after which the remains will be taken to the Bilyeu cemetery four miles west of Mowequa.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Brouse who have been visiting here the last two weeks, returned to their home at Wadsworth, Ohio, Tuesday.

Rev. H. M. Barnett of Rantoul closed his series of meetings at the Christian church Sunday evening. The meeting continued over three weeks and resulted in sixteen additions to the church.

Quarterly meeting was held at the M. E. church Saturday and Sunday. Dr. Horace Reed of Decatur presiding.

The four-year-old daughter of Rev. J. R. Crank has the scarlet fever. Nov. 25.

MT. ZION.

John Hines transacted business in Decatur Friday.

Lawt Downey of Decatur spent Sunday with his parents here.

Miss Agnes Duggan of Dalton City spent Sunday with friends here.

Miles Ivy Gregory of Hervey City, was calling on friends here Thursday.

Miss Lizzie Hogan of Dalton City, visited with Miss Mollie Hines Friday.

Miss Mary Houser of Outlet spent Sunday with Joe Berry and family south of town.

Miss Mary Sullivan was shopping in Decatur Thursday.

Rev. Cockrum of this place is conducting revival meeting at Shady Grove.

Mrs. C. M. Fletcher, who has been in Kansas for the past year and a half, has returned home with her health much improved.

Miss Jane Turner visited friends at Long Creek Wednesday.

Ben Readhead and Mary Cox attended the opera at Decatur Wednesday night. Nov. 23.

LOVINGTON.

Mrs. Hilda Creech of Sullivan was the guest of her son, A. S. Creech and family over Sunday.

Miss Jessie Rushiell of Decatur visited friends here over Sunday.

Andy Million left Saturday evening for Dayton, O., where he has employment.

Daniel Binkley and wife left Monday morning for Luton, Ia., where they will make their future home.

Ellis Lansden was a Decatur visitor Tuesday.

A basket supper was given at the Prairie Flower school house Saturday night. The net proceeds were $20.

Marion Trabue, who is attending school at Champaign is at home for the Thanksgiving vacation.

H. Warmoth of Arthur has opened a restaurant in one of the Dumond buildings on the north side.

F. H. Roshway of Decatur was a business visitor in Lovington Tuesday.

Mrs. Laura Pomdwell has returned from an extended visit with friends and relatives in Toledo, Kan. Nov. 27.

CISCO.

Misses Alice Best and Lelah Harauff were Decatur visitors Friday.

M. H. Beadles was in Decatur Saturday.

Among the Decatur visitors Saturday were Mrs. W. D. Best, Mrs. L. F. Coffman and daughters Louie and Bertha, E. Ruebl.

A. E. Carr met with a serious accident one day last week by being kicked by a mule and having two ribs broken.

Mrs. Walter Kepler of Macon, visited relatives here a few days last week.

S. K. Woolen is making a deep well near DeLand.

First quarterly meeting will be held next Sunday. Rev. Wilkins of Urbana will preach and administer the sacrament of the Lord's Supper.

Joseph Gislinger and family of Decatur spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. J. C. Hinchart.

Robert Barr was in Decatur Saturday.

Rev. Underwood who conducted the revival meetings at the M. E. church left last Monday for Kansas where he will hold a series of meetings. Nov. 25.

OAKLEY.

Cash Holcomb and family visited Milmine relatives Sunday.

L. W. and Carl Wheeler, J. H. Calver and Clement Veech left Tuesday for a visit to the Louisiana rice fields.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Harrouff on Saturday, Nov. 10, a son.

Holcomb & Minick shipped two carloads of hogs from here Thursday.

The entertainment to be given by the Oakley Sunday school will be at 10:30 Thursday morning instead of at night as published last week.

J. R. Minick was a Chicago visitor Friday.

Dr. Clark left Friday for Hobart, Ok., where he will continue the practice of his profession.

Owing to the inclement weather the festival at the Hess school house has been postponed until Saturday evening, November 30, while the Woodman festival was postponed indefinitely.

The residence occupied by Isaac Andrews, situated about one mile southeast of Sangamon was destroyed by fire Thursday forenoon. As there was no one present at the time of the fire except the women nothing was saved, and the building and contents together with about $10 in currency that was in an upstairs room was a total loss. The building was owned by A. J. Veech of Sangamon. Nov. 23.

TODD'S POINT.

Mrs. Turner is home again after a two weeks' visit to her daughter in Decatur.

Sam Clark has purchased 40 acres of land from John Draper, consideration $1200. The Drapers have gone to Oklahoma.

Mrs. Elizabeth Park and Mrs. Chas. Snapp sold a car load of hogs to John Freyharger, Shelbyville, at $5.30.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Fleming and Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Atkinson were entertained in Bethany last Thursday evening by Mr. and Mrs. Rob Noble.

Mr. and Mrs. James Fear of Wisconsin have been guests of Mrs. James Atkinson and other relatives recently.

Sherman Wright will attend the live stock show in Chicago next week with four Shorthorns of his own raising.

Tom Enock is making further additions to his well improved farm with the help of our young carpenter, Ira Robertson.

Mrs. Elizabeth Birkett of Shelbyville is making her son Arthur a visit prior to wintering with friends in Louisiana.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Atkinson and Miss Lou Hadwin of Shelbyville visited relatives in our locality last week.

The Rev. Ira Mason of Bethany gave an entertainment in the M. E. hall Wednesday evening to an appreciative audience. It consisted of selections from the poems of Eugene Hull and Will Carleton. Nov. 26.

WARRENSBURG.

Clyde Drown is ill at the home of Mr. Thompson with typhoid fever.

Mesdames Schrader and Slonaker spent a few days with Decatur friends last week.

The Thanksgiving service will be held at 10:30 Thursday morning at the M. E. church. Rev. Arnold will deliver the sermon.

Mr. McCracken is very ill.

Rev. B. R. Pierce and wife of Centralia spent a few days last week with their son, Rev. R. E. Pierce. They left Thursday to visit a few days in Decatur before their return home.

J. A. Conely received word Monday of the death of his brother in Michigan. Mr. Conely was unable to attend the funeral.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Schultz spent Sunday in Latham.

The Congregational ladies will give their annual dinner and fair December 18.

B. F. Markland spent Saturday in Latham.

The I. O. O. F. will give a dinner and program on December 4.

Mrs. Groves of Cerro Gordo is visiting friends here.

Eula McCracken and Bea Neiman are home from Normal.

Rev. Bickers was called to Altamont by the serious illness of his father. He left Tuesday morning. Nov. 27.

BEMENT.

J. C. McCord of Bloomington visited friends in our city the past week.

Mrs. Hugh McNamee has been on the sick list the past week.

Misses Lois Graves and Lessie Pettit returned home Monday from Sullivan where they visited friends a few days.

Messrs. Cloyd Davidson, Charles Plunk and George Crainer of Monticello were in our city Wednesday evening.

E. E. Logan transacted business in St. Louis last week.

Samuel Perkins who has been in Iowa the past year, returned to our city Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bowdle of Milmine were Bement visitors Wednesday.

Mrs. Mary McNamee who has been visiting her daughter in Pana the past week returned home Thursday.

Mrs. E. C. Cornelius spent Thursday in Decatur shopping.

Miss Ollie Tenney of Chicago is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Tenney of this city.

Frank Smetters of Decatur spent the first of the week with his mother of this city.

Miss Carrie Roberts of Decatur is spending the week the guest of Misses Mattie and Margaret Johnson.

M. O. Curry spent Friday and Saturday in Chicago buying Christmas goods.

Chas. Hopkins of Homer visited relatives in our city a few days the past week.

Will Body spent Friday in Englewood.

Homer Shaw transacted business in Chicago last week.

M. T. Scott departed last week to visit relatives in Lexington, Ky.

Miss Cozad gave a musical Saturday evening at the home of Mrs. L. H. Alvord. All enjoyed a fine time.

Miss Rose Fleming of Tolono spent Saturday and Sunday with home folks. Nov. 26.

CLINTON.

A colored man who gave his name as Chas. Whaley and his residence as Louisville, Ky., is under arrest here on suspicion of having committed a murder in Missouri. His photograph was taken Saturday and sent to the authorities in that state. He claims to know nothing of the crime and says he was never in Missouri, and states he is well known in Bloomington and Lincoln.

The village of Dewitt is having trouble with the Jones and Dolly families. The parties are engaged in a series of lawsuits. The first one was bought by I. M. Jones and Jasper Dolly and was a suit for an injunctelon to restrain the village from conveying certain real estate which it was alleged was deeded for park purposes and could not be sold. This was commenced in the circuit court and the injunction granted. A few days after a suit was commenced by the village authorities against Dolly Bros. for an alleged sale of intoxicating liquors, and $2000 damages was asked. The action was one of debt. While those two cases are pending the parties have not rested on their oars. I. M. Jones who was formerly president of the village but was defeated for re-election brought suit in 'Squire Donohue's court against the village for a certain sum of money alleged to be due him for mowing grass. The case took all day Saturday and over twenty witnesses were examined. The jury gave the plaintiff a verdict for $4 and costs, and an attorney fee of $10.

The social season has fairly opened. The Up-to-date, Cosmopolitan, Footingly, F. D. C., Merry Eaters, O. A. M., Waska, Rocking Chair and all the other clubs hold regular meetings and as a consequence there are parties every night.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Rolofson of this city celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage on Saturday. A family dinner party was arranged as a surprise by their children of whom there are six. These with two grand children were the only people present.

Grant Freeman, a farm hand, leaves today for Kentucky, after having broken the corn-huskling record. He was employed by Toohill Bros., near Wapella, and shucked 2125 bushels in 22 days.

Mrs. Mary J. Harrold has filed the precipe in an action on the case for $1000 from W. D. Burnett, Geo. N. Thoman and Thos. Bates in the county court. The precipe has not been filed but her attorneys say the action is for the recovery of money alleged to have been lost by the woman's husband in a gambling room alleged to be owned and operated by the three men named. Nov. 25.

MT. AUBURN.

The ladies of the M. E. church will serve dinner and supper Thanksgiving in the Rohan & Phillips building.

Rev. Mr. Burton is conducting a revival meeting at Union chapel.

James B. Parish and Miss Nellie E. Augur were united in marriage at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Augur, on Wednesday, November 20, Rev. Mr. Crank of Blue Mound officiating. Both of the contracting parties stand high in local circles and their many friends unite in good wishes for them.

E. R. Mooney was visiting at his home in Taylorville last week.

George Thaxton and James W. Stobaugh, were visiting in Taylorville Monday.

Mrs. Frank Boring and son Bano, of Decatur, visited Mrs. Loring's parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. N. Smith last week.

The schools and churches did not resume business as it was intended they should. The city council held a meeting Saturday night, and it was deemed hazardous to allow public meetings to begin yet, as Mrs. Mooney and Mrs. Linn are both far recovered from smallpox. In fact the physician in charge reports the former case quite serious and recovery not at all assured. Dr. Windsor is receiving universal praise from the citizens for the firm and wise measures he has taken for the suppression and stamping out of this malignant and loathsome disease, which threatens to devastate our city. Mayor Gandy also deserves much praise. Nov. 27.

MONTICELLO.

Quite a number of Monticellians went to Jacksonville on Monday morning in obedience to subpoenas in the Barnes poisoning case.

The young man, John Cramer, who shot himself with a rifle, is said to be improving.

County court adjourned last week after the trial of a number of important cases. The one from Moultrie county on a change of venue was a mistrial, the jury failing to agree.

Judge Cochran finished up the September term of the circuit court on last Friday. The docket was pretty well cleaned up.

The Presbyterian Sunday school is busy preparing for a minstrel show on Christmas night.

What might have been a disastrous fire was discovered in time to prevent much damage. It happened in the Hotel Woollington, the grate burning a plug through the wall that reached W. P. Smith's abstract office, igniting the baseboard. Mr. Smith happened to step into his office as it was burning and put it out.

Robert Hudgen, A. T. England, Geo. Jones, Jones Rankin and others went to Taylorville on Monday to look at farm lands listed for sale there.

The county court on Monday ordered the sale of the entire Brady estate to pay debts. This will put on the market a number of the finest building lots to be had in Monticello. Block 34 is especially desirable, there being five acres in the block.

The regular meeting of the Woman's club for Wednesday, November 27, is an art and music day. The following program will be rendered: Music, Miss Mary Cossmann; "Life of Heller," Mrs. Lizzie Davison; Music, Mrs. Gertrude Smith; Michael Angelo, Mrs. Mima Smith; music, Mrs. Etta Kelly; reading, Mrs. Lulu Rhoades; roll call of members responded to by either music or art. Each member will be entitled to three guests and light refreshments will be served.

The X-ray machine is to be brought into service to locate the bullet in the body of John Kramer, who accidentally shot himself on the 17th inst.

Thanksgiving services are to be held this year at the Presbyterian church, Rev. J. H. Waterbury to deliver the sermon. A special musical program will be rendered by the church choir.

The first public meeting of the school directors of Piatt county will meet at the high school building in this city on Friday.

The Piatt County Teachers' Association has its meeting at the M. E. church on the 29th. In the evening a free lecture is scheduled at the opera house by the superintendent of Cook county. The lecture will be illustrated with stereoptican views.

The will of Hannah Riser was admitted to probate on Saturday last. Mrs. Mary Herrel of Decatur was one of the legatees. The will charges the real estate with the payment of the debts, remainder to Richard Ater, a nephew. Nov. 27.

MAROA.

I. A. Buckingham and Dr. Anderson of Decatur visited in Maroa on Sunday.

Jerry Covey has secured a position as brakeman on the Illinois Central.

Burglars broke into the house of David Wellepp's Sunday night and secured a picket knife and sixteen cents in money. There has been a number of such incidents here of late and it is believed by many of our citizens that the work is done by home talent.

Mark Bennett of the News has been sick for the past two weeks.

Silas Berkshire left today for Clinton, Mo., where he will look at some land that he is thinking of trading his grocery store for.

D. N. Gray and wife returned home Wednesday noon from Texas.

J. F. Harris and wife and Frank Schenck and wife and Mrs. Torrence left on the excursion Tuesday for Texas.

C. C. Crandall was in Clinton Tuesday.

C. Y. Miller went to Iowa Tuesday on a business trip.

The city council will hold its regular monthly meeting next Monday night. Much interest is manifested on account of the ordinance granting a franchise will be brought up at this meeting. Mr. Griffin was in town this week in the interest of the Interurban. Nov. 22.

MAROA.

Lydia M. Miller, wife of F. W. Miller, died on Monday morning.

W. T. Cooper is confined to his home suffering from a malignant tumor.

Union services will be held at the Christian church on Thanksgiving day. The sermon will be preached by Rev. J. C. Hanna.

Mrs. Fannie Kepler returned from the rice fields of Louisiana on Saturday.

Schenck's bowling alley is now in running order and will furnish amusement to the sport-loving citizens.

J. M. Barracks will soon be installed in the business lately conducted by T. N. Leavitt & Co.

The revival meetings are still being held at the M. E. church.

David Wellepp will in a few days remove his hardware stock to the building across the street, which he lately purchased of R. E. Brown.

John Bennett and Charles H. Stoutenborough are the representatives from Maroa on the petit jury in Decatur this week.

Charles E. Schaffer spent Sunday at home in this city.

Miss Eugene Shinn, teacher in Maroa high school, will spend Thanksgiving at home in Griggsville, this state.

Misses Heller, White, Wells and Siemons, all teachers in the Maroa schools, will go to their respective homes to enjoy Thanksgiving.

Elder S. Elwood Fisher, pastor of the Christian church, who has been seriously ill for several weeks, is again able to perform his pastoral duties.

C. Y. Miller has just returned from Iowa, where he has been for the past ten days on a business trip.

Fred Heinle of near Argenta was in the city on business last Monday.

Dr. W. T. McLean and family will occupy their elegant new residence in a few days.

James H. Parker is building a new residence on one of his Dewitt county farms.

Edwin Weld of Clinton was in the city on business on Monday.

D. N. Gray, cashier of the Citizens bank, returned a few days ago from the rice fields of Texas. While there he purchased more rice lands.

Silas Berkshire, the west end grocer, has traded his stock of goods and brick store building for farm lands near near Clinton, Mo.

Hon. T. N. Leavitt went to Weldon last Monday on business.

A new rural free mail delivery route is being discussed. It is northwest of Maroa and will extend some distance into Dewitt county.

A "traveling gentleman" was here on last Saturday trying for subscribers to a socialist paper. He came in contact with his honor, C. C. Crandall, after which he was not long in "shaking the dust of the city from his feet."

James B. Cade, who has been engaged in farming east of this city for a number of years, will leave about the first of the new year to engage in the culture of rice in Louisiana.

Frank Cooper and little daughter of Decatur were in Maroa last Sunday visiting friends.

The Vesperian and Iroquois societies of the Maroa high school are giving a series of entertainments that are very interesting.

John Herrick and family of this city will move to Decatur in a short time.

Vernon & Tozer are shipping a good many cattle and hogs at this time.

M. M. Murray will move his novelty store into the old Persinger stand about the first of the new year.

Angell & McLean is the new firm that will farm the Davis farm west of town next year. They will also engage in stock raising. Nov. 25.

MISS ALEXANDER

Married at Argenta Last Evening to Jesse Wetzel, of Paris

NACHBOUR-KENNEDY NUPTIAL

One of the prettiest fall weddings was the one which occurred at Argenta last night, when Miss Blanche Alexander, formerly of this city, and Jesse Wetzel of Paris were married at 6 p. m. at the home of the bride's parents. The ceremony was performed by Dr. Penhallegon of the Presbyterian church of this city. To the strains of Mendelssohn's wedding march the procession moved slowly down the long stairs, led by the maids of honor, and the attendants Miss Emma Russell and Scott Alexander, to the spacious parlor, where the full ring ceremony of the Presbyterian was performed. The parlor was handsomely decorated in white and green and one corner was banked with ferns and white chrysanthemums and overhung with smilax. Standing before this bank of green and white Dr. Penhallegon pronounced the ceremony in the presence of seventy-five of the most intimate friends of the couple. After the ceremony the strains of sweet music again filled the house and those present were ushered into the dining room where the wedding repast was served. The dining room was decorated in smilax and American Beauty roses which were arranged in profusion around the room and on the table.

The bride was attired in white silk mulle with deep cream insertion, low neck and short sleeves, and carried white chrysanthemums.

The bridesmaid, Miss Emma Russell, was gowned in white organdie trimmed with stitched bands of taffeta silk and carried yellow chrysanthemums.

Mrs. J. R. Hurley, matron of honor, was dressed in white French muslin, carrying white chrysanthemums.

The bride received numerous handsome presents.

Regrets were sent in from California, Colorado, Kansas, Florida, Missouri, Michigan, New York, Indiana, Illinois, Ohio, Kentucky and surrounding towns.

When the time came to depart each guest was presented with a bunch of white Roman hyacinths as a souvenir.

About twenty-five Decatur people attended the wedding and other guests were there from Chrisman, Paris, Monticello and Chicago. The Decatur party arrived home last night at 11 o'clock on the Illinois Central.

Mr. and Mrs. Wetzel will take an extended wedding tour after which they will be at home in Paris, Ill., where the groom has arranged a cozy cottage for his bride.

NACHBOUR-KENNEDY

Manager of the Linn & Scruggs Store Married in Chicago.

Joseph F. Nachbour, manager of the Linn & Scruggs dry goods and carpet company, and Miss Emogene L. Kennedy were married at 12 o'clock noon Wednesday, November 27th, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kennedy, 3032 Michigan avenue, Chicago, Rev. Dr. Myers of the Baptist church officiating. The affair was witnessed by only the immediate relatives of the contracting parties. No cards were issued. Mr. and Mrs. Nachbour will arrive home tomorrow and will be "at home" to their friends at the New Decatur hotel.

WEDDING NEAR DALTON CITY.

At the residence of the bride's parents, five miles west of Dalton City, Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock, Chester A. Cole and Miss Josephine Daugherty were married. The attendants were Thomas A. Shyer and Jessie A. Daugherty. The ceremony was performed by Rev. H. W. Trueblood, D. D., in the presence of the family and a few invited guests.

The bride is the daughter of Andrew Daugherty, a well-to-do farmer and is an accomplished young lady who has many friends in the community. The groom is a young farmer, industrious and of good habits and well thought of by all that know him.

After congratulations the company sat down to an elegant repast, prepared by the bride's mother. The couple will make their home in that locality.

JACKSON—FRANCIS.

Thomas J. Jackson of Moweaqua and Frances Birley of Niantic were married in the county court room on Wednesday afternoon. Judge W. L. Hammer performed the ceremony.

Kicked By Horse

John Bland, living on North Union street, was kicked by a horse and his left ankle dislocated.

FARMERS COLUMN

MONEY! MONEY!!—To be made by buying rice lands in Louisiana and Texas. Prices advancing fast. For particulars call on or write Henry B. Wise, 411 and 413 Millikin building. Excursion Dec. 3, 1901.—26-d2t

TO THE RICE COUNTRY—We will run another of our popular excursions to Louisiana and Texas Dec. 3rd. We have some fine bargains to offer this time. Louisiana land $25 to $50 per acre. Texas land in large or small tracts from $8 to $20. Call and see us or write for particulars. Laughlin & Cloud, 127 East Main street.—26-w2t

WANTED—Carriage painting and trimming; all kinds of vehicles put in first class shape. Fine work a specialty; latest colors and styles. I can please you. J. L. English, 122 North Church street.—sep22-dtf

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE—Estate of Jackson Williams, deceased.

The undersigned, having been appointed administrators of the estate of Jackson Williams, late of the county of Macon and state of Illinois deceased, hereby give notice that they will appear before the county court of Macon county, at the court house in Decatur, at the December term, on the first Monday in December next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 10th day of October, 1901.

MARY REESER,
JASPER WILLIAMS,
Administrators.

oct 11-8w

WANTED—Everybody to know that the only place to get a square meal for 15 cents is at Myers restaurant, 451 North Water street, Decatur, Illinois.—oct15-wtf

MASTER'S SALE.—State of Illinois, Moultrie county, ss. Moultrie county circuit court, September term, A. D. 1901.

Joseph Foster vs. Walter Eden, et al.; On bill to foreclose mortgage. No. 5294.

Public notice is hereby given that in pursuance of a decretal order entered in the above entitled case in the said court, at the September term, A. D. 1901, I, George A. Sentel, master in chancery for said court, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash on the 2nd day of December, A. D. 1901, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the west door of the court house in Sullivan, in said county, the following described real estate situate in the county of Moultrie and state of Illinois, to-wit: The northwest quarter of block one of Campbell's addition to the town, now city, of Sullivan.

That on the same day at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of said day I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the court house in Decatur in Macon county, Illinois, the following described real estate situate in the county of Macon and state of Illinois, to-wit: Lot ten in block seven in Smith & Co. addition to the city of Decatur, Illinois; also lots twelve and thirteen in block one in Plant & Tuttle's addition to the city of Decatur, except ten feet off the north side of said lot thirteen; also lot thirteen in block nine of Smith & Co. addition to the city of Decatur; also, lot one in block one in H. A. Wood's addition of outlots to the city of Decatur, Illinois. Tract in Sullivan being subject to a mortgage for $1100.00 and the next three tracts in Decatur being subject to mortgages aggregating $2,000.00.

Said premises will be sold together with all and singular the tenements and hereditaments thereunto belonging.

Dated October 26th, A. D. 1901.

GEO. A. SENTEL,
Master in Chancery.

E. J. Miller, Solicitor for Complainant. Eden & Martin, Solicitors for Complainants in cross bill. nov1-w4w

MASTER IN CHANCERY'S SALE—State of Illinois, Macon county, ss. In the circuit court.

Richard J. Dickinson et al, complainant, vs. John P. Dilling, defendant; in chancery. No. 18132.

Public notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of a decree of the circuit court of Macon county, in the state of Illinois, entered in the above entitled cause at the October term of said court, A. D. 1901, I, James J. Flinn, master in chancery of said court, will on Wednesday, December 18th, 1901, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., at the north door of the court house on East Wood street, in the city of Decatur in said county, offer for sale at public vendue to the highest and best bidder the real estate in said decree ordered to be sold, being described as follows, to-wit:

All of lots nine (9) and ten (10) in section sixteen (16), township seventeen (17) north, range three (3) east of the 3rd principal meridian, and otherwise described as the north half (½) of the southeast quarter of said section sixteen (16), containing eighty acres, all in the county of Macon and state of Illinois.

Terms of sale—The land will be sold subject to a mortgage given to secure a note for $1700 on the 27th day of August, 1898, payable five years after date with interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, and also subject to the interest on said note after the 1st day of March, 1902, and also subject to the taxes for the year 1901.

Possession of said land will be given on the first day of March, 1902.

Terms of payment—One thousand dollars cash must be paid on day of sale; five hundred dollars on the first day of March, 1902, and the balance of the purchase money shall be paid March 1st, 1903, and be secured by mortgage on the property sold. But the purchaser may pay all cash on day of sale or on the first day of March, 1902, if he so desires.

Dated at Decatur, Illinois, this 18th day of November, A. D. 1901.

JAMES J. FINN,
Master in Chancery.

J. Albert Briggs and Mills Bros., Complainant's Solicitors. nov19-w4w

DRAINAGE NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Drainage Commissioners of Illini Special Drainage District in the Counties of Macon and Logan and State of Illinois will be held at the office of the County Clerk of Macon county, in the City of Decatur and State of Illinois, at the hour of eleven o'clock a. m., on the 20th day of December, 1901, as decided upon by said commissioners, for the purpose of enlarging the boundaries of said Special Drainage District to include therein the lands described as follows, to wit: The North East Quarter of Section sixteen; also the South half of Section sixteen; Also the North West Quarter of the North East Quarter of Section seventeen; also the South half of the North East Quarter of Section seventeen; the North West Quarter of Section seventeen; the South half of section seventeen; the North East Quarter of Section eighteen; the South West Quarter of Section eighteen; the South East Quarter of Section eighteen; all of Section twenty; also the North half of the North East Quarter of section twenty-one; also the North West Quarter of Section twenty-one; also the North half of the North half of the South West Quarter of Section twenty-one, and the North half of Section thirty, all in Township eighteen North, Range one east of the Third Principal Meridian, in the County of Macon and State of Illinois, be attached and made a part of the Illini Special Drainage District in the Counties of Macon and Logan and State of Illinois.

Your petitioners would further represent that the above described land is involved in the same system of drainage, and require for outlets the drains of said Special Drainage District, and that this petition is signed by a majority in number of the adult owners of land lying in said area of land sought to be attached to and made a part of said Illini Special Drainage District, and that they are the owners in the aggregate of more than one-third of the lands lying in the area proposed to be attached to said Illini Special Drainage District, and that they are the owners of the major part of the land and constitute one-third or more of the owners of the land proposed to be attached to and made a part of said Illini Special Drainage District. That hereunto annexed is a schedule, marked "Exhibit A" and forming a part of this petition, showing the names of the owners of the several tracts comprised in said proposed Drainage District, together with their postoffice address, so far as the same is known with a description of the tracts of land owned by each.

Said petitioners therefore pray that you, the said Drainage Commissioners, will proceed to enlarge the boundaries of the said Illini Special Drainage District in the Counties of Macon and Logan and State of Illinois and include in said Illini Special Drainage District the lands hereinbefore described, as desired by said petitioners and expressed in this petition.

Dated this 16th day of October, A. D., 1901.

George Weller.
A. J. Bradshaw.
J. S. Barry.
John Rau.
W. W. Heft.
Geo. Johnston.
Lenord Hellman.
George Hellman.
H. H. Hoover, as trustee for Sec. 16, T. 18, R. 1, E., Macon Co., Ills.
Henry Helserman.
Clora E. Helserman.
Oma Heft.
L. E. Rogers.
Henry Hellman.
L. S. Kerwod.
J. E. Klick.
M. J. Davison.
Emma J. Heft.
C. W. Rogers.
F. B. Rogers.
Jacob Helserman.
S. R. Nowlin.
Henry Rau as trustee for Sec. 16, T. 18, R. 1, E., Macon County, Ill.
W. W. Heft as trustee for Section 16, T. 18, R. 1 E., Macon Co., Ill."

"EXHIBIT A."

All lands hereinafter described are situated in Township 18 North, Range 1 East of the 3rd P. M. in Macon County and State of Illinois.

Wm. Heft, North East Quarter of Section 16, 160 Acres, Maroa, Ill.

Henry Rau, South half of Section 16, 320 Acres, Latham, Ill.

H. H. Hoover, Maroa, Ill.

Lenora Hellman, East half of North West Quarter Section 17, 80 Acres, Maroa, Ill.

Wm. Heft, West half of North West Quarter, Section 17, 80 Acres, Maroa, Ill.

Ida A. Aler, North West Quarter of North West Quarter of Section 17, 40 Acres, Unknown.

Olive M. House, South West Quarter of North West Quarter of Section 17, 40 Acres, Unknown.

Vivian M. Aler, South East Quarter of North West Quarter of Section 17, 40 Acres, Unknown.

Henry Helserman, North East Quarter of South West Quarter, of Section 17, 40 Acres, Maroa, Ill.

Wm. Heft, North West Quarter of South West Quarter of Section 17, 40 Acres, Maroa, Ill.

Henry Helserman, West Half of South West Quarter of South West Quarter of Section 17, 20 Acres, Maroa, Ill.

Clora E. Helserman, East Half of South West Quarter of South West Quarter of Section 17, 20 Acres, Maroa, Ill.

Foster S. Heft, West Half of South East Quarter of South West Quarter of Section 17, 20 Acres, Maroa, Ill.

Oma Heft, East Half of South East Quarter of South West Quarter of Section 17, 20 Acres, Maroa, Ill.

T. C. Hoaglin, West Half of South East Quarter of Section 17, 80 Acres, Maroa Ill.

J. A. Nowlin, East Half of South East Quarter of Section 17, 80 Acres, Des Moines, Iowa.

David Patterson, North East Quarter of Section 18, 160 Acres, Decatur, Ill.

David Patterson, South West Quarter of Section 18, 192 Acres, Decatur, Ill.

David Patterson, West Half of South East Quarter of Section 18, 80 Acres, Decatur, Ill.

George Hellman, East Half of South East Quarter of Section 18, 80 Acres, Maroa, Ill.

George Johnston, North East Quarter of Section 19, 160 Acres, Maroa Ill.

David Patterson, Lot 1, West Half of Section 19, 35.80 Acres, Decatur, Ill.

John Johnston, Lot 2, West Half of Section 19, 73.58 Acres, Latham, Ill.

John Johnston, Lot 3, West Half of Section 19, 32 Acres, Latham, Ill.

John Johnston, Lot 4, West Half Section 19, 30.40 Acres, Latham, Ill.

A. J. Bradshaw, Lot 5, West Half of Section 19, 46.95 Acres, Latham, Ill.

A. J. Bradshaw, Lot 6, West Half Section 19, 93.00 Acres, Latham, Ill.

A. J. Bradshaw, South East Quarter of Section 19, 160 Acres, Latham, Ill.

S. R. Nowlin, East Half of North East Quarter of Section 20, 80 Acres, Maroa, Ill.

T. C. Hoaglin, North West Quarter of North East Quarter of Section 20, 40 Acres, Maroa, Ill.

George Hellman, South West Quarter of North East Quarter of Section 20, 40 Acres, Maroa, Ill.

Lenord Hellman, North East Quarter of North West Quarter of Section 20, 40 Acres, Maroa, Ill.

Henry Hellman, North West Quarter of North West Quarter of Section 20, 40 Acres, Maroa, Ill.

Henry Hellman, South Half of North West Quarter of Section 20, 80 Acres, Maroa, Ill.

J. S. Kerwod, North Half of South West Quarter of Section 20, 80 Acres, Latham, Ill.

Jacob Helserman, South Half of South West Quarter of Section 20, 80 Acres, Mt. Pulaski, Ill.

John Rau, North Half of South West Quarter of Section 20, 80 Acres, Maroa, Ill.

John Rau, South West Quarter of South East Quarter of Section 20, 40 Acres, Maroa, Ill.

Martha Davison, South East Quarter of the South East Quarter of Section 20, 40 Acres, Latham, Ill.

John Rogers, North Half of North East Quarter of Section 21, 80 Acres, Decatur, Ill.

William Rogers, Maroa, Ill.

Emma Heft, Maroa, Ill.

Louis Rogers, North Half of North West Quarter of Section 21 and Acres, Maroa, Ill.

John Rogers, North Half of South Half of North West Quarter of Section 21, 40 Acres, Decatur, Ill.

Frederick Rogers, Latham, Ill.

Rachael Rogers, Maroa, Ill.

Ernest Klick, South Half of South Half of North West Quarter of Section 21, 40 Acres, Latham, Ill.

Ernest Klick, North Half of North Half of South West Quarter of Section 21, 40 Acres, Latham, Ill.

George Weller, North East Quarter Section 29, 160 Acres, Mt. Pulaski, Ill.

J. S. Barry, North West Quarter Section 29, 160 Acres, Latham, Ill.

A. J. Bradshaw, North Half of Section 30, 341.51 Acres, Latham, Ill.

THE DEATH ROLL

In Detroit Disaster Reaches a Total of Twenty Nine

Detroit

Jewelry for Christmas

gifts are best selected now We have the very largest and best selected stock of jewelry in Illinois, embracing all the new up-to-date ideas one may wish for. Now is the time to come in, make your selections and have them laid away.

A CHRISTMAS GIFT

bought from this store is always appreciated, for the one receiving it knows it is good when it is from Post's. Every article we sell is put up in first class shape, and the goods fully warranted both by us and the manufacturers.

1000 Gold Watches

TO SELECT FROM

Ranging in price from $6.50 to $150. We have cheaper ones from $1.00 up, all made and warranted by the makers. Also bearing our own guarantee.

IT IS A PLEASURE TO SHOW GOODS

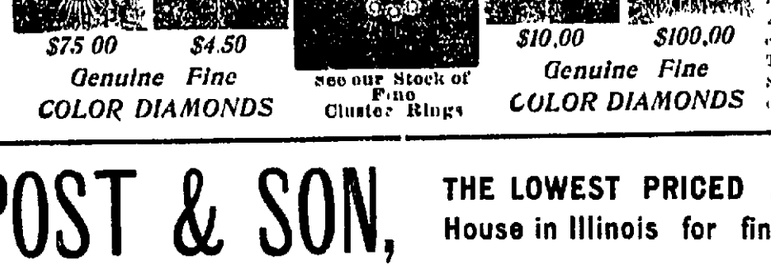
There is nothing that will compare with a diamond for a gift. It lasts always

DIAMONDS

Our stock of Diamonds is equal to those shown in larger cities. We guarantee the price. Your money back if you want it.

UMBRELLAS

We are this year showing a stock of very fine ones, mounted with Silver and gold. Extra fine goods at reasonable Prices.



$75 00 $4.50 Genuine Fine COLOR DIAMONDS

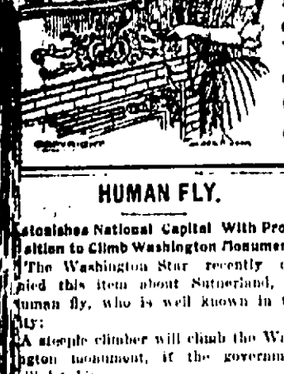
See our Stock of Fine Cluster Rings

$10.00 $100.00 Genuine Fine COLOR DIAMONDS

CUT GLASS

We are the leaders for fine American cut glass. The Largest Stock at Lowest Prices.

VISITORS ALWAYS WELCOME.



300 CLOCKS

All the best makes. We have and sell more clocks than all other dealers in Central Illinois combined. Good 8-day clocks from $2.50 up. We make a specialty of clocks suitable for gifts. Our $8.00 marbleized iron clock is a great bargain.

H. POST & SON,

THE LOWEST PRICED JEWELRY House in Illinois for fine goods.

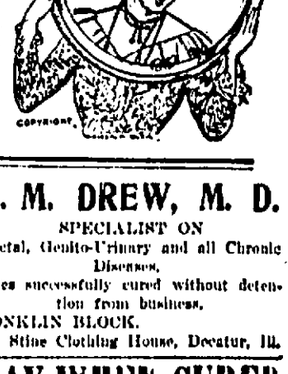
4000 SOLID GOLD RINGS

for you to select from. All nice, new, bright goods.

No old out of date stuff. We have just stocked from the largest and best ring makers of the world. Every ring sold from this store is warranted

SOLID GOLD

PRICES 50c TO $300.



HUMAN FLY.

Astonishes National Capital With Proposition to Climb Washington Monument

The Washington Star recently commented this item about Sutherland, the human fly, who is well known in this city:

A steeple climber will climb the Washington monument, if the government will let him.

His name is F. Sutherland, and he will use "suction" gloves and shoes. He proposes to go right up the smooth outside stone wall of the monument to the apex, 550 feet high.

Sutherland astonished officials of the postoffice department by putting on his shoes and gloves and running up the wall of the high room.

Chief Clerk Taylor of the police department will lay before Postmaster General Smith a proposition to have Sutherland scale the walls of the tower of the postoffice building and erect a flag-staff to carry the time ball which now falls each day exactly at noon on the state, war and navy building, announcing to the country the official time by the meridian at Washington.

Sutherland is known better in Europe than in the United States.

He has made nearly fifty of the highest climbs in the world.

He erected the pole and halyards and raised the American flag on the Eiffel tower.

He scaled the spires of the cathedral at Cologne, Germany, and climbed outside the chemical works stack at Glasgow, one of the tallest chimneys in the world.

He has climbed the steeples at St. Patrick's cathedral and Trinity church, New York, the dome of St. Paul's cathedral, London.

He was formerly a sailor in the American navy.

HOLIDAY GIFTS.

Simple Requirements That Should Be Observed in Mailing Them.

In mailing holiday gifts much annoyance and delay may be avoided by a knowledge of the following simple requirements of the postoffice department:

Gifts sent by mail, as a rule, consist of two classes Third and Fourth.

Third-class mail matter Photographs, printed books, engravings; rate of postage, one cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

Fourth-class mail matter Merchandise, except liquids, unless securely confined, or articles of such form as may injure mail pouches or their contents. Rate of postage, one cent for each ounce or fraction thereof.

Valuable packages of third or fourth class matter should be registered to secure it against loss in the mails. The cost of registering is 8 cents in addition to the necessary postage.

Upon matter of the Third or Fourth class, or upon the wrapper or envelope, inclosing the same, or upon the tag or label attached thereto, the sender may write his own name, occupation and residence or business address, preceded by the word "from"; or he may write on package a request to postmaster to notify sender of package if not delivered.

Written words other than the foregoing on the outside or inside of Third or Fourth class matter will subject the same to letter postage.

The affixing of a special delivery 10 cent stamp, in addition to postage, will entitle the package to special delivery at non-carrier offices or within the limits of the carrier routes at carrier offices.

Priceless Timber

There is a timber grove just outside of the city limits of Danville that apparently money cannot buy. It is known as the Makemson walnut grove, and is considered the most valuable grove of its kind in the country. Aside from timber men of this country who have attempted to possess it, a man from Germany tried to buy it last year, but the offer was refused. One lumber man recently offered $150 for a single tree, but Mr. Makemson declined to accept it.

Great Luck of An Editor.

"For two years all efforts to cure Eczema in the palms of my hands failed," writes Editor H. N. Lester of Syracuse, Kas., "then I was wholly cured by Bucklen's Arnica Salve." It's the world's best for Eruptions, Sores and all skin diseases. Only 25c at J. E. King, N. L. Krone and H. W. Bell.

REV. PEABODY'S

Thanksgiving Day Sermon at St. John's Episcopal Church.

HOW THE DAY IS OBSERVED

A large congregation attended the Thanksgiving services at St. John's church Thursday morning. Special music was furnished by the full Episcopal choir and a carefully prepared sermon was delivered by the rector, Rev. Douglas C. Peabody. The order of the service was as follows:

Processional "Our Father's God to Thee," Carey. Te Deum, Jubilate Deo, Dykes in F.

Harvest hymn "Come, Ye Thankful people, Come," Sir George Elvey.

Anthem—"Praise the Lord, O, Jerusalem," J. H. Maunder.

Sermon by the rector, Rev. D. C. Peabody.

Processional "God of Our Fathers, Whose Almighty Hand," G. W. Warren.

Mr. Peabody took his text from Proverbs iii., 9 and 10 "Honor the Lord with thy substance, and with the first fruits of all thine increase. So shall thy barns be filled with plenty and the presses shall burst out with new wine," and he spoke somewhat as follows:

"In observing the day of Thanksgiving set apart and observed by the church, how few people there are in this our land who look upon it in any other light than as a day appointed and set aside by the civil authorities. However, it is the Thanksgiving of the church as well as of the nation.

HOW IT DIFFERS.

The manner of its observance differs as much as the manners and customs of the different parts of the country differ. In New England it is the great family gathering day. In the northwest it is the great national pleasure day. In the south it is the day of hunting, frolics, fishing parties and picnics. Yet there is another way in which it is kept which has commended itself very dearly to many thinking and devout minded persons. By them it is conceded that it is not simply a day on which we are to gather our families about us and 'eat, drink and be merry,' although all these acts performed as they should be, can be made acceptable in the Father's sight."

Here Mr. Peabody referred to the family gathering, the home-coming and drew out the teaching contained in the two great words, "home" and "mother." He also referred to the self-sufficient attitude of Nebuchadnezzar when he acknowledged his satisfaction with the great city of Babylon and to the self-righteous Pharisee giving thanks that he was 'not as this man,' and said that this attitude was not that of true thanksgiving.

ITS HISTORY.

In speaking of the history of the day of Thanksgiving, Rev. Peabody in part said:

"We first read of a day of thanksgiving being kept by the citizens of Leyden, Holland, in 1575, on the first anniversary of the relief of their city from a long siege. The Pilgrim church which went to Holland before it came to this country kept a day of feasting and prayer in 1608. In 1620 they sent the Mayflower colony to New England. After the first harvest of the colonists at Plymouth Governor Bradford of Massachusetts sent out four men fowling, so that, according to the old records, 'they might after a more special manner rejoice together.' In July, 1623, a day of fasting and prayer was appointed on account of drouth. Rain came abundantly while they prayed and the governor appointed a day of thanksgiving. From that time till the revolution the observance of a day of thanksgiving instead of a fast day became more general throughout the New England states. During the revolution Thanksgiving was a national institution, being annually recommended by congress.

"After the general thanksgiving for peace in 1784 there was no national appointment until 1789 when President Washington by request of congress recommended a day of thanksgiving on account of the adoption of the constitution. Washington appointed another day of thanksgiving in 1795 for the suppression of insurrection. The official recommendation for the observance of Thanksgiving was mainly confined to New England where each governor appointed his own day.

"The Book of Common Prayer of the Church which was ratified and confirmed in 1789 has a regular prescribed service appointed to be used for the day of prayer and thanksgiving. In the preface it is recommended to be used upon the first Thursday in November unless some other day should be set apart by the authorities."

Mr. Peabody went on to say that the whole idea was taken from the old Jewish Festival of Tabernacles, which lasted seven days and was one of the three great feasts of the Jewish year. At this festival all the people were expected to appear for worship in the temple and to present the first fruits of their increase to the Lord. In conclusion he said:

"We all owe a service of worship and tithes; giving into the treasury of the Lord the first fruits and the increase with which the Lord has blessed us."

SOCIETY IN LINCOLN

Courier Hints at Two Local Sensations About Ready to Explode.

The Daily Courier of Lincoln on Wednesday hinted broadly at two sensations which are about to be sprung in that city:

There will be an explosion before long which will be a worse sensation than the case in Tennessee, where one young lady conceived a strange infatuation for another lady. This case exists in Lincoln and has been watched very closely for a long time past. One of the young ladies is so distressed that her health is failing. The other does not seem to realize that she is committing a wrong, and perhaps is not. Time will tell. The Courier hopes there will come a change soon.

Attorneys have been engaged and instructed to begin suit against a woman for offenses committed the past two years. This particular person, like a number of her sex, has a long, loose tongue, which is constantly wagging, and she is saying bad things of persons whom she dislikes. As the offender has a limited quantity of property, she may have to pay dearly for her meddlesome propensities. The suit may be filed for the January term of the circuit court.

WHAT THE MISSION DID.

Gave Baskets to the Poor and the Sick—Demand Was Not Large.

Yesterday the Rescue Mission sent out thirty baskets filled with things good for a Thanksgiving dinner. Three baskets were sent to persons who were needy and deserving. In several instances baskets were sent to persons who were not needy, but who were in ill health and the gift was not one of charity, but one of sympathy. The demand this year for aid was not nearly so great as it was last year, when seventy-one baskets were sent out. The pupils of the public schools contributed not a little to make these gifts possible but did not give as much as last year. That is true because the demand upon their generosity was not as urgent as last year.

Byrd Davis contributed the rig to deliver the goods. Hind, the livery man, contributes in large part to the expense of moving the mission from the Woman's Club building to the room in the Millikin building, on Main street.

Spreads Like Wildfire.

When things are "the best" they become "the best selling." Abraham Hare, a leading druggist of Belleville, O., writes: "Electric Bitters are the best selling bitters I have handled in twenty years." You know why? Most diseases begin in disorders of stomach, liver, kidneys, bowel, blood and nerves. Electric Bitters tones up the stomach, regulates liver, kidneys, and bowels, purifies the blood, strengthens the nerves, hence cures multitudes of maladies. It builds up the entire system. Puts new life and vigor into any weak, sickly, run-down man or woman. Price 50c. Sold by J. E. King, N. L. Krone and W. H. Bell.

A blessing in disguise usually has a hard time proving its identity.

SHORT SESSION

Teachers Will Meet at Springfield During the Holidays.

FEATURES OF THE MEETING

Preparations for the forty-eighth annual meeting of the Illinois State Teachers' association are nearly complete and the program of the sessions which will be held, as is customary, in the state capitol building at Springfield, will be issued in a few days. Owing to the fact that Christmas this year falls on Wednesday it has been decided to have but a short meeting. The opening session will be held on Thursday evening, December 26, and the closing meeting on Friday evening, December 27. The section meetings will be held on Friday afternoon. There will be a general session held on Friday morning.

For the first time in the history of the association the executive committee has been able to secure from nearly all the railroads a concession of one fare for the round trip from points in Illinois. The roads that have agreed to this include the Wabash, the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific, the Chicago & Great Western, the Illinois Central, the Chicago & Eastern Illinois and the Louisville & Nashville through their Wabash connections. The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad offers a one and one-third fare rate for the round trip from points within a radius of 100 miles from Springfield, and a one fare rate for the round trip for points outside. The hotel rates will be the same as in former years. The headquarters of the association will be at the Leland hotel.

Governor Richard Yates has promised to be present at the opening session and make the address of welcome. He will be followed by the president, David Felmley, president Illinois State Normal university, Normal, Ill. The principal address of the evening will be by Charles F. Thwing, president of Western Reserve University, on "The Teacher: A Force in Civilization."

At the general session to be held on Friday evening the speaker will be Lawrence Y. Sherman, speaker of the lower house of the general assembly. His subject will be "The School System and the State."

At the third general session on Friday morning, the subject for discussion will be "Should the Public School Offer Special Training for Special Callings." The speakers will be Dr. Edmund J. James, dean of the University Extension Center of the University of Chicago, and ex-Congressman Geo. E. Adams, Chicago.

The county superintendents, at the meeting of their section will discuss the teaching of agriculture in the country schools.

Owing to the short time allowed for the convention the college and high school sections will meet together. "The Small High School," will be discussed by Professor S. D. Brooks of the University of Illinois. A report of the committee on greater uniformity in college entrance requirements will be made by the chairman, Professor S. A. Forbes, of the University of Illinois.

Frank H. Hall, superintendent of the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Blind; Miss Florence Holbrook, principal of the Forrestville school, Chicago; and Superintendent Clendenin of Cairo will be speakers in the primary section. Charles C. Krauskopf of the child study department of the Chicago schools will read a paper before the child study section on "Hearing Defects in School Children," and Dr. J. C. Gordon and Superintendent Frank Hall of the Jacksonville institution for the blind will discuss the deaf and deaf-blind types of the subnormal child.

The officers of the State Illinois State Teachers' association for 1901, are as follows:

President—David Felmley, President Illinois State Normal University, Normal, Ill.

Vice President—Walter R. Kinsey, superintendent Perry county schools.

Secretary—Joel M. Bowlby, Carbondale.

Treasurer—J. M. Frost, Hinsdale.

Railroad Secretary—Edward C. Rosseter, Medill High school, Chicago.

Executive Committee—E. G. Conley, superintendent of schools, Chicago; Miss Elizabeth L. Howes, Decatur; Henry W. Shryock, Illinois Normal university.

Charged With Grand Larceny

Clarence Gara was arrested last night at the Illinois Central and locked up on a charge of grand larceny. He will have a hearing tomorrow. Bruce Crosthwait was in the barber shop on West Jefferson street last evening. When he got ready to leave he discovered that his overcoat, which he had paid $20 for a few weeks ago, was gone. Suspicion was directed to Gara. It was learned that he intended going to Decatur last night. The police were notified and went to the Central station. Gara was not there. When the train for Decatur pulled in the officers got on and went through but could not find him. Sergeant Norman walked down to Grove street and there found Gara. He had no coat and said he did not have any. A search of the train located the coat a couple of seats back of Gara's grip. He was brought to the station and locked up. Gara has been in the courts before on a charge of wife abandonment. —Bloomington Pantagraph.

THANKSGIVING SHOOT

Marksmen Break Targets and Kill Pigeons in Seventeen Good Matches.

The marksmen of the city and vicinity assembled at the Ammann brick yard yesterday and put in the day shooting at targets and live birds. There was a better attendance than on the opening day and the shooting was of a better grade. Some fine scores were made. They follow:

Event 1, ten blue rocks—VanGundy 7, Harpstrite 9, Cadwallader 9, Jones 7, G. Keller 9, L. Keller 8, Lyons 7, Squires 7.

Event 2, ten blue rocks—VanGundy 10, Jones 9, Cadwallader 10, G. Keller 8, Harpstrite 9, L. Keller 9, Lyons 8, Squires 7.

Event 3, fifteen blue rocks—VanGundy 8, Jones 12, Cadwallader 12, Harpstrite 11, G. Keller 13, L. Keller 14, Lyons 10, Squires 12.

Event 4, ten blue rocks—VanGundy 10, G. Keller 9, Cadwallader 10, Harpstrite 9, Jones 8, L. Keller 9, Lyons 7, Squires 6, Belford 7, Mich 1, Mullers 8.

Event 5, ten blue rocks—VanGundy 9, G. Keller 10, Cadwallader 8, Harpstrite 8, Jones 10, L. Keller 3, Squires 10, Lyons 2, Belford 7, Mullers 6.

Event 6, twenty blue rocks—Jones 18, VanGundy 16, Cadwallader 15, Harpstrite 18, G. Keller 16, Mullers 12, L. Keller 18, Squires 14, Lyons 17, Downing 10.

Event 7, ten blue rocks—Mullers 5, Downing 6, Glosser 7, Michael 6, Jones 10, Squires 6, L. Keller 9, Lyon 7, Harpstrite 6, VanGundy 9, G. Keller 9, Cadwallader 9, Belford 6.

Event 8, ten blue rocks—Lyons 9, L. Keller 9, Glosser 4, Downing 5, Mullers 6, Squires 7, Speer 9, Herman 8, Van Gundy 4, Harpstrite 10, Cadwallader 10, G. Keller 9, Jones 6.

Event 9, fifteen blue rocks—Harpstrite 11, VanGundy 10, Cadwallader 12, Jones 9, G. Keller 11, Herman 9, Speer 8, Belford 10, Mullers 7, Downing 6, Squires 12, Lyons 11, L. Keller 10.

Event 10, ten blue rocks—Mullers 4, Downing 2, Lyons 9, Squires 7, L. Keller 6, Harpstrite 8, VanGundy 7, Cadwallader 8, Jones 9, G. Keller 8.

Event 11, ten blue rocks—Mullers 10, Lyons 5, Squires 8, Belford 14, G. Keller 14, Harpstrite 11, Cadwallader 15, VanGundy 10, Jones 13.

Event 12, ten blue rocks—Herman 8, Mullers 4, Speer 8, L. Keller 7, Squires 6, Harpstrite 9, VanGundy 7, Cadwallader 10, Jones 8, Keller 8, Belford 8, Downing 5.

Event 13, ten blue rocks—Mullers 6, Herman 8, Speer 6, Squires 5, Rupert 10, Harpstrite 9, VanGundy 6, Cadwallader 10, Jones 9, G. Keller 10.

Event 14, fifteen blue rocks—Van Gundy 12, G. Keller 11, Cadwallader 12, Harpstrite 12, Jones 12, Rupert 12, Squires 11, Herman 13, L. Keller 15.

Event 15, ten blue rocks—Barnes 8, L. Keller 9, Keister 8, Rupert 7, Squires 6, Herman 10, Jones 9, Van Gundy 7, Cadwallader 10, Keller 9, Harpstrite 9.

Event 16, fifteen blue rocks—Herman 13, Keister 13, Barnes 11, Rupert 13, Squires 9, Jones 13, Harpstrite 12, Speer 14, Keller 11, VanGundy 14.

LIVE BIRDS—FIVE.

Mich	1	2	0	0	2
Keller	0	1	0	0	2
Rupert	2	2	2	2	5
Cadwallader	2	2	2	2	5
Squires	2	2	0	2	4
Herman	1	2	1	1	5
Keister	2	2	2	1	4
Speer	2	2	1	1	5

STATE SCHOOL'S GROWTH.

President Draper of U. of I. Writes of Its Agricultural Progress.

President A. S. Draper, of Champaign, contributed to the Sunday Tribune an interesting paper on the Growth of the University of Illinois. He said in part

"The growth in the college of agriculture has, in the number of students and in instructors, in offerings and equipment, been more marked than in the college of literature and arts. From a small affair without home or equipment, and almost without a teaching staff, it has suddenly come to have a sumptuous home, an elaborate equipment, and a staff of scientific and practical teachers unsurpassed in the country. The consummation long desired by alliance associated with the university, has been brought about through the wisdom and energy of the different agricultural associations of Illinois acting in hearty and healthful co-operation. The student registration in the college of agriculture this year is 185; five years ago it was thirty. The number of teachers in technical agriculture is thirty-one; five years ago it was eight. The work is being projected into everything that concerns farm life and that can add potentially to the soil in which Illinois has already found her chief wealth.

"Of the great and enduring benefit which the work of the college of agriculture is to bestow upon the life and the economic interests of the state there can be no doubt. But it will take no little time to bring this work to the fullest fruition because of the unpreparedness of students. The number of students who want to take the work of the college of agriculture is small, but the number who can matriculate and pursue its work regularly, and thus advantageously, is limited. And the number will continue to be limited until the farmers' children of Illinois have legal rights to high school privileges. Enthusiastic advocates, an interested and sympathetic state, and capable teachers are laying adequate foundations for higher agricultural education in Illinois, but the largest measure of college usefulness to the people will not be reached until there is a state system of township high schools open to the sons and daughters of all farmers of the state and capable of doing for them the work preparatory for the college of agriculture.

In the last five years the number of instructors at the University of Illinois has increased from 108 to 321, and the student body from 855 to 3000. This bare statement is really but a slight indication of the multiplication and intensification of university activities.

This rapid evolution at the university of the state could not have been except for continually increased state appropriations. These have enabled us to erect new buildings every year until we now have twenty of them devoted to instructional work. Appropriations have been liberal, because popular sentiment sustained legislators in voting them. Popular sentiment has favored us because we have got our money's worth when we have used money, because we strive to keep the expenses of the students at a minimum, because we believe that there is no less mental discipline in work which relates to men and women who are living than those who are dead, and because the people of Illinois want a university of their own, and one quite as good and as strong as that of any other state in the Union.

Astounding Discovery.

From Coopersville, Mich., comes word of a wonderful discovery of a pleasant tasting liquid that when used before retiring by any one troubled with a bad cough, always ensures a good night's rest. "It will soon cure the cough, too," writes Mrs. S. Himelburger, "for three generations our family have used Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and never found its equal for Coughs and Colds." It's an unrivaled life-saver when used for desperate lung diseases. Guaranteed bottles 50c and $1.00 at J. E. King, N. L. Krone and H. W. Bell. Trial bottles free.

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Antlers Hotel, Taylorville, Dec. 25.

Clinton, Me Gill House, Dec. 26.

DR. ARTHUR names and locates diseases and weaknesses without asking questions and will guarantee a cure or NO PAY in all curable cases.

SPECIALTIES—Chronic Disease of the Lungs, Heart, Stomach, Kidneys, Bowels, Bladder and Blood, Rheumatism, Catarrh and associate diseases, Sexual Weakness, Varicocele, Emissions, Atrophy, Physical Decline and all Wasting Nervous Troubles of the Genito Urinary Organs of Men.

If impossible to call, write for testimonials, question blanks, etc.

Arthur Medical Dispensary, Postoffice Drawer 676, Chicago, Ill.

Agriculture Along the Yukon.

The outlook for gardening and some agriculture in the cold interior region of Alaska, along the Yukon is made quite encouraging by official reports recently received at the United States Department of Agriculture at Washington. Prof. C. C. Georgeson, who is in charge of the Alaska experiment stations, has spent the summer in the interior and along the Yukon Valley, visiting the experiment station established by the Department of Agriculture last year at Rampart, just outside the Arctic Circle, and other points where experiments were arranged for. Good gardens were found all along the route, especially at Eagle City and Holy Cross mission. Although the season was unusually late this year, new potatoes, cabbage, cauliflower, beets, and other vegetables were ready for the table before the middle of August, and lettuce, radishes and turnips grown in the open had been in use for some weeks. Flower gardens containing a large variety of annuals grown from seed furnished last year were in full bloom. At the station at Rampart, rye, seeded the previous fall, wintered perfectly and was ripe in July. Spring-seeded barley had ripened about the middle of August, and there was quite a prospect for oats and wheat to mature.

Extensive areas of excellent land were found on the Lower Yukon upon which there was an abundant and often luxuriant growth of grasses over six feet in height. The abundant moisture and long days during the summer months account for the surprising luxuriance of vegetation in that far north region.

One of Prof. Georgeson's assistants will make a trip overland from the Yukon valley to Prince William Sound, taking the trail from Eagle City. This will afford opportunity for a reconnoissance of that region, which is reported to contain large tracts of land well suited to agriculture. A report of this trip and of the season's operations of the Alaska stations as a whole will be submitted to congress in the early winter.—Scientific American.

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